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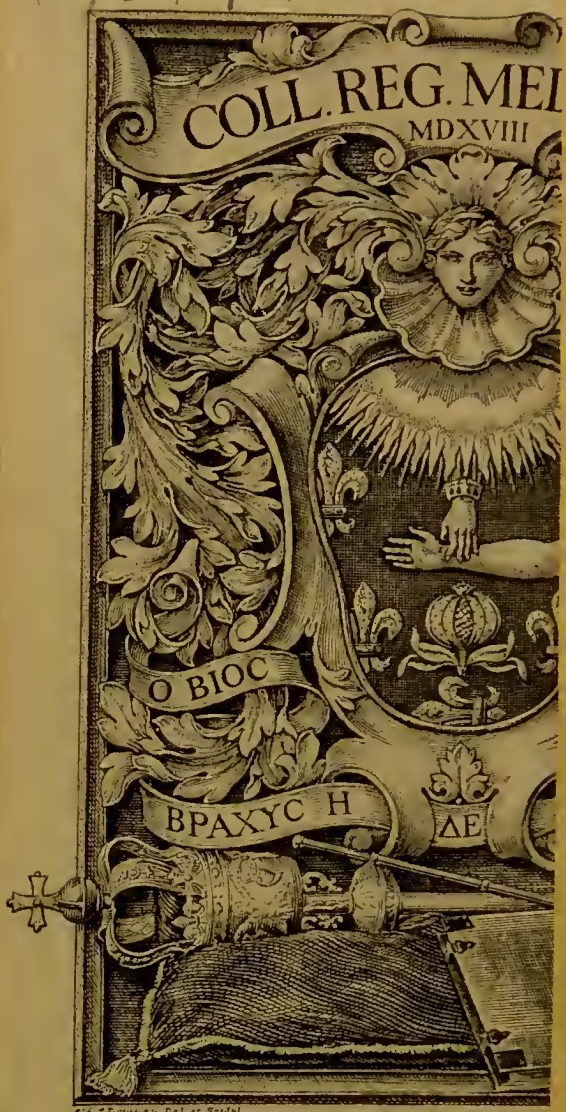

A

Pocket Conspectus

OF THE

LONDON AND EDINBURGH

PHARMACOPŒIAS:

Wherein the VIRTUES, USES, and DOSES, of the ſeveral ARTICLES and PREPARATIONS contained in thoſe Works, are conciſely ſtated; their PRONUNCIATION, as to Quantity, is diſtinctly marked; and a Variety of other Particulars reſpecting them given, calculated more eſpecially for the Uſe of Junior Practitioners.

By ROBERT GRAVES, *M. D.*

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Second Edition, corrected and improved.

LONDON:

Printed for J. MURRAY and S. HIGHLEY,

N°. 32, Fleet-Street.

1799.

PRICE THREE SHILLINGS.

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ROYAL COLLEGE OF PHYSICIANS OF LONDON

TO

SIR GEORGE BAKER, BART.

PHYSICIAN IN ORDINARY TO THEIR

MAJESTIES;

PRESIDENT OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE

OF PHYSICIANS,

FELLOW OF THE ROYAL SOCIETY

AND OF THE

SOCIETY OF ANTIQUARIANS IN LONDON,

AND

HONORARY FELLOW OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE

OF PHYSICIANS OF EDINBURGH,

&c. &c.

SIR,

THOUGH it muſt needs be no ſmall recommendation to this work, to obſerve, that it has received the honour of your approbation; yet, believe me, I am equally happy in an opportunity of thus paying a ſincere, though ſlender,

tribute to thoſe ſuperior profeſſional abilities, and elegant literary accompliſhments, which ſo particularly diſtinguiſh your character.

With great reſpect,

I remain, SIR,

Your moſt obedient

And obliged humble Servant,

ROBERT GRAVES.

Dorcheſter,
March 25, 1796.

PREFACE.

HAVING frequently experienced, in my early practice, the want of a publication like the present, it is natural to suppose there are many others, who must sometimes feel a similar inconvenience or disadvantage. To such medical practitioners, then, this little manual is chiefly offered; and to such, I trust, it will not prove altogether unacceptable. It may serve at least, often to supply the exigencies of the moment, and may even save, on some occasions, the trouble of referring to larger works.

It will be perceived, that I have followed the example of Dr. Latham, in marking the proper and established measure of several words. This, it is obvious, has not been done without reason, since the pronunciation of some even of our most common technical terms is sometimes, either from ignorance or custom, barbarously perverted.

That I stand entitled equally to indulgence, in having also subjoined to a number of words their respective genders and genitive cases, may, indeed, be doubted. To the young physician, however, who happens, as yet, to be familiar with but few

of

of the ſeveral medicinal ſubſtances employed, thoſe additions cannot fail of being acceptable; eſpecially when he conſiders the timely aid which, on certain occaſions, they may be found capable of affording.

With regard to the doſes of medicines it is proper to remark, that they are meant for adults, where the contrary is not particularly expreſſed. Hence for children a reduction of the quantity ſpecified will be neceſſary, proportioned to their different ages; to which, perhaps, ſome practitioners may find themſelves inadequate, without ſome general rule, or principle to direct their calculation. For the uſe of ſuch, therefore, a ſuitable table has been drawn up, and prefixed to this work, as will be immediately hereafter ſeen. But this, it is to be underſtood, is intended only to ſupply the deficiency now mentioned; the circumſtances attending diſeaſes being often ſuch as will render deviations requiſite, for which no ſufficient rules can conveniently be given, and which therefore muſt be left to the ſkill, judgment, and obſervation of the preſcriber.

THE following TABLE is designed to shew the doses of medicines proper for persons of different ages: thus supposing one dram of any medicine a sufficient dose for an adult, that is, for one of twenty-one years of age, then other ages will require as follows.

Ages.	Common Dose ʒj.	Proportionate Doses.
Weeks 7	- - - - $\frac{1}{15}$	- - Gr. iv.
Months 7	- - - - $\frac{1}{12}$	- - Gr. v.
14	- - - - $\frac{1}{8}$	- - Gr. vijs.
28	- - - - $\frac{1}{5}$	- - Gr. xij.
Years $3\frac{1}{2}$	- - - - $\frac{1}{4}$	- - Gr. xv.
5	- - - - $\frac{1}{3}$	- - ℈j.
7	- - - - $\frac{1}{2}$	- - ʒs.
14	- - - - $\frac{2}{3}$	- - ℈ij.
21	Common Dose.	- - ʒj.
63	- - - - $\frac{11}{12}$	- - Gr. lv.
77	- - - - $\frac{5}{6}$	- - ℈ijs.
100	- - - - $\frac{4}{6}$	- - ℈ij.

EXPLANATIONS.

1. Thoſe articles and preparations, to which the Italic capital *L.* is ſubjoined, are inſerted in the London pharmacopeia, but not in the Edinburgh; thoſe, to which *E.* is ſubjoined, are to be found in the Edinburgh pharmacopeia, but not in the London; and ſuch as have no diſtinguiſhing mark, though taken from the pharmacopeia of the London college, may be conſidered as common to both.

2. The ſmall Roman letters, encloſed within a parentheſis, denote the gender and genitive caſe of the word immediately preceding.

3. The Italic capital *P.* annexed to ſome of the fluid ingredients in the officinal compoſitions, ſignifies that the quantities of ſuch fluid articles are ordered to be adjuſted by weight, after the ſame manner as ſolids, and not by meaſure, as is the caſe with fluids in other inſtances.

ERRATA.

Page 45, line 24, for *and* read *ad.*
—— 51, —— 21, for *quanity* read *quantity.*
—— 53, —— 25, for *and* read *ad.*
—— 69, —— 24, for *damacena* read *damaſcena.*

A

POCKET CONSPECTUS, &c.

ABRŌTŎNUM, (i, n.) *folium*. Southernwood. Tonic, ſlightly aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj, bis terve die. In infuſion ʒj to water ℔j. In clyſters vermifuge.

ABSINTHĬUM (i, n.) MARĬTĬMUM, *cacūmen*. Sea wormwood. *L*. Tonic, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Cons*. Externally in fomentations diſcutient. See *Decoct*. In ſtrength it is much inferior to common wormwood.

ABSINTHĬUM VULGĀRE, *herba*. Common wormwood. Tonic, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ℈ij. In infuſion ʒvj to water ℔j. In clyſters vermifuge. In fomentations diſcutient, antiſeptic.

ACETŌSA (æ, f.) PRATENSIS, *folium*. Meadow-ſorrel. Cooling, reſtringent, juice ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die.

ACĒTUM, (i. n.) Vinegar. Cooling, antiſeptic, diaphoretic; in bilious fevers, ſingultus, &c. ʒj ad ℥ſs. See *Syr*. Externally cooling, aſtringent. Vinegar, proof-ſpirit, each ℔ſs, alum ʒij, form a good

application for chilblains, and for certain diseases of the knee and other joints.

ACĒTUM AROMATĬCUM. *E.* (*Rorismarini, salviæ, sing.* ℥ij; *lavendulæ* ℥j; *caryoph. aromat.* ʒj; *aceti vini, p.* ℔iv. Macerate four days, and filter the expressed liquor through paper.) Antiseptic.—This is an elegant improvement of what has been long known under the name of *Thieves' vinegar.*

ACĒTUM DISTILLĀTUM. Virtues as common vinegar.

ACĒTUM SCILLÆ. (*Scill. recens exsic.* ʒj; *aceti* ℥j; *spir. vin. ten.* ʒ⅔.) Attenuant, expectorant, diuretic, gt. xv ad gt. lx.

ACĬDUM ACETŌSUM. *L.* Antiseptic, &c. ℈j ad ʒj. This is radical vinegar as it is called, and is often used for smelling to in faintings.

ACĬDUM MURIĀTĬCUM. Stimulant, corroborant, antiseptic, diuretic, gt. x ad gt. xl, properly diluted. Also to acidulate gargles, gt. xxx in ℔ss; and by way of injection, gt. viij to water ℥iv, in cases of gonorrhœa where the scalding of the urine proves troublesome. Common salt ℥ss, water ℥iv, muriatic acid ʒij,—of this a tea-spoonful, or two, taken in a glass of water, Dr. Cullen says, he has found useful in improving appetite, and frequently in stopping vomiting.

ACĬDUM NITRŌSUM. Tonic, diuretic, gt. v ad gt. xx, largely diluted. Of late the nitrous acid, to the amount of ʒj or ʒij in twenty-four hours, has been very generally tried in syphilis, and sometimes with astonishing success, where mercury had been freely,

yet

yet ineffectually, employed, and the conſtitution greatly enfeebled from it. Diluted with water, in the proportion of ʒj to ℔j, and covered with ſugar, it ſhould be taken at intervals, ſucked through a glaſs tube, or quill.

Acĭdum nitrōsum dilūtum. (*Acidi nitroſi, aquæ diſt. ſing.* p. ℔j.) Virtues as the former; but has little more than a third its ſtrength.

Acĭdum vitrĭŏli aromatĭcum. *E.* (*Spir. vin. rect.* p. ℔ij; *acidi vitriolici*, p. ʒvj; *cinnamomi* ʒiſs; *zingiberis* ʒj. Drop the acid gradually into the ſpirit, and digeſt the mixture with a very gentle heat, in a cloſe veſſel, three days, then add the cinnamon and ginger; digeſt again ſix days, and filter through paper placed in a glaſs funnel.) Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. xv ad gt. xl, or more.

Acĭdum vitrĭolĭcum. In the cure of the itch, Dr. Duncan has employed of late hog's lard ʒj, mixed with vitriolic acid ʒſs, in lieu of ſulphur.

Acĭdum vitrĭolĭcum dilūtum. (*Acidi vitriol.* p. ʒj; *aquæ diſt.* p. ʒviij.) Cooling, aſtringent, ſtomachic, gt. xv ad gt. xxx, or more. In chronic eruptions, ʒſs ad ʒiij, or more, ter die, largely diluted in barley decoction, thick gruel, or the like. Alſo in colliquative ſweats it has been given to a great extent. In gargles aſtringent, antiſeptic, gt. xxx ad gt. xl, or more, in ℔ſs.

Aconītum, (i, n.) *herba*. Blue wolf's-bane. Anodyne, ſudorific, acrid, deobſtruent; in chronic rheumatiſm, ſcrofulous ſwellings, venereal nodes, amauroſis, &c. in powder gr. j ad gr. v, or more, bis terve

die; or, tincture made with dried leaves one part to ſix of proof-ſpirit, doſe gt. v gradually increaſed to gt. xl, or more. See *Succus*.

Ærūgo (gĭnis, f.) præpărāta. Verdigriſe. Alterative, tonic, gr. ⅛ ad gr. ½. Externally detergent, eſcharotic. See *Oxym.* & *Ung.*

Æther (ĕris, m.) vitrĭolĭcus. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx ad ʒij. Alſo externally againſt pains of the head, teeth, &c. with, or without camphor which commonly makes it more effectual.

Agarĭcus, (i, m.) Agaric of the oak. *E.* Externally to ſtop hemorrhages. Before being applied, the internal ſoft part is to be beaten, till it can be eaſily torn with the fingers.

Alkŏhol, (lis, n.) Stimulant, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. The ſpecific gravity of alkohol is to that of diſtilled water as ,815 to 1.

Allĭum, (i, n.) *radix*. Garlick. Stimulant, expectorant, diuretic; in cold leucophlegmatic habits, ʒj ad ʒij, or cloves ij ad vj dipped in oil, bis terve die. Externally applied, it inflames and often exulcerates the part.

Alŏë (es, f.) barbadensis. Barbadoes aloes. Seldom employed; yet Dr. Cullen doubts whether in quality it is any way inferior to the ſocotorine. It contains, indeed, more reſin than the ſocotorine, and leſs gum in which, it is ſaid, the purgative virtue of aloes reſides; hence it ſhould ſeem preferable where but little ſtimulus is required, and for external purpoſes.

ALŌĒ (es, f.) SOCOTORĪNA. Cathartic, anthelmin-thic, gr. x ad ℈j. Laxative, emmenagogue, stoma-chic, gr. ij. ad gr. iij, or more, bis die. See *Pil. Pulv. Tinct. & Vinum.*

ALTHÆA, (æ, f.) *radix, folium.* Marshmallow. Obtunding, emollient. See *Decoct. & Syr.*

ALŪMEN (ĭNIS, n.) PURIFICĀTUM. Tonic, astrin-gent; in hemorrhages, colica pictonum, chronic pains of the bowels, enuresis, &c. gr. x ad ℈j. See *Pulv.* To make alum-whey, put ℥ij of alum to boiling milk ℔j. Externally, see *Aqua, & Catapl.* Alum gr. x — ℈j, rose-water ℥iv, form a good as-tringent collyrium. A stronger solution of alum, as ʒj to water ℥iv, is sometimes employed as a dis-cutient, and also with a view of checking the pro-gress of external inflammation.

ALŪMEN USTUM. Externally to destroy fungous flesh. Joined with an equal quantity of red nitrated mercury, it forms the *pulvis angelicus* of the late Mr. Sharp; which he says possesses powers, as an escha-rotic, superior to either of those substances separately. Burnt alum differs only from common alum in hav-ing the water expelled from it.

AMMONĬA PRÆPĂRĀTA. *(Olim, Sal vol. sal. amin.)* Antacid, attenuant, stimulant, diaphoretic, antispas-modic, gr. v ad gr. xv, or more, sheathed in some oleaginous fluid. Though prepared ammonia may be made to serve as an uniting medium between oil and water, and is thus frequently given, yet in con-sequence of the large portion of carbonic acid com-bined with it, it by no means produces so perfect

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an union as ſtrict neatneſs requires. When this, therefore, ſhould make a part of the preſcriber's intention, a preferable method will be to form an emulſion, by ſhaking with the oil and water four or five drops of water of pure ammonia, before adding the ſalt.

AMMŌNIĂCUM PURIFICĀTUM, *gummi-reſīna*. Acrid, deobſtruent, expectorant, antiſpaſmodic, gr. x ad ʒſs. See *Lac*. Ammoniac ʒſs, tincture of opium gt. xx, taken at bed-time occaſionally, form, ſays Dr. Mudge, a ſucceſsful remedy for thoſe long continued dry, huſky coughs, where the lungs are not materially affected. Externally diſcutient, reſolvent. See *Empl*.

AMYGDĂLA AMĀRA, ET DULCIS, *nŭclĕus*. Bitter almond ſedative, diuretic; ſweet almond demulcent. See *Lac, & Oleum*.

AMŸLUM, (i, n.) Starch. Demulcent, ʒſs ad ʒij. See *Mucil. & Troch*.

ANCHŪSA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Alkanet. *E*. Aſtringent. Uſed chiefly in colouring oils, unguents, and plaſters.

ANĒTHUM, (i, n.) *ſemen*. Dill. Stimulant, carminative; in hiccoughs, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij. See *Aqua*.

ANGELĬCA, (æ, f.) *radix, caulis, folium, ſemen*. Stimulant, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Root and ſtalk ſialogogue.

ANGELĬCA SYLVESTRIS, *radix*. *E*. This differs from the former only in being much weaker.

ANGUSTŪRA, (æ, f.) *cortex*. *E*. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. v ad ℈j. Externally antiſeptic.

ANĪSUM,

ANĪSUM, (i, n.) *semen*. Aniſe. Stimulant, carminative, gr. xv ad ʒſs, or more. See *Ol. & Spiritus*.

ANTIMONĬUM CALCINĀTUM. *(Olim, Calx antim.)* Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

ANTIMONĬUM MURIĀTUM. *(Olim, Cauſt. antimoniāle.)*

ANTIMONĬUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

ANTIMONĬUM TARTĂRISĀTUM. *(Olim, Tart. emet.)* Emetic, gr. j ad gr. iv. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. $\frac{1}{8}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{2}$. Given in nauſeating doſes, it ſerves alſo as an uſeful expectorant in pneumonic inflammations. See *Vinum*.

ANTIMONĬUM VITRIFACTUM. Emetic, gr. $\frac{1}{4}$ ad gr. iſs. See *Vitrum*.

AQUA ALUMĬNIS COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Alum. zinci vitriol. ſing. ʒſs; aq. diſt. ℥iv.)* Externally detergent, healing. It is uſeful as a collyrium properly diluted, and as an injection in fluor albus when unaccompanied with virulence, and the vagina forms the ſeat of the diſeaſe.

AQUA AMMONĬÆ. *(Olim, Spir. ſal. amm.)* Stimulant, attenuant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx to ʒj, or more. In gargles attenuant, detergent, ʒiſs ad ʒiij in ſome ſuitable liquid ℔ſs.

AQUA AMMONĬÆ ACETĀTÆ. *(Olim, Spir. Mind.)* Attenuant, diaphoretic, ʒij ad ʒvj. Alſo externally to inflamed milk breaſts. Joined with an equal quantity of roſe-water, it forms an excellent collyrium for inflamed eyes, where there is a high degree of irritation

irritation and pain; and when further diluted with thrice its bulk of common water, it ſerves likewiſe as an uſeful injection in the inflammatory ſtage of gonorrhœa.

AQUA AMMONĬÆ PURÆ. *(Olim, Spir. ſal. amm. cum calce.)* Often uſed to ſtimulate the noſtrils in fainting fits. The cauſtic volatile alkali has of late been found an efficacious ſtyptic both to ſmall and larger veſſels, combined with a triple proportion of water. See *Linimentum*.

AQUA CALCIS. *(Calcis* ℔ſſ; *aq. diſt. ferventis* ℔xij. Mix, and after ſtanding an hour, in a covered veſſel, decant off the clear.) Aſtringent, antacid; in fluor albus, diabetes, colliquative ſweats, &c. ʒiv ad ℔j, or more, partitis hauſtibus, daily, with, or without a fifth part of milk, which renders it much leſs diſagreeable to the taſte. Alſo externally to aphthæ, ulcers, &c. See *Linimentum*.

AQUA CUPRI AMMONIĀTI. *(Olim, Aq. ſapphīrĭna.)* Aſtringent, gt. v ad gt. xxx. Externally detergent. For ſpecks and films of the cornea gt. ij or iij are ordered to be inſtilled into the eye; but a better method of applying it is, by means of a pencil bruſh.

AQUA CUPRI VITRĬOLĀTI COMPŌSĬTA. *E. (Cupri vitriolati, aluminis, ſing.* ʒſſ; *aquæ, P.* ʒiv; *acidi vitriolici, P.* ʒij. Boil the ſalts in the water, until they are diſſolved; then filter the liquor, and add the acid.) Externally to ſtop hemorrhages at the noſe, or other parts.

AQUA KALI PRÆPĂRĀTI. *(Olim, Lix. tartări.) L.* Antacid, diuretic, gt. xv ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

die. This contains about one part of alkaline ſalt to three of water.

AQUA KALI PURI. *(Olim, Lix. ſaponārĭum.)* Antacid, ſtimulant, diuretic, gt. x ad gt. xx, or more, bis terve die, ſufficiently ſheathed and diluted. United with tepid water, in the proportion of gt. iij, iv, or more, to ℥ij, and applied by means of an eye-tumbler for the ſpace of a minute, or more, at a time, it ſerves likewiſe as an efficacious detergent in xerophthalmia. The ley obtained from the ſoap-boilers is much ſtronger than this preparation.

AQUA LITHARGŸRI ACETĀTI. *(Olim, Extr. Satūrni.) L.* Externally cooling, aſtringent, diſcutient, properly diluted. Vide *Cerat. & ſequentem.*

AQUA LITHARGŸRI ACETĀTI COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Aq. litharg. acet. p. ℥j; aq. diſt. ℔j; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Externally ſedative, aſtringent, &c. Made into a poultice with the crumbs of bread, it is ſometimes applied in caſes of local inflammation, and to improve the ſtate of unhealthy ſores.

AQUA ROSÆ. As a perfume; in lotions, eye-waſhes, &c.

AQUA ZINCI VITRĬOLĀTI. *E. (Zinci vitriolati gr. x; aquæ, p. ℥v; acidi vitriolici diluti gt. x.* Diſſolve the vitriol in the water; then add the acid, and filter through paper.) Externally cooling, aſtringent to inflamed or watery eyes.

AQUA ZINCI VITRĬOLĀTI CUM CAMPHŎRA. *L. (Zinci vitriol. ℥ſs; aq. diſt. ℥iv; ſpir. camph. ℥ſs.)* Externally aſtringent; to ſcorbutic and phagedænic ulcers, and as a collyrium properly diluted.

AQUÆ DISTILLATÆ. AQUA ANĒTHI,—CINNAMOMI,—CORTĬCIS AURANTIŌRUM, *E.*—CORTĬCIS CASSĬÆ LIGNĔÆ, *E.*—CORTĬCIS LIMŌNUM, *E.*—FŒNĬCŬLI, *L.*—MENTHÆ PIPERITĬDIS,—MENTHÆ SATĪVÆ,—PIMENTO,—PULEGĬI. Of theſe ſeverally ℥j ad ℥iij, or more.

ARABĬCUM GUMMI. Demulcent, ʒj ad ʒij, or more; in decoctions ad libitum. See *Emuls. & Mucil.*

ARGENTUM NITRĀTUM. *(Olim, Cauſt. lunāre.)* Antepileptic, gr. $\frac{1}{8}$ gradually increaſed to gr. j, or more, in form of pill, made up with crumbs of bread, or the like, ter die. Of late, ſays Dr. Wilſon, I have given gr. ijſs for a doſe, and this without any other operative effect than that of ſlight nauſea. Alſo externally to venereal and other ulcers, diluted in the proportion of gr. xv or ℈j to water ℥ſs, when it is beſt applied by means of a bit of lint, fixed at the end of a probe, or a pencil bruſh.

ARISTŎLŎCHĪA (æ, f.) TENUIS, *radix.* Slender birthwort. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, tonic, emmenagogue; in chloroſis, retained menſes, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

ARNĬCA, (æ, f.) *herba, flos, radix.* Leopard's-bane. Acrid, ſtimulant, diaphoretic; in paralytic and other diſorders, in decoction or infuſion ʒj ad ℥ſs, daily, in powder gr. x ad ʒſs, pro doſi. As this medicine is apt ſometimes violently to affect the ſtomach, it is prudent to begin with ſmall doſes.

ARSENĬCUM, (i, n.) *E.* Tonic; in intermittents, periodic

periodic headachs, &c. The following is the solution recommended by Dr. Fowler. Take arsenic in powder, prepared kali, each gr. lxiv, boil them gently in a Florence flask, or other glass vessel, with distilled water ℔ss, until the arsenic is dissolved; to this solution, when cold, add compound spirit of lavender ʒss, and as much water as will make the whole equal to a pint, or ʒxvss in weight.

Dose to patients from 2 years old to 4, gt. ij or iij ad v,
from 5 ——— to 7, gt. v ad vij,
from 8 ——— to 12, gt. vij ad x,
from 13 ——— to 18, gt. x ad xij,
from 18 and upwards, gt. xij.

These doses he directs to be repeated once in 8 or 12 hours, diluted in thick gruel, or barley decoction. As arsenic, however, when given to the above extent, is apt to excite uneasiness in the stomach and bowels, it may be advisable in general to employ it, in doses perhaps a third less than those here recommended. Externally escharotic; against cancerous sores of the cheeks, nose, &c. in a state of solution, or in powder, once or twice a day, mixed in the proportion of one part to 30 or 40 of some other substance, such as the dried leaves of henbane, or deadly nightshade.

Artĕmĭsĭa, (æ, f.) *folia*. Mugwort. *E.* Tonic, emmenagogue; in amenorrhœa, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in decoction or infusion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die.

Arum, (i, n.) *radix recens*. Wakerobin. Acrid, stimulant, attenuant, diuretic; in palsy, chronic rheumatism, &c. gr. vj ad ℈j, or more, bis, ter, qua-

terve die, made into an emulsion with an equal weight of gum Arabic, and half the quantity of spermaceti. Associated with alkalines, or absorbents, it has been found also of singular service in some obstinate cases of cephalæa. See *Conserva.*

Asa fœtĭda purificāta, *gummi-resīna.* Stimulant, antispasmodic, expectorant, emmenagogue, gr. x ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Lac, & Tinct.* In clyster laxative, ʒj ad ʒij, dissolved in gruel ʒxij, in hysteric colics. Externally, see *Empl.*

Asărum, (i, n.) *folium.* Asarabacca. Errhine, gr. ij ad gr. v, every night at bed-time. See *Pulvis.*

Atrĭplex (ĭcis, f.) fœtĭda, *herba.* Stinking orach. *E.* Antispasmodic; in hysteric affections, &c. in infusion, tincture, or made into a conserve ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. As this herb in drying loses much of its sensible qualities, it should, if possible, be used only in its fresh state.

Aurantĭum (i, n.) hispalense, *folium, flos; fructus succus, et cortex exterior.* Seville orange-tree. Leaf and flower antispasmodic; in epilepsy, &c. gr. x ad ʒj, ter die. Outer rind of the fruit carminative, stomachic, ʒs ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Aq. Conf. Syr. & Tinct.*

Avēna, (æ, f.) *semen.* Oat. In decoction nutritive, emollient. Dry oatmeal externally is useful to parts affected with erysipelatous inflammation.—Joined with a strong infusion of malt, and a spoonful of yest, it constitutes the effervescent poultice so highly efficacious to mortified parts.—Formed into a poultice with vinegar and applied cold, it is employed

ployed alſo againſt ſprains and bruiſes, and to ſtop the progreſs of ſcrofulous enlargements of the bones.

Balsămum canadense. Stimulant, balſamic, diuretic, detergent, ℈j ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

Balsămum copaiva. Stimulant, balſamic, diuretic, gr. xv ad ʒſs, bis die. Laxative, diuretic; in caſes of piles, &c. ʒſs ad ʒi, or more, ſemel aut bis die. Balſam of Copaiva ʒij, mucilage of gum Arabic, ʒſs, lime-water ʒiv, form a good aſtringent injection for gleets, and fluor albus.

Balsămum gilĕadense. *E.* Stimulant, balſamic, ℈j ad ʒj, bis terve die.

Balsămum peruviānum. Stimulant, attenuant; in nervous complaints, palſies, gleets, aſthmas, &c. gr. v ad ʒſs, or more, bis terve die. See *Tinct.* Alſo externally to languid, painful ulcers. United with a triple proportion of ox-gall, Dr. Hugh Smith uſed to recommend it to be occaſionally dropped into the ear, where a conſtant diſcharge of fetid matter indicated a diſeaſed ſtate of the ſecretions. This balſam is conſiderably warmer, and more acrid than balſ. of Copaiva.

Balsămum tolutānum. Stimulant, corroborant, expectorant; in coughs, gleets, ſeminal weakneſſes, &c. gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Syr.* & *Tinct.*

Bardāna, (æ, f.) *radix.* Burdock. Aperient, diuretic, ſudorific; againſt chronic aphthæ, gouty, rheumatic and other diſorders, in decoction ʒij boiled in water ℔iſs to ℔j, daily.

Barȳtes,

BARŸTES, (ētis, f.) Ponderous earth. *E.* A watery ſolution of this earth ſaturated with muriatic acid, and known under the title of *barytes muriata*, or *terra ponderoſa ſalita*, has of late been recommended in ſcrofula, indurations of the proſtate gland, chronic pains in the ſtomach, &c. doſe, gt. v ad gt. x, or more, bis terve die, in ſome diſtilled water.—This compound, ſays Dr. Crawford, combines the qualities of a tonic, diuretic, and deobſtruent.

BECCABUNGA, (æ, f.) *herba*. Brooklime. *L.* Saponaceous, detergent, juice ʒij ad ʒiv, daily.

BELLADONNA, (æ, f.) *folia*. Deadly nightſhade. *E.* Narcotic, diaphoretic, diuretic, reſolvent; in cancers, ſcirrhus, mania, epilepſy, &c. in infuſion gr. ſs ad gr. v, or more, bis die. See *Suc.* From the uncertain operation of this medicine, it is prudent to begin with very ſmall doſes, and to increaſe them gradually according to their effects. Alſo externally againſt cancer, ſcirrhus, &c.

BENZŎË, (es, f.) *reſīna*. Benjamin. See *Flor. & Tinct.*

BISTORTA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Snakeweed. Strongly aſtringent, gr. xv ad ʒj, ter die.

BOLUS (i, m.) GALLĬCUS. French bole. *L.* Antacid, abſorbent, ℈j ad ʒj.

BORAX, (ācis, f.) Deobſtruent, diuretic, detergent; gr. x ad ʒſs, or more, bis terve die. In gargles detergent, where viſcid ſaliva abounds: alſo to aphthæ in the proportion of one part to 6, 8, or 10 of *mel deſpumatum*, or *mucilago ſem. cydonii mali.*

BRŸONĬA,

Brĭonĭa, (æ, f.) *radix*. White bryony. *E.* Acrid, ſtrongly cathartic; in dropſy, mania, &c. ℈j ad ʒj. Attenuant, diuretic, deobſtruent; in dropſy, &c. gr. iij ad gr. x, bis terve die. An aqueous or vinous extract of this root acts both more mildly and with greater ſafety, taken in the quantity of from ʒſs to ʒj. In poultice freſh root diſcutient, reſolvent; thus it is uſed againſt iſchiadic and other rheumatic pains.

Cajeputa, (æ, f.) *oleum*. Cajeput. *E.* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, ſudorific; in tympanitic and various nervous affections, gt. iij ad gt. xij, in wine, or on ſugar, ter quaterve die. Alſo externally againſt palſy, pain and weakneſs from ſprains, bruiſes, rheumatiſm, &c.

Călămus (i, m.) aromatĭcus, *radix*. Sweet-ſcented flag. Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ℈ij, or more, bis terve die.

Calomĕlas, (ănos, m.) Alterative, antivenereal, vermifuge, deobſtruent, gr. j ad gr. v, daily. Cathartic, gr. v ad gr. xij.

Calx, (cis, f.) Quicklime. See *Aqua*.

Calx hydrargўri alba. *(Olim, Merc. præcip. alb.)* Externally detergent; againſt cutaneous foulneſſes, pediculi, &c. See *Ung*. White calx of mercury, water of acetated litharge, each ʒj, yellow wax ʒij, ointment of hog's lard ℔j, compoſe an efficacious application for ſoreneſs and inflammation of the eyelids, for old ulcers, tinea, and other cutaneous eruptions.—To the ointment of hog's lard and wax gently melted, add the white calx of mercury

cary and water of acetated litharge previouſly rubbed together, then ſtir the mixture conſtantly till it is cold.

CALX CUM KALI PURO. *(Olim, Cauſt. com. fort.)*

CAMPHŎRA, (æ, f.) Camphor. Antiſeptic, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic; in low malignant fevers, &c. gr. iij ad ℈j, repeatedly. In mania, gr. v ad ʒſs, bis terve die: in a recent caſe of this ſort, after having been gradually augmented to ʒj thrice a day, ſucceſs ſhortly attended its exhibition. In order to diffuſe camphor properly in water, it ſhould firſt be diſſolved in a little ſpirit of wine, or expreſſed oil, and then well triturated with mucilage of gum Arabic. See *Emuls. & Miſt.* Externally anodyne. See *Ol.* Camphor ʒij, diſſolved in olive-oil ℥j, to which is added water of pure ammonia ℥iij, Mr. Cruikſhank adviſes in caſes of deep ſeated inflammation, or to quicken the action of parts that ſuppurate imperfectly.

CANCRI CHĒLÆ (ārum, pl. f.) PRÆPĂRĀTÆ. Prepared crab's claws. Antacid, abſorbent, ʒſs ad ʒj. Given to the extent of ʒſs a day, they are ſaid to have been of uſe in leucorrhœa, particularly where the diſcharge was acrimonious. See *Pulv.*

CANĒLLA ALBA, *cortex*. Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

CANTHĂRIS, (ĭdis, f.) Spaniſh fly. Acrid, ſtimulant, diuretic; in ſuppreſſion, or incontinency of urine, ariſing from over-diſtention of the bladder, gr. j ad gr. iv, bis die. Alſo in certain caſes of impotency, cantharides gr. ſs, taken every night, has proved

proved of uſe, joined with camphor and opium, each gr. j. See *Tinct.* Externally, ſee *Cerat. Empl. & Ung.*

CARDAMĪNE, (es, f.) *flos.* Lady's-ſmock, or cuckoo-flower. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; againſt convulſive diſorders, as epilepſy, hyſteria, chorea, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

CARDAMŌMUM, (i, n.) MINUS, *ſemen.* Leſſer cardamom. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Tinct.*

CARDŬUS (i, m.) BENEDICTUS, *herba.* Bleſſed thiſtle. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ʒj. A light infuſion, as ʒj macerated five or ſix hours in cold water ℔j, proves more grateful to weak ſtomachs and leſs heating, it is ſaid, than any other bitter; and if drunk warm in bed, commonly increaſes perſpiration. Strong decoctions, or infuſions are ſometimes uſed to provoke vomiting, or to aſſiſt the operation of other emetics.

CARĬCA, (æ, f.) *fructus.* Fig. Demulcent; no. vj in any appropriate decoction ℔j.

CARŬON, (i, n.) *ſemen.* Caraway. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj. See *Aq. Ol. & Spir.*

CARYŎPHĪLLUM (i, n.) AROMATĪCUM. Clove,—the unripe ſeed-veſſel of the *caryophillus aromatica*, clove-tree. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. Alſo ſialogogue. See *Oleum.*

CARYŎPHĪLLUM RUBRUM, *flos.* Clove-gilliyflower. Cordial, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Syrupus.*

CASCARĪLLA, (æ, f.) *cortex.* Tonic, ſtomachic, aromatic; in flatulent colics, dyſenteries, intermit-

tents, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, bis, ter, quaterve die. See *Extr. & Tinct.*

Cassĭa (æ, f.) fistulāris, *fructus*. Laxative, ʒfs ad ʒj. See *Elect.*

Cassĭa lignĕa, *cortex, flores nondum explicati*. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v. ad ℈j. This is somewhat weaker than cinnamon, which it ſtrongly reſembles; it has leſs aſtringency, but abounds with more mucilaginous matter. See *Aqua.*

Castŏrĕum (i, n.) russĭcum, *in folliculo prope anum ſito, collectum.* Ruſſian caſtor. Antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue, gr. v ad ℈j, or more. See *Tinct.*

Cătăplasma (ătis, n.) alumĭnis. *L.* (With a lump of alum beat the white of two eggs until it is coagulated.) Cooling, reſtringent to inflamed eyes with much watery excretion. A ſolution of alum, ſays Dr. Cullen, in general anſwers much better.

Cătăplasma cumīni. *L.* (*Cumini* ℔j; *bac. lauri, fol. ſcordii, ſerpent. Virg. ſing.* ʒiij; *caryoph. aromat.* ʒj; *mellis triplum omnium pondus.*) Warm, ſtimulating to parts diſpoſed to gangrene from a languid circulation.

Cătăplasma sinapĕos. *L.* (*Sinapeos in pulv. triti, medullæ panis ſiliginei, ſing.* ℔ſs; *aceti callidi q. s.*) This often inflames and raiſes bliſters. Applied to the ſoles of the feet, it is frequently of uſe in the low ſtate of fevers, lethargic ſtupors, and in diverting gouty pains from the head, ſtomach, &c.

Catĕchu, (n. indecl.) *Vulgo, Terra Japonĭca.*) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, uterine profluvia, &c. gr.

gr. xv ad ℈ij. When ſuffered to diſſolve leiſurely in the mouth, it ſerves as an uſeful topical aſtringent for laxities and exulcerations of the gums, for aphthous ulcers in the mouth, and the like. See *Electt. Infus. & Tinct.*

CENTAURĒUM (i, n.) MINUS, *cacūmen.* Leſſer centaury. Tonic, aperient, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ʒj, ter die. In infuſion ʒſs ad ℥j to water ℔j.

CĒRA ALBA, ET FLAVA. Yellow wax ſheathing; in diarrhœas and dyſenteries, ℈j ad ʒj, made into an emulſion with an equal proportion of gum Arab. in powder. Externally, ſee *Empl. & Ung.*

CERĀTUM CANTHARĬDIS. *(Cerati ſperm. ceti ʒvj; canthar. pulv. ʒj.)* This is ſtronger than the *ung. cantharidis*; it is uſeful in ſupporting a drain under the form of iſſue, and in caſes of ſmallpox where the ſkin is much affected, and ſome veſicatory required.

CERĀTUM LAPĬDIS CALAMINĀRIS. *(Lap. calam. ceræ flav. ſing. ℔ſs; ol. olivæ ℔j.)* Deſiccative, epulotic.

CERĀTUM LITHARGŸRI ACETĀTI COMPOSĬTUM. *L. (Aq. litharg. acet. ʒiiſs; ceræ flav. ʒiv; ol. olivæ ʒix; camphoræ ʒſs.)* Cooling, deſiccative, reſolvent; againſt chronic rheumatiſm, &c.

CERĀTUM RESĪNÆ FLAVÆ. *(Ung. reſinæ flav. ℔ſs; ceræ flavæ ℥j.)* Drawing.

CERĀTUM SAPŌNIS. *L. (Saponis ʒviij; ceræ flav. ℥x; litharg. ℔j; ol. olivæ ℔j; aceti cong. j.)* Reſolvent; againſt ſcrofulous tumours, &c. It is a con-

venient application in fractures, and may be uſed alſo as an external dreſſing for ulcers.

CERĀTUM SPERMĀTIS CĒTI. *(Sperm. ceti ℥ſs; ceræ alb. ℥ij; ol. olivæ ℥iv.)* Cooling, emollient; againſt excoriations, &c.

CERŪSSA, (æ, f.) Ceruſe, or whitelead. Externally cooling, aſtringent; in unguents and lotions. See *Pulv. & Ung.*

CERŪSSA ACETĀTA. *(Clim, Sacch. Saturni.)* Aſtringent; in hemorrhages, colliquative diarrhœas or ſweats, &c. gr. ſs ad gr. ij, with tinct. of opium gt. iv, 6tis horis. Externally weak ſolutions cooling, ſedative, aſtringent; ſtrong ſolutions ſtimulant, aſtringent. See *Unguentum.*

CHĂMÆMĒLUM, (i, n.) *flos ſimplex.* Chamomile. Tonic, ſtomachic, ℈j ad ℥j. Alſo in infuſion. See *Extr.* Externally in fomentations diſcutient, antiſeptic. See *Decoct.*

CICŪTA, (æ, f.) *herba, flos, ſemen.* Hemlock. Narcotic, alterative, reſolvent. Firſt give gr. iij of the dried leaves in powder, twice or thrice a day, and then increaſe the doſe gradually according to its effects. See *Suc.* Externally in fomentations diſcutient, reſolvent,—freſh herb ℥iv ad ℥vj, or dried ℥ij ad ℥iij, boiled in water ℔iij to ℔ij. Alſo in poultice againſt cancers, &c. boiled with milk, and a like or double proportion of bread crumbs.

CINĂRA, (æ, f.) *folium.* Artichoke. Tonic, diuretic; in dropſy, jaundice, &c. expreſſed juice ℥ſs ad ℥j, bis die, mixed with an equal portion of white-wine.

wine. In a few cases of dropsy arising from a diseased liver, says my friend Dr. Wilson, of Spalding, I have experienced the best effects from the inspissated juice of this plant, after many powerful remedies had failed.

CINCHŌNA, (æ, f.) *cortex*. (*Vulgo, Cortex Peruvianus.*) Tonic, astringent, stomachic, gr. xv ad ʒj, or more. Should it excite vomiting, exhibit it in wine; if oppression at stomach, join with it an aromatic; if purging, opium. See *Decoct. Extr. & Tinct.* For making a cold infusion with magnesia, Dr. Skeete recommends as follows:—Bark powder ʒfs, calcined magnesia ʒj, rub them together for fifteen minutes with a little water so as to form a paste, then add water ℥ix gradually; infuse half an hour, shaking the vessel frequently, and filter through paper.

CINNAMŌMUM, (i, n.) *cortex*. The cinnamon-tree. Stimulant, astringent, aromatic, gr. v ad ʒj. See *Aq. Ol. Spir. & Tinct.*

COCCĬNELLA, (æ, f.) Cochineal. Employed only as a colouring drug.

COCHLEĀRĬA (æ, f.) HORTENSIS, *herba*. Garden-scurvygrass. Stimulant, attenuant, aperient, expressed juice ʒj ad ℥iv, bis die. See *Succus*.

COLCHĬCUM, (i, n.) *radix recens*. Meadow-saffron. Acrid, diuretic, cathartic, gr. ss ad gr. iij, bis die. As, however, even small doses in substance have produced alarming effects, it is now commonly given in the form of oxymel or syrup; *which* see.

CŎLŎCYNTHIS, (ĭdis, f.) *fructus medulla*. Bitter apple.

apple. Strongly cathartic, gr. iij ad gr. viij, triturated with ſome gummy, farinaceous matter. See *Extr.*

COLOMBA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in bilious vomitings and diarrhœas, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, in infuſion ℈j ad ʒj. See *Tinct.*

CONFECTĬO AROMATĬCA. *(Zedoariæ, croci, ſing.* ℔ſs; *pulv. chelar cancri comp.* ʒxvj; *cinnam. myriſticæ, ſing.* ʒij; *caryoph. arom.* ʒj; *cardam.* ʒſs; *ſacch. purif.* ℔ij.*)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, aſtringent, gr. xv ad ʒj.

CONFECTĬO OPIĀTA. *L. (Opii* ʒvj; *piperis longi, zingib. carui, ſing.* ʒij; *ſyr. papav. albi, ad mellis craſſitudinem decocti, triplum omnium pondus.)* Stimulant, carminative, anodyne, gr. x ad ʒſs. Thirty-ſix gr. contain one of opium.

CONSERVA ABSINTHĬI MARITĬMI. *L. (Abſinth. marit.* ʒiv; *ſacch. purif.* ℔j.*)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒſs, bis terve die. Conſerve of ſea wormwood ʒj, ruſt of iron ʒſs, conſerve of arum ʒiij, ſyrup of orange-peel q. ſ.—doſe, the ſize of a nutmeg, night and morn, againſt hypochondriaſis, epilepſy, worms, amenorrhœa, &c.

CONSERVA ARI. *L. (Ari recent.* ℔ſs; *ſacch. purif.* ℔iſs.*)* Stimulant, attenuant, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, bis, ter, quaterve die.

CONSERVA AURANTĬI HISPALENSIS CORTĬCIS EXTERIŌRIS. *(Cort. aurant.* ʒiv; *ſacch. pur.* ℔j.*)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒv, bis terve die.

CONSERVA CYNOSBĂTI. *(Cynoſb.* ℔j; *ſacch. pur.* ʒxx.*)* Cooling, reſtringent, ʒij ad ʒvj.

CONSERVA

CONSERVA LUJŬLÆ. *L.* (*Lujulæ* ℥iv; *facch. pur.* ℔j.) Subacid, cooling, reſtringent, ʒij ad ℥ſs.

CONSERVA MENTHÆ. *E.* (*Menthæ ſativæ fol. recent.* ℥j; *ſacchari purif.* ℥iij.) Stimulant, ſtomachic; in ſickneſſes and weakneſſes of the ſtomach, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

CONSERVA PRŪNI SYLVESTRIS. (*Pulpæ pruniorum* ℥iv; *facch. pur.* ℔j.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒij ad ℥ſs.

CONSERVA ROSÆ RUBRÆ. (*Roſar. rubr.* ℥iv; *facch. purif.* ℔j.) Subaſtringent, ʒij ad ℥ſs.

CONSERVA SCILLÆ. *L.* (*Scillæ rec.* ℥j; *facch. pur.* ℥v.) Expectorant, diuretic, ℥ſs ad ʒj, bis terve die.

CONTRAYĒRVA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Stimulant, antiſeptic, diaphoretic, gr. x ad ʒſs, in infuſion or decoction ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. See *Pulv.* Alſo detergent in gargles for the putrid ſore-throat,—℥ſs boiled a ſhort time in compound barley-decoction ℥xij, to which, when ſtrained, are added vinegar ℥ij, tinct. of myrrh ℥j, honey ʒvj.

CONVALLARĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Solomon's ſeal. *E.* Mucilaginous, demulcent. This is commonly uſed in the form of poultice, as a diſcutient in inflammations, contuſions, &c.

CORALLĬUM (i, n.) RUBRUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. Prepared red coral. *L.* Abſorbent, antacid, gr. x ad ʒj.

CORĬANDRUM, (i, n.) *ſemen.* Coriander. Stimulant, carminative, ℈j ad ʒj.

CORNU CERVI. Hartſhorn. Boiled in water, it gives

gives out an emollient nutritious jelly. An elegant jelly is prepared, by boiling ℥vj of shavings in water ℔vj to ℔ij, adding to the strained liquor of Seville orange or lemon juice ℥j, white-wine ℥iv, sugar ℥vj, and then boiling the whole to a due consistence. See *Liquor volat. Sal, & seq.*

Cornu cervi ustum. Absorbent, antacid, astringent, ʒss ad ʒiss. See *Decoct.*

Crēta præpărāta. Prepared chalk. Absorbent, antacid, ℈j ad ʒj. In diarrhœas and dysenteries even ʒij have been given for a dose. See *Mist. & Pulv.*

Crocus, (i, m.) *floris stigma.* Saffron. Cordial, diaphoretic, gr. v ad ʒss. See *Syr. & Tinct.*

Crocus antimonĭi. *(Olim, Crocus metallorum.)* Regulus of antimony. Violently emetic, gr. j ad gr. iv.

Cubĕba, (æ, f.) The cubeb. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. This is far inferior to pepper in aromatic warmth, but its odour is thought more agreeable.

Cŭcŭmis (is, m.) agrestis, *fructus recens.* Wild cucumber. See *Elaterium*; which is wholly prepared from it.

Cumīnum, (i, n.) *semen.* Cummin. Stimulant, antispasmodic, ℈j ad ʒj. Externally, see *Catapl. & Emplastrum.*

Cuprum ammōnĭăcum. *E. (Cupri vitriolati purissi. partes duas; ammoniæ pptæ partes tres.* Rub them together in a glass mortar until they unite into an uniform violet-coloured mass, which must first be dried

dried on blotting paper, and afterwards by a gentle heat. The product ſhould be kept in a well-cloſed phial.) Aſtringent, antepileptic, gr. j ad gr. v, bis terve die. Half a grain for a doſe is enough to begin with. See *Pilulae*.

CUPRUM VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Vitriol. cærul.)* Speedily emetic, gr. ij ad gr. x, diſſolved in a cupful of water, ℔ſs of warm water being previouſly ſwallowed. Corroborant; in epilepſy, hyſteria, &c. gr. $\frac{1}{6}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, or more, bis terve die. Joined with olibanum and extract of bark, it is uſed alſo for gleets, and in the latter ſtage of gonorrhœa. Externally ſtyptic, (ſee *Aqua)* eſcharotic; to deſtroy fungous fleſh, &c. Vitriolated copper, French bole, each ℥ſs, camphor 3j, boiling water ℔iv, form the *aqua camphorata* of Bates; which, when diluted with ſixteen times its quantity of cold water, is recommended by Mr. Ware for the purulent ophthalmy of new born children.

CURCŪMA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Turmeric. Tonic, aperient, deobſtruent, ℈j ad 3j, in decoction 3ij ad 3iij.

CURSŪTA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Yellow gentian. *E.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in dyſpepſy, dyſphagia, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ℈j ad 3j, ter die.

CYDŌNĬUM MĀLUM, (i, n.) *ejuſque ſemen*. Quince, —the fruit of the *cydonia malus*, quince-tree. Subacid, aſtringent; ſeed mucilaginous. See *Mucil.*

CYNOSBĂTUS, (i, f.) *fructus*. Wild briar, or hip-tree. Cooling, reſtringent. See *Conſ.*

DAUCUS (i, m.) SYLVESTRIS, *semen*. Wild carrot. Stomachic, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj. In infusion ʒj to water ℔j.

DECOCTUM ALTHÆÆ. *E. (Rad. althææ siccatæ ʒiv; uvarum passarum, demptis acinis, ʒij; aquæ, P. ℔vij.* Boil to five pounds; place apart the strained liquor till the feces have subsided, then pour off the clear.) Demulcent; in nephritic paroxysms, &c. ad libitum.

DECOCTUM CHĂMÆMĒLI. *E. (Flor. chamæmeli ʒj; fem. carui ʒʃs; aquæ, P. ℔v.* Boil fifteen minutes, and strain.) This simple preparation may be employed either in the way of clyster, or fomentation.

DECOCTUM CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĪCIS PERUVIĀNI. *(Cinch. pulv. ʒj; aquæ dist. ℔j ʒiij.* Boil ten minutes, in a covered vessel, and strain whilst hot.) Tonic, astringent, ʒj ad ʒiv.

DECOCTUM CORNU CERVI. *L. (Cornu cervi usti ʒij; Arab. gum. ʒvj; aq. dist. ℔iij.* Boil to ℔ij, stirring constantly, and strain.) Absorbent, antacid; in fevers attended with laxity of the bowels, &c. ʒij ad ʒiv.

DECOCTUM PRO ENĔMĂTE. *L. (Malvæ siccatæ ʒj; chamæm. ʒʃs; aquæ ℔j.* Boil a little, and strain.) Emollient.

DECOCTUM PRO FOMĒNTO. *L. (Abrotoni, absinth. marit. chamæm, sing. ʒj; fol. lauri ʒʃs; aquæ ℔vj.* Boil a little, and strain.) Discutient, antiseptic.

DECOCTUM GEOFFRÆÆ. *E. (Cort. Geoffrææ in pulv. triti ʒj; aquæ, P. ℔ij.* Boil gently to one half, and strain.) Laxative, narcotic, anthelminthic, ʒj ad ʒiij,

or

or more, semel aut bis die. First direct small doses, and give strict caution against drinking water that is cold. In case any violent effects, such as sickness, fever and delirium, should be induced by it, castor-oil, warm water, and vegetable acids are to be freely employed.

Decoctum guajāci compositum. *E.* (*Scobis ligni guaiaci* ℥iij; *uvarum passarum* ℥ij; *rad. sassafras, glycyrrhizæ, sing.* ℥j; *aquæ,* p. ℔x. Boil the water with the guaiacum and raisins to one half, adding towards the end the sassafras and liquorice; then strain without expression.) Stimulant, diaphoretic; in cutaneous diseases, &c. ℥iv ad ℥vj, bis terve die.

Decoctum helleborī albi. *L.* (*Pulv. helleb. alb.* ℥j; *aquæ* ℔ij; *spir. vin. rect.* p. ℥ij. Boil the water with the hellebore to ℔j, and to the strained liquor, when cold, add the spirit.) For cutaneous foulnesses, as psora, tinea, &c. In some instances it requires dilution.

Decoctum hordĕi. (*Hordei, omni cortice nudati,* ℥ij; *aquæ* ℔iv. First wash the barley from any adhering impurities, and then boil it a little with water ℔ss; this water being thrown away, add to the barley the ℔iv of water hot, and boil to ℔ij.) Nutritive, emollient, ℥ij ad ℥vj, ad libitum.

Decoctum hordĕi compositum. *L.* (*Decoct. hord.* ℔ij; *uvarum passarum, acinis exemptis, carica-rum, sing.* ℥ij; *glycyrrh.* ℥ss; *aquæ* ℔j. Boil to ℔ij.) Pectoral, demulcent, ℥iij ad ℥vj, or ad libitum.

DECOCTUM MEZEREI. *E.* (*Corticis radicis mezerei* ℥ij; *rad. glycyrrhizæ cont.* ℥ſs; *aquæ, p.* ℔iij. Boil to two pounds, and ſtrain.) Acrid, ſtimulant, alterative; in glandular ſwellings, &c. ℥iv ad ℔ſs, ter quaterve die.

DECOCTUM SARSAPARILLÆ. (*Sarſapar. conciſæ* ℥vj; *aquæ* ℔viij. Macerate the ſarſaparilla two hours in a heat of about 195°, then take it out and bruiſe it, and again macerate it in the liquor for two hours; then boil to ℔iv, and ſtrain the expreſſed liquor.) Alterative, diaphoretic, ℥iv ad ℔ſs, bis terve die. In ſyphilitic complaints, after the ineffectual uſe of mercury, ℔ij have been given in divided doſes, daily, with advantage. Taken with an equal proportion of milk, it has been experienced alſo of excellent uſe in reſtoring ſtrength to perſons greatly debilitated, from a long continued and free courſe of mercury.

DECOCTUM SARSAPARILLÆ COMPOSITUM. *L.* (*Sarſapar. conciſæ et cont.* ℥vj; *ſaſſafras, guaiaci raſi, glycyrrh. cont. ſing.* ℥j; *mezerei* ʒiij; *aquæ* ℔x. Macerate with a gentle heat, ſix hours, then boil to ℔v, adding towards the end the mezereon, and ſtrain.) Alterative, ſudorific; in venereal nodes, ulcers, &c. ℥iv ad ℔ſs, bis, ter, quaterve die. This may be conſidered as an elegant improvement of what has been long ſold under the title of the *Liſbon diet-drink*; which is ſaid to be a decoction of ℥iij of ſarſaparilla, ℥ſs of mezereon, and ℥ij of crude antimony, with liquorice, &c. boiled in water ℔x to ℔v.

DECOCTUM SENEKÆ. *E.* (*Rad. ſenekæ* ℥j; *aquæ, p.* ℔ij.

q. ℔ij. Boil to ʒxvj by weight, and ſtrain.) Acrid, diuretic, cathartic; in hydropic, rheumatic and arthritic complaints, &c. ʒiſs ad ʒij, ter quaterve die. To obviate the uneaſy ſenſation which ſeneka is apt to excite in the fauces, ʒiij of liquorice-root may be advantageouſly added towards the end of boiling.

DECOCTUM ULMI. *L.* (*Ulmi cont.* ʒiv; *aquæ* ℔iv. Boil to ℔ij.) Emollient, ſubaſtringent; in chronic eruptions, &c. ʒiv ad ℔ſs, bis die. A much ſtronger preparation than this has been given by ſome.

DICTAMNUS (i, m.) ALBUS, *radix*. White fraxinella, or baſtard dittany. *E.* Tonic, ſtomachic; in intermittents, worms, menſtrual ſuppreſſions, epilepſy, &c. ℈j ad ʒſs, bis die.

DIGITĀLIS, (is, f.) *herba*. Foxglove. Acrid, diuretic, often emetic, ſometimes cathartic, in powder gr. j ad gr. iij, bis die, with ſome aromatic, or ʒiij ad ℥j of an infuſion made by macerating, four hours, ʒj of the dried leaves in boiling water ℔ſs, adding at the end ℥j of ſome ſpirituous water. As ſoon as the kidneys, ſtomach, pulſe, or bowels are perceived to be affected, its uſe ſhould be ſuſpended. About ʒſs of the powder, or ℔ſs of the infuſion, may be generally taken before nauſea commences. With reſpect to its uſe in dropſy Dr. Withering obſerves, that it ſeldom ſucceeds in men of great natural ſtrength, of tenſe fibre, of warm ſkin, of florid complexion, or in ſuch as have a tight and cordy pulſe, or when the belly in aſcites is tenſe, hard, and circumſcribed, or the limbs in anaſarca ſolid and reſiſting; on the contrary, if the pulſe be

feeble

feeble or intermitting, the countenance pale, the lips livid, the skin cold, the swoln belly soft and fluctuating, the anasarcous limbs readily pitting, then we may expect diuretic effects from it.

DOLICHOS, (i, m.) *pubes leguminis rigida*. Cowhage. *E.* Anthelminthic, gr. v ad gr. x, or more, in syrup or molasses, semel aut bis die; a purgative being interposed once in two or three days.

DULCAMARA, (æ, f.) *stipites*. Woody nightshade. *E.* Narcotic, diaphoretic, diuretic, resolvent; in obstructed menses, scrofula, lepra and other cutaneous diseases, in cancer, rheumatism, &c. fresh stalks ʒij, water ℔iij, boil to ℔ij; or dried stalks ʒss ad ʒj, boiling water ℥xx, macerate half an hour, then boil ten minutes,—dose, ʒss ad ʒiv, with a little milk, bis, ter, quaterve die. This plant, more especially when fresh, being endowed with a narcotic power, should at first be used only in small doses.

ELATERIUM, (i, n.) Strongly cathartic, sometimes emetic; in cold indolent phlegmatic habits, gr. ss ad gr. iij. Dropsy, we are told, has been sometimes cured, by giving extr. of gentian gr. iv, elaterium gr. ¼, once in two hours, until a sufficient operation ensued by stool, and repeating this process every third or fourth day.

ELECTUARIUM CASSIÆ. (*Pulpæ cassiæ* ʒvj; *mannæ* ʒij; *pulpæ tamarind.* ʒj; *syr. rosæ* ʒvj. Evaporate to an electuary.) Laxative, ʒij ad ʒj.

ELECTUARIUM CATECHU. *E.* (*Catechu* ʒiv; *kino* ʒiij; *cort. cinnamomi, nuclei fructus myristicæ, sing.* ʒj; *opii*,

opii, in vini albi Hiſpani quantum ſufficiat diffuſi, ʒiſs; *ſyr. roſæ, ad mellis ſpiſſitudinem cocti,* p. ℔ij ℥iij.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ℈j ad ʒj. Ten ſcr. contain gr. j of opium.

Electuārĭum opiātum. *E. (Cort. cinnamomi, cardamomi min. rad. zingib. ſing. in pulv. trit.* ℥ij; *rad. ſerpent. Virgin. in pulv. tritæ* ℥iij; *opii in vini albi quantum ſatis ſit diffuſi,* ℥ſs; *mellis deſpumati,* f. ℔j.) Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ℈ij, or more. One dr. contains about gr. j of opium.

Electuārĭum scammōnĭi. *L. (Scam.* ℥iſs; *caryoph. arom. zingib. ſing.* ʒvj; *ol. carui eſſent.* p. ℥ſs; *ſyr. roſæ q. s.)* Cathartic, ʒſs ad ʒj.

Electuārĭum sennæ. *(Sennæ* ℥viij; *caricarum* ℔j; *pulpæ tamarind,—caſſiæ,—prunor. Gallic. ſing.* ℔ſs; *coriand.* ℥iv; *glycyrrh.* ℥iij; *ſacch. pur.* ℔iiſs.) Laxative, ʒj ad ℥ſs.

Elĕmi, (n. indecl.) *reſĭna.* Stimulant, balſamic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Uſed chiefly in unguents. See *Ung.*

Emplastrum ammōniăci cum hydrargўro. *L. (Amm. colati* ℔j; *hydrarg.* p. ℥iij; *ol. ſulphurati,* p. ʒj.) Reſolvent; to nodes, tophs, indurated glands and tumours. Five oz. contain about one of quick-ſilver.

Emplastrum asæ fœtĭdæ. *E. (Empl. lithargyri, aſæ fœtidæ colatæ, ſing. partes duas; ceræ flavæ, galbani colati, ſing. partem unam.)* Anodyne, antiſpaſmodic. In hyſteric caſes, this is ſometimes applied to the umbilical region, or over the whole abdomen.

Emplastrum

EMPLASTRUM CANTHARĬDIS. (*Canthar.* ℔j; *empl. ceræ* ℔ij; *adip. ſuillæ pptæ* ℔ſs.) For raiſing bliſters.

EMPLASTRUM CĒRÆ COMPOSĬTUM. (*Ceræ flavæ, ſevi ovilli, ſing.* ℔iij; *reſinæ flav.* ℔j.) Drawing;—ſometimes employed for the dreſſing of bliſters.

EMPLASTRUM CUMĪNI. *L.* (*Sem. cumini,—carui, bac. lauri, ſing.* ℥iij; *picis Burgund.* ℔iij; *ceræ flavæ* ℥iij.) Applied to the hypogaſtric region or ſtomach, this is uſed as a warm diſcutient, and to expel flatulence.

EMPLASTRUM LADĂNI COMPOSĬTUM. *L.* (*Ladani* ℥iij; *thuris* ℥j; *cinnamomi* ℥ſs; *ol. myriſticæ expreſſi, p.* ℥ſs; *ol. menthæ eſſent. p.* ℥j.) Warm, ſtrengthening; in pains and weakneſſes of the ſtomach, vomitings, &c. It is ſometimes employed alſo to promote the ſuppuration of inactive tumours.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARGŸRI. (*Litharg.* ℥xv; *ol. olivæ* ℔ij; *aquæ* ℔ſs.) Defenſive; for excoriations of the ſkin, &c. Prepared chalk, diſtilled vinegar, olive-oil, each ℥iv, litharge-plaſter ℥viij, water of acetated litharge ℥ſs, compoſe the famous *neutral cerate* of Dr. Kirkland, for burns, inflamed parts, and ulcers:—The chalk and vinegar being mixed together, are to be incorporated with the litharge-plaſter and oil, over a ſlow fire, and when the whole is ſufficiently cooled, the water of acetated litharge is to be joined.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARGŸRI COMPOSĬTUM. (*Empl. litharg.* ℔iij; *galbani* ℥viij; *terebinth. vulg.* ℥x; *thuris* ℥iij.) Warm, ſtimulating, ſuppurative. Comp.

plaſter

plaſter of litharge ʒj, plaſter of cantharides ʒij, form the *emplaſtrum calidum* of late frequent uſe, in fixed pains, as rheumatiſm, ſciatica, &c.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARGŸRI CUM HYDRARGŸRO. (*Empl. litharg.* ℔j; *hydrarg. p.* ʒiij; *ol. ſulphurati, p.* ʒj.) Reſolvent. Five oz. contain about one of quickſilver.

EMPLASTRUM LITHARGŸRI CUM RESĪNA. (*Empl. litharg.* ℔iij; *reſinæ flavæ* ℔ſs.) Adheſive;—uſed as a retentive to the divided edges of a wound, or to confine other dreſſings.

EMPLASTRUM PĬCIS BURGUNDĬCÆ COMPOSĬTUM. L. (*Picis Burgund.* ℔ij; *ladani* ℔j; *reſinæ flav. ceræ flav. ſing.* ʒiv; *ol. myriſticæ expreſſi, p.* ʒj.) Stimulant, rubefacient. Applied to the temples or forehead, it is ſometimes of uſe in pains of the head.

EMPLASTRUM SAPŌNIS. (*Saponis* ℔ſs; *empl. litharg.* ℔iij.) Diſcutient, applied to lymphatic or other tumours.

EMPLASTRUM THŪRIS COMPOSĬTUM. (*Thuris* ℔ſs; *ſang. draconis* ʒiij; *empl. litharg.* ℔ij.) Adheſive, ſtrengthening.

EMULSĬO ARABĬCA. *E.* (This is made by adding ʒij of mucilage of gum Arabic to ℔ij of almond-milk, while beating the almonds.) Cooling, demulcent, ad libitum.

EMULSĬO CAMPHORĀTA. *E.* (*Camphoræ* ℈j; *amygdalas dulces decorticatas* x; *ſacch. purif.* ʒj; *aquæ, p.* ʒvj. Grind the camphor and almonds well together in a ſtone mortar, and add by degrees the water;

 then

then ſtrain the liquor, and diſſolve in it the ſugar.) Doſe, ʒſs ad ʒij. For its virtues, ſee *Camphora*.

ENŬLA CAMPĀNA, *radix*. Elecampane. Aromatic, expectorant, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

ERYNGĬUM, (i, n.) *radix*. Eryngo, or ſeaholly. *L*. Reſtorative, aperient, diuretic, ʒij ad ʒiij. To make meek aſſes milk, take eryngo, pearl barley, each ʒſs, liquorice-root ʒiij, water ℔ij; boil to ℔j; then ſtrain, and add an equal portion of freſh cow's milk.

EXTRACTUM CACUMĬNIS GĔNĪSTÆ. *L*. Laxative, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM CASCARĪLLÆ. *L*. Tonic, ſtomachic; in dyſpepſy, debility of the bowels, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM CHAMÆMĒLI. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj, bis terve die.

EXTRACTUM CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI. *L*. Ten or twelve grains of the hard extract are reckoned equivalent to about ʒſs of the bark itſelf; but this preparation, though moderately ſtrong in point of bitterneſs, poſſeſſes only a ſmall degree of aſtringency.

EXTRACTUM CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI, CUM RESĪNA. This preparation is different from the former, having the two qualities of bitterneſs and aſtringency proportionably united. It is eſteemed equivalent to about ſix times its quantity of the bark in ſubſtance.

EXTRACTUM

Extractum colocynthĭdis composĭtum. *(Colocynth. ʒvj; aloes soc. ℥iss; scammonii ℥ss; sem. cardam. ʒj.)* Cathartic, gr. v ad ʒss.

Extractum gentiānæ. Tonic, stomachic, gr. x ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

Extractum glycyrrhīzæ. Demulcent, ʒj ad ʒiij, ad libitum.

Extractum hæmatoxȳli, sive ligni campechiāni. Astringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ℈j ad ℈ij.

Extractum hellĕbŏri nigri. Alterative, attenuant, diuretic, emmenagogue, gr. iij ad gr. viij, bis terve die. Cathartic, diuretic, resolvent, gr. x ad ℈j. Extract of black hellebore, myrrh, each ℥j, blessed thistle ʒiij, form the basis of Bacher's famous tonic pill; of which in dropsies he used to give, in three divided portions, at the distance of an hour each, from ʒss to ℈ij, or more, daily, varying the dose according to the strength of its action, and the constitution. In taking this pill drinking plenfully is to be enjoined.

Extractum jalapĭi. Cathartic, gr. viij ad gr. xv, well triturated with some testaceous powder.

Extractum papāvĕris albi. Anodyne, narcotic, gr. j ad gr. v. This, it is said, has about half the strength of opium; and when united with simple syrup, in the proportion of gr. ij to ℥j, may be substituted occasionally for *syrupus papaveris albi.*

Extractum pulsatīllæ nigricāntis. *E.* Acrid, stimulant, resolvent; in cataracts and amaurosis, in

 venereal

venereal nodes, nocturnal pains, indurated glands, ſerpiginous eruptions, melancholy, palſy, &c. gr. v to ℈j, or more, bis terve die.

Extractum rutæ. Stimulant, attenuant, tonic, detergent, gr. x ad ℈j, or more, bis terve die.

Extractum sabīnæ. *L.* Stimulant, aperient, emmenagogue, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

Extractum sennæ. *L.* Cathartic, gr. x ad ʒſs.

Ferri limatūra purificāta. Purified filings of iron. *E.* Tonic, aſtringent, deobſtruent; in chloroſis where acidity in the firſt paſſages abounds, &c. gr. v ad ℈j, or more, bis terve die.

Ferri rubīgo, (gĭnis, f.) Aſtringent, aperient, gr. x ad ʒſs. Emmenagogue, gr. xv ad ʒj, or more, joined with ſome aromatic, ter quaterve die.

Ferrum ammoniacāle. *(Olim, Flor. Martiāles.)* Aſtringent, attenuant, deobſtruent, gr. iij ad gr. xv, or more, bis terve die, in the form of bolus, or pills prepared with ſome gum-reſin. This, or ſome other ſtrong preparation of iron, (as *tinct. ferri muriati,)* Mr. Cline is wont to recommend in ſcirrhous affections of the breaſts. See *Tinct.*

Ferrum tartărisātum. *L.* Aſtringent, deobſtruent, gr. x ad ʒſs, or more, bis terve die.

Ferrum vitrĭolātum. *(Olim, Sal Martis.)* Aſtringent, aperient, emmenagogue, gr. j ad gr. v, or more, bis terve die. In clyſters vermifuge, gr. x ad ʒſs.

Filix, (ĭcis, f.) *radix.* Male-fern. Aſtringent, aperient,

iperient, anthelminthic; in cafes of tænia, to an adult ʒij ad ʒiij, to a child ʒj, early in the morning, with a mercurial cathartic two hours after; which proceſs, if neceſſary, is to be repeated at due intervals. Reſpecting the anthelminthic virtue of this root, Dr. Cullen expreſſes conſiderable doubt.

FLAMMŬLA JOVIS, *folia, flores.* Upright virgin's-bower. *E.* Acrid, ſtimulant, diuretic, diaphoretic; in ſyphilitic caſes with pains in the bones, nodes, or ulcers, in cutaneous diſeaſes, &c. in its freſh ſtate gr. ſs ad gr. j, or ʒſs ad ℈ij, or more, infuſed in boiling water ℥iv, ter die.

FLORES BENZŎËS. Stimulant, expectorant, deobſtruent; in dyſpnœas, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs. See *Tinct.* Alſo errhine.

FLORES SULPHŪRIS LOTI. Laxative, diaphoretic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Troch.*

FOENĬCŬLUM DULCE, *ſemen.* Sweet fennel. Stimulant, diuretic, carminative, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Aqua.*

FOĒNUM GRÆCUM, *ſemen.* Fenugreek. Emollient; in cataplaſms, and clyſters. One oz. boiled in water ℔j, renders it thick and ſlimy.

FULĪGO (gĭnis, f.) LIGNI. Woodſoot. *E.* Corroborant, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric caſes, gr. x ad ℈j, in tincture or infuſion ℈ij, or more.

FUMĀRĬA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Fumitory. *E.* Tonic, attenuant, deobſtruent; in melancholic and cutaneous diſeaſes of the leprous kind, &c. juice ʒiſs ad ʒii, bis die. Alſo in decoction.

GALBĂNUM

GALBĂNUM PURIFICĀTUM, *gummi-resīna*. Anti-ſpaſmodic; againſt nervous and hyſteric diſorders, gr. x ad ℈j, or more. See *Pil. & Tinct.*

GALLA, (æ, f.) The gall. Powerfully aſtringent, gr. x ad ʒſs. Alſo externally againſt the piles, mixed with ſix or eight times its quantity of lard, and a little camphor; or, by way of fomentation—bruiſed galls ʒſs, boiling water ℔ij, macerate an hour, and ſtrain.

GAMBOGĬA, (æ, f.) *gummi-resīna*. Gamboge. Cathartic, hydragogue; in dropſy, &c. gr. iij ad gr. iv, finely powdered, every three hours, till it operates. Emetic, cathartic; in tænia, &c. gr. vj ad gr. x, or more, joined with an equal proportion of prepared kali. Gamboge gr. xxxvj, ſpir. of ammonia ʒiv,—of this a tea-ſpoonful or two, taken night and morn, has been of ſervice in ſome cutaneous diſeaſes.

GĔNĪSTA, (æ, f.) *cacūmen, ſemen*. Broom. Cathartic, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj, or more. See *Extr.* The cure of dropſy, ſays Dr. Cullen, has been ſometimes effected by giving ʒj of a decoction, made by boiling ʒſs of freſh broom-tops in water ℔j to ℔ſs, every hour or two, till it operated by ſtool and urine, and repeating this proceſs every, or every other day, accordingly.

GENTIĀNA, (æ; f.) *radix*. Gentian. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈ij. See *Extr. Infuſ. Tinct. & Vinum.*

GEOFFRÆA, (æ, f.) *cortex*. Cabbage-tree. *E.* Laxative, detergent, narcotic, anthelminthic; againſt the

the lumbrici, aſcarides, &c. ℈j ad ℈ij. It is, however, beſt given in the form of decoction or ſyrup, the former of which ſee.

Ginseng; (n. indecl.) *radix*. Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj.

Glycyrrhīza, (æ, f.) *radix*. Liquorice. Attenuant, demulcent, ʒſs ad ʒj. See *Extr. & Troch.* As this is almoſt the only ſweet that quenches thirſt, the term adipſon has been applied to it by the Greeks.

Granātum, (i, n.) *floris petălum, fructus cortex*. The pomegranate-tree. Flowers, called balauſtine, mildly aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Bark of the fruit powerfully aſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion or decoction ʒij ad ʒſs.

Gratiŏla, (æ, f.) *herba*. Hedge-hyſſop. Emetic, purgative, diuretic, anthelminthic; in dropſy, worms, &c. gr. x ad ℈j, or more, in infuſion ʒij of the freſh herb, or ʒj of the dried. A ſlight decoction in milk, it is ſaid, operates the mildeſt. This being an active medicine, it may be prudent perhaps to uſe it only in ſmall doſes, and to repeat theſe, at ſhort intervals, after the manner of Bergius; who in certain caſes directs gr. x in powder, with half as much gentian, every two hours, till it operates.

Guāiăcum, (i, n.) *lignum, cortex, gummi-reſīna*. Stimulant, diaphoretic. The wood and bark in decoction; *which* ſee. Gum gr. v ad ℈j, in the form of bolus, or milk prepared by firſt triturating the gum with an equal proportion of fine ſugar, and then

then with mucilage of gum Arabic, or yolk of egg, ſo as to be miſcible with water or watery liquors. When exhibited in this laſt form, ſays Dr. Cullen, in a quantity ſufficient over night, (as from gr. xv to 3ſs,) to open the belly once next day, we have found it uſeful in chronic rheumatiſm, or even when diſorders of the ſtomach, or wandering pains in other parts of the body could be imputed to atonic or retrocedent gout.

HÆMATOXŸLUM, (i, n.) *lignum*. Logwood. Aſtringent, in decoction 3ij ad 3iij, ter quaterve die. See *Extr*.

HĔDĔRA TERRESTRIS, *herba*. Groundivy. *E*. Stimulant, tonic, expectorant, aperient, 3ſs ad 3j, in infuſion 3j ad 3iij, bis terve die.

HELLĔBŎRĀSTER, (ſtri, m.) *folium*. Bear's-foot. Emetic, cathartic, vermifuge; againſt the lumbrici, &c. in decoction 3ij of the freſh leaves, or ℈ij of the dried, ſemel aut bis die.

HELLĔBŎRUS (i, m.) ALBUS, *radix*. White hellebore. Sternutatory. Externally, ſee *Decoct*. & *Ung*. Internally, ſee *Tinct. veratri*.

HELLĔBŎRUS NIGER; *radix*. Black hellebore. Alterative, attenuant, and in plethoric habits emmenagogue, gr. ij ad gr. vj, bis terve die. Strongly cathartic; in mania, &c. gr. x ad ℈j, or more. See *Extr*. & *Tinct*.

HIPPOCASTĂNUM, (i, n.) *fructus*. The horſe-cheſnut. *E*. Errhine; againſt ophthalmia, headachs, &c. in powder gr. iij or iv, every evening; alſo in decoc-

tion

tion or infusion. The bark likewise of this tree has been successfully employed for the cure of intermittents, in doses similar to those of cinchona.

HORDĔUM, (i, n.) *semen, semen omni cortice nudātum.* Barley. See *Decoct.*

HYDRARGŸRUS (i, m.) ACETĀTUS. Alterative, antivenereal, gr. j ad g. vj, or more, semel aut bis die. This, which forms the basis of Keyser's pill, says Mr. Bell, is milder in its operation and less disposed to affect the stomach and bowels than any other preparation of mercury internally employed; but at the same time he considers it as less certain in curing venereal disorders.

HYDRARGŸRUS CALCINĀTUS. *(Olim, Merc. calc.)* L. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. ss ad gr. ij, every night, joined with camphor and opium, each gr. ½ cor ½. Violently emetic, and cathartic, gr. iv ad gr. v.

HYDRARGŸRUS CUM CRĒTA. *(Olim, Merc. alkal.)* L. Alterative; in cutaneous and venereal complaints, in obstructions of the viscera, or of the prostate gland, &c. gr. x ad ʒss, bis terve die.

HYDRARGŸRUS MURIĀTUS. *(Olim, Merc. corros. sublim.)* Alterative, antivenereal, gr. $\frac{1}{6}$ ad ½, in the form of pill, or dissolved in a spoonful of brandy, once, twice, or thrice a day, with plentiful dilution to prevent its griping. Also in gargles for venereal ulcers in the throat, muriated quicksilver gr. iij or v, barley decoction ℔j, rose-honey ʒij;—against tetters, &c. gr. v ad gr. x to water ℔j;—and for films and exulcerations of the cornea, gr. j to water ʒiv.

HYDRARGŸRUS MURIĀTUS MITIS. Alterative, antivenereal, &c. in doſes ſimilar to thoſe of calomel. See *Pilulæ*.

HYDRARGŸRUS NITRĀTUS RUBER. *(Olim, Merc. corroſ. rub.)* In unguents ſtimulant, eſcharotic, ʒſs ad ʒi, or more, to wax ointment ʒj. United with a triple or quadruple proportion of fine ſugar, and blown into the eye, night and morn, it is uſeful, ſays Mr. Bell, againſt ſpecks and films of the cornea; in which caſes, he adds, further benefit may be derived from the daily uſe of a ſolution of vitriolated zinc, or verdigriſe, at noon.

HYDRARGŸRUS PRÆCIPITĀTUS CINĔRĔUS. *E. (Hydrargyri, acidi nitroſi diluti, paria pondera.* Mix that the quickſilver may be diſſolved, then dilute with water, and add a ſufficient quantity of water of ammonia to ſeparate the quickſilver from the acid; after which the powder is to be waſhed with pure water, and dried.) Alterative; in ſyphilis, &c. gr. j ad gr. v, night and morn. Alſo in the way of fumigation like red ſulphurated quickſilver, to which it is preferable, on account of its not yielding any vapour offenſive to the patient.

HYDRARGŸRUS PURIFICĀTUS. Mercury, or quickſilver. In conſtipations of the bowels, ʒiſs ad ʒiv, or more; but, excepting where the caſe is attended with an inverted motion of the whole inteſtinal canal, its utility may be juſtly doubted. Quickſilver ʒvj, water ℔j; boil gently in a covered earthen veſſel, 15 minutes, ſtirring the mercury frequently; when cold decant off the liquor for uſe;—doſe to children,

children ʒj ad ʒij, or more, bis die, againſt worms. See *Pil.* Externally, ſee *Empl.* & *Ung.*

HYDRARGŸRUS CUM SULPHŬRE. *(Olim, Æthiops min.)* Alterative, vermifuge, ϑj ad ʒj, bis terve die.

HYDRARGŸRUS SULPHURĀTUS RUBER. *(Olim, Cinnab. fact.) L.* Alterative, ϑj ad ʒſs. Alſo in fumigation againſt venereal ulcers in the noſe, mouth, or throat, venereal excreſcences about the anus, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, ſemel aut bis die.

HYDRARGŸRUS VITRĬOLĀTUS. *(Olim, Merc. emet. flav.)* Emetic, gr. ij ad gr. v. Alſo errhine; againſt amauroſis attended with dilatation of the pupil, &c. gr. ¼, or more, mixed with eight times its weight of liquorice powder, or the compound powder of aſarabacca, once or twice a day:—where the noſe is peculiarly dry, Mr. Ware adviſes the ſteam of warm water to be previouſly inhaled.

HYDROLĂPĂTHUM, (i, n.) *radix.* Waterdock. *E.* Strongly aſtringent, deobſtruent; in defœdations of the ſkin, &c. gr. xv ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒſs ad ʒij, bis terve die. This root powdered is ſaid to be an excellent dentifrice.

HYOSCYĂMUS, (i, m.) *herba, ſemen.* Black henbane. *E.* Narcotic, diaphoretic, laxative, reſolvent; in puerperal mania, and melancholy, in glandular ſwellings, ſcirrhus, cancer, hæmoptyſis, &c. gr. iij ad gr. x, or more, bis terve die. See *Suc.* Alſo externally to reſolve ſwellings, and to allay pain in caſes of ſcirrhus, rheumatiſm, &c. under the form of cataplaſm of

HYPERĬCUM, (i, n.) *flos.* St. John's-wort. *L.* Aſtringent, corroborant; in hyſterical and hypochondriacal affections, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, bis, ter, quaterve die. In the leaves of this plant are to be found little veſicles containing an eſſential oil, ſomewhat reſembling that of turpentine; on which there is reaſon to ſuppoſe its medicinal virtues principally depend.

HYSSŌPUS, (i, m.) *herba.* Hyſſop. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, attenuant, expectorant; in humoral aſthmas, coughs, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. Externally in fomentations diſcutient; alſo in poultice againſt contuſions, &c.

ICHTHŸŎCŌLLA, (æ, f.) Fiſh-glue, or iſinglaſs. *L.* Reſtorative, agglutinating, demulcent, incraſſant.

IMPĔRĀTORĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Maſterwort. *E.* Stimulant, ſtomachic, ʒſs, in infuſion ʒj, bis terve die. Alſo ſialogogue.

INFŪSUM CATĔCHU. *E. (Catechu ʒiijſs; cort. cinnam. ʒſs; aq. ferventis,* P. *ʒvij; ſyrupi ſimpl.* P. *ʒj.* Macerate the catechu and cinnamon in the water two hours, in a cloſe veſſel; then ſtrain, and add the ſyrup.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒj ad ʒij.

INFŪSUM GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *(Gentianæ ʒj; cort. limon. rec. ℥ſs; cort. aurant. exſic. ʒiſs; aq. fervent. ℥xij.* Macerate an hour, and ſtrain.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiij, bis terve die. Comp. infuſion of gentian ℥x, prepared kali ℈ij, ſpir. of juniper ʒij, taken at three doſes, daily, with ſome gentle laxative

tive occaſionally, ſtand recommended in aſcites ariſing after intermittents.

INFŪSUM RHEI. *E. (Rad. rhabarbari ℥ſs; aquæ bullientis, p. ℥viij; ſpir. cinnàmomi, p. ℥j.* Macerate the rhubarb with the water, in a cloſe veſſel, for a night; then add the ſpir. of cinnamon, and ſtrain.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs.

INFŪSUM ROSÆ. *(Roſar. rubr. ℥ſs; aq. diſt. ferv. ℔ijſs; acidi vitrioli diluti, p. ziij; ſacch. pur. ℥iſs.* Firſt pour the water on the roſes, then the acid, and macerate half an hour, in a glaſs veſſel; when cold, ſtrain, and add the ſugar.) Subaſtringent, ℥ij ad ℥vj.

INFŪSUM SENNÆ SIMPLEX. *L. (Sennæ ℥iſs; zingib. ʒj; aq. fervent. ℔j.* Macerate an hour, in a covered veſſel, and ſtrain.) Purgative, ℥iſs ad ℥iij.

INFŪSUM SENNÆ TARTĂRISĀTUM. *L. (Sennæ ℥iſs; coriandri ℥ſs; cryſt. tartari ʒij; aq. fervent. ℔j.)* Purgative, ℥iſs ad ℥iij.

INFŪSUM TAMARINDŌRUM CUM SENNA. *E. (Fructus tamarind. ʒvj; cryſtallorum tartari, fol. ſennæ, ſing. ʒj; ſem. coriandri ʒſs; ſacch. non purif. ℥ſs; aquæ bullient. p. ℥viij.* Macerate in a cloſe earthen veſſel, four hours, ſhaking it often, and ſtrain.) Cooling, laxative, ℥ij and ℥iv.

IPECACŬANHA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Emetic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Diaphoretic; in uterine hæmorrhages, hæmoptoë, coughs, diarrhœa, &c. gr. $\frac{1}{3}$ ad gr. $\frac{1}{2}$, or more. See *Pulv. & Vinum.*

IRIS, (ĭdis, f.) *radix.* Florentine orris. Juice, in its turbid ſtate, ſtrongly acrid and cathartic; in dropſies,

dropſies, ʒj ad ʒiſs, largely diluted. In powder expectorant, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo errhine.

Iris palustris, *radix*. Yellow waterflag. *E.* Undepurated juice ſtrongly acrid and cathartic; in dropſies, gt. lx, largely diluted, every two or three hours till it operates, occaſionally increaſed to ʒij. Alſo externally againſt ſerpiginous eruptions, and ſcrofulous tumours. The freſh root of this ſpecies is rather more acrid and cathartic than the preceding.

Jalapium, (i, n.) *radix*. Jalap. Cathartic, gr. x ad ʒſs.—It is well ſuited to cold phlegmatic habits. See *Extr. Pulv. & Tinctura*.

Juglans, (dis, f.) *fructus immaturus*. The walnut-tree. *L.* Tonic, laxative, anthelminthic; againſt worms, &c. in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, or more, ter die. Of a watery extract ʒij diſſolved in cinnamon water ʒſs,—doſe, to children from two years old to three, gt. xx gradually increaſed to l, ter die.

Juniperus, (i, f.) *bacca, cacumen*. The juniper-tree. Stimulant, ſtomachic, diuretic, ʒſs ad ʒj. In infuſion ʒij to boiling water ℔j. Alſo in decoction. See *Ol. & Spir.*

Kali acetatum, *(Olim, Sal diuret.)* Diaphoretic, diuretic, deobſtruent, ℈j ad ʒj. Laxative, diuretic, ʒiſs ad ʒiij, or more.

Kali præparatum. *(Vice Sal abſinth.)* Antacid, attenuant, diuretic, gr. v. ad ℈j, properly diluted. See *Aqua*. In general, one ſcr. of kali requires ʒſs of lemon-juice, or ʒij of diluted vitriolic acid by meaſure,

measure, for saturation. In the aerated alkaline water, as directed by Dr. Falconer, the proportion of alkali is as ʒj to water ℔iv,—dose ʒiv, bis, ter, quaterve die.

KALI PURUM. *(Olim, Lapis septicus.)*

KALI SULPHURĀTUM. *(Flor. sulph. ʒj; kali ppti ʒv.)* *L.* Diaphoretic; against herpetic eruptions, arsenical, mercurial and saturnine poisons, &c. gr. v ad gr. xv, or more, ter quaterve die, followed by a plentiful draught of warm water. Also externally against tinea, and other cutaneous diseases, in the proportion of ʒj ad ʒss to water ℔j.

KALI TARTĂRISĀTUM. *(Olim, Tart. solub.)* Aperient, ℈j ad ʒj. Purgative, ʒij ad ʒss, or more.

KALI VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Tart. vitriolat.)* Febrifuge, aperient, ℈j ad ʒss. Mildly cathartic, ʒiv ad ʒv.

KĪNO, (n, indecl.) *resīna.* Astringent; in chronic diarrhœas, leucorrhœas, laxity with acrimony, hæmorrhages from the urethra, &c. gr. x ad ℈j, or more. See *Tinct.*

LAC (tis, n.) AMMŌNIĂCI. *(Ammon. ʒss; aq. dist. ℥ij.)* Attenuant, expectorant, antispasmodic, ʒiij ad ℥j, or more.

LAC AMYGDĂLÆ. *(Amyg. dulc. ʒiss; sacch. pur. ʒss; aquæ ℔ij.)* Cooling, demulcent; in hectic cases, against heat of urine, strangury, &c. ʒij ad ℥v, ad libitum.

LAC ASÆ FŒTĬDÆ. *(Asæ fœtidæ ʒss; aq. dist. ʒij.)* Stimulant, expectorant, antispasmodic, ʒss ad ʒiss, or

or more. This, says Dr. Clark, joined with volatile alkali, I have given with the best effects, in obstinate hiccups remaining after fevers.

LACTŪCA VIRŌSA, *folia*. Wild lettuce. *E.* Narcotic, diuretic, laxative, resolvent. See *Succus*.

LADĂNUM, (i, n.) *resīna*. *L.* Stimulant, gr. x ad ʒs. Externally, see *Emplastrum*.

LAPIS (ĭdis, m.) CALAMINĀRIS PRÆPĂRĀTUS. Astringent; in lotions for sore eyes, &c. See *Cerat*.

LAURUS, (us vel ī, f.) *folium, bacca*. The bay-tree. Carminative, antispasmodic, gr. x ad ʒs, in decoction ʒj ad ʒij, or more. See *Oleum*.

LAVENDŬLA, (æ, f.) *flos*. Lavender. Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. Also externally in fomentations for paralytic limbs. See *Oleum*, & *Spiritus*.

LĪCHEN, (ēnis, m.) *herba*. Eryngo-leaved, or Iceland liverwort. *E.* Tonic, nutritive, demulcent. The dried plant boiled in water or milk, to the amount of ʒss or ℥j, daily, has of late been advantageously employed in phthisis, coughs, diarrhœas, dysentery, &c. Lichen ℥j, water ℥xx; boil gently fifteen minutes, adding, towards the end, ʒiij of liquorice-root,—dose, a tea cupful.

LIGUSTĬCUM, (i, n.) *semen*. Lovage. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, emmenagogue; in hysteric and uterine complaints, ʒs ad ʒj, in decoction or infusion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die.

LILĬUM (i, n.) ALBUM, *radix*. The white lily. *E.* Formed into a poultice with milk, emollient, suppurative.

LĪMON,

LĪMON, (ōnis, m.) *succus, cortex exterior.* Lemon. Juice cooling, antiseptic, restringent, ʒj ad ʒfs. See *Syr.* Peel stimulant, stomachic, in infusion, if fresh, ʒfs. ad ʒij, daily. See *Aq.* & *Oleum.*

LĬNĬMENTUM AMMONĬÆ. *(Aq. ammoniæ ʒfs; ol. olivæ ʒifs.)* Stimulant; against rheumatic and spasmodic pains, paralytic numbnesses, &c.

LĬNĬMENTUM AMMONĬÆ FORTĬUS. *(Aq. ammoniæ puræ ʒj; ol. olivæ ʒij.)* Rubefacient, &c. as the former.

LĬNĬMENTUM AQUÆ CALCIS. *E. (Olei sem. lini, aquæ calcis, sing. partes æquales.)* Against burns, scalds, &c.

LĬNĬMENTUM CAMPHŎRÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *L. (Camph. ʒij; aq. ammoniæ puræ ʒvj; spir. lavendulæ, p. ʒxvj.* Unless the two last articles be distilled, as the College directs, whereby the spirituous part only is obtained with the pure ammonia, the whole of the camphor will not dissolve.) Stimulant; anodyne; against local spasmodic pains, paralytic numbnesses, &c. This formule approaches to the volatile essence of the late Dr. Ward; it is of equal, if not of superior activity.

LĬNĬMENTUM OPIĀTUM. *E. (Opii ʒj; saponis albi Hisp. ʒiv; camphoræ ʒij; ol. roris marini essent. p. ʒfs; spir. vini rect. p. ℔ij.* Digest the opium and soap in the spirit, three days; then to the strained liquor add the camphor and oil, diligently shaking the vessel.) Anodyne; to strained limbs, &c. One oz. contains ℈j of opium.

LĪNĬMENTUM SAPŌNIS COMPOSĬTUM. *(Saponis ℥iij; camph. ℥j; ſpir. roris marini ℔j.)* For rheumatic pains, bruiſes, ſprains, &c. Compound liniment of ſoap, water of acetated ammonia, each ℥j, water of pure ammonia ℥ſs, are ſaid to form the celebrated remedy known under the name of *Steers's Opodeldoc.*

LĬNĬMENTUM SIMPLEX. *E. (Ol. olivæ partes quatuor; ceræ albæ partem unam.)* Softening, healing to chaps, &c.

LĪNUM, (i, n.) *ſemen.* Flax,—the ſeed is called linſeed. Emollient, demulcent. In infuſion ℥j to water ℔j. In poultice emollient, reſolvent. For ſuppurative inflammations and freſh wounds, ſays Mr. J. Hunter, a poultice made by ſtirring linſeed powder into boiling water q. s. adding afterwards a little oil or lard, forms the beſt application. See *Ol.*

LIQUOR (ōris, m.) VOLATĬLIS CORNU CERVI. *(Olim Spir. cornu cervi.)* Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx ad ℥j, or more. Of this gt. x are reckoned to contain gr. j of the ſalt.

LITHARGŸRUS, (i, m.) Litharge. See *Aq. & Empl.*

LIXĪVA VITRIŎLĀTA SULPHURĔA. *E. (Olim, Sal polycreſt.)* Cooling, aperient, gr. xv ad ℥ſs.

LOBELĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Blue cardinal-flower. *E.* Cathartic, antiſyphilitic. This plant the American Indians conſider as a ſpecific in lues.—Of a decoction made with a handful of the dried roots in ℔xij of water boiled to ℔viij, half a pint is firſt taken twice a day, then three times a day, and afterwards four times a day; unleſs its purgative effects be-

come too violent, in which case the medicine is intermitted for a day or two, and then renewed till a cure is accomplished.

LUJŬLA, (æ, f.) *folium*. Woodsorrel. Acid, cooling, restringent, juice ℥ss ad ℥iss. See *Conf.*

MACIS, (ĭdis, f.) Mace. Stimulant, carminative, stomachic, gr. x ad ℈j.

MAGNESĬA ALBA. Antacid, ℈j ad ʒj.—These doses to children prove also laxative.

MAGNESĬA USTA. Antacid, laxative. Being deprived of carbonic acid, this has twice the strength of the former, and commonly requires plentiful dilution. See *Troch.* Calcined magnesia ℈j, given every three, four, or five hours, with ℥iss of an infusion made with crystals of tartar ʒj, tamarinds, manna, each ʒiij, in decoction of barley ℔j, has answered the purpose, it is said, of a gentle laxative, when other things have failed to stay on the stomach.

MAGNESĬA VITRĬOLĀTA. *(Olim, Sal. cath. amar.)* Mildly cathartic; in colic pains, &c. ℥ss ad ʒx. The more this is diluted, the less is the quanity required to procure the desired effect. In clysters laxative ℥iss, or more.

MAJORĀNA, (æ, f.) *herba*. Sweet marjoram. Stimulant, aromatic, ℈j to ʒj. Also sternutatory.

MALVA, (æ, f.) *folium, flos*. Common mallow. Emollient, ʒss ad ʒj, juice of the leaves ℥j ad ℥ij. Also in fomentations, poultices, and clysters.

MANNA, (æ, f.) Gently laxative, ℥ss ad ℥iss, or more.

MARRŬBĬUM

MARRŬBĬUM (i, n.) ALBUM, *herba*. White horehound. Stimulant, tonic, deobſtruent; in cachexy, hyſteria, pituitous aſthmas, &c. 3ſs ad 3j, expreſſed juice ℥ſs ad ℥iſs, in infuſion half a handful, or more, bis terve die.

MARUM (i, n.) SŸRIĂCUM, *herba*. Herb-maſtich. *L*. Stimulant, ſtomachic, gr. x ad 3ſs. Alſo errhine.

MASTĬCHE, (es, f.) *reſīna*. Maſtich. Stimulant, corroborant, balſamic; in old coughs, weakneſſes of the ſtomach, &c. gr. x ad 3ſs, bis terve die. A ſolution of this reſin in oil of turpentine, is ſaid to form an advertiſed remedy for the toothach.

MEL (mellis, n.) DESPUMĀTUM. Attenuant, aperient, 3ij ad ℥j, or more. With ſome conſtitutions freſh honey greatly diſagrees, an inconvenience which is commonly obviated by boiling. It is ſaid, that honey excellently covers the taſte of purging ſalts and waters; and that taken to the amount of ſeveral ounces a day, it has been of ſervice in certain aſthmatic complaints.

MEL ACETĀTUM. *L*. (*Mellis deſp.* P. ℔ij; *aceti diſt.* ℔j. Boil gently, in a glaſs veſſel, to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Cooling, expectorant, 3j ad 3ij. In gargles cooling, detergent.

MEL ROSÆ. ℞. In gargles cooling, detergent. Roſe-honey ℥ſs, muriatic acid gt. xx, or more, compoſe, ſays Van Swieten, an efficacious application for gangrene or ſcorbutic ſoreneſs of the mouth, to be uſed by means of a pencil bruſh, often in the day.

MEL SCILLÆ. *L*. (*Mellis deſp.* P. ℔iij; *tinct. ſcillæ* ℔ij. Boil to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Aperient, expectorant, detergent, 3ſs to 3ij.

MELISSA,

MELISSA, (æ, f.) *herba*. Balm. Stimulant, corroborant, gr. x ad ʒij.

MENTHA PIPERĪTIS, (ĭdis.) *herba*. Peppermint. Stimulant, ſtomachic, carminative; in flatulent colics, hyſteric depreſſions, &c. gr. x ad ʒij. See *Aq. Ol. & Spiritus*.

MENTHA SATĪVA, *herba*. Spearmint. Stimulant. ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj. See *Aq. Conſ. Ol. & Spir.*

MEZERĔUM, (i, n.) *radīcis cortex*. Mezereon, or ſpurge-olive. Acrid, ſtimulant, alterative; againſt chronic eruptions, ſcirrhous ſwellings, venereal nodes, &c. gr. j ad gr. x. See *Decoct.* By directing a thin ſlice to be chewed as often as it could be borne, Dr. Withering relates that he once cured, within the ſpace of a month, an alarming difficulty of ſwallowing, ſeemingly ariſing from a paralytic affection.

MILLĔFŎLĬUM, (i, n.) *folia, flores*. Milfoil, or common yarrow. *E.* Tonic, aſtringent, aromatic; in internal hæmorrhages and hæmorrhoidal colic, in diarrhœas, various ſpaſmodic affections, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj; in decoction or infuſion ʒiſs ad ʒiij, ter quaterve die.

MILLĔPĔDA PRÆPĂRĀTA. Prepared woodlouſe. Diuretic, deobſtruent, ʒj and ʒij.

MINĬUM, (i, n.) Redlead. Aſtringent in plaſters.

MISTŪRA CAMPHORĀTA. *L. (Camph. ʒj; ſpir. vini rect. gt. x; ſacch. pur. ʒſs; aq. fervent. ℔j.)* Antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous languors, &c. ʒſs to ʒij, or more.

MISTŪRA,

Mistūra cretacĕa. *L. (Cretæ præp. Arab. gum. ſing. ʒj; ſacch. pur. gr. xlv; aq. diſt. ʒiv.)* Aſtringent, antacid; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒiſs ad ʒiij.

Mistūra moschāta. *L. (Aquæ roſæ ʒiij; moſchi ℈j; Arab. gummi, ſacch. pur. ſing. ʒſs.* Rub the muſk with the ſugar, then with the gum, and add the roſe-water gradually.) Diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more.

Mōrum, (i, n.) Mulberry,—the fruit of the *morus*, mulberry-tree. *L.* Cooling, reſtringent. See *Syr.*

Moschus, (i, m.) *in folliculo prope umbilicum ſito, collectus.* Muſk. Diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Miſt. & Tinct.* Muſk, prepared ammonia, each gr. x, repeated every three hours, Mr. White has found ſerviceable in caſes of gangrene accompanied with or occaſioned by convulſive ſpaſms, or when ariſing from local injury producing ſymptoms of irritation, as ſingultus, ſubſultus tendinum, or the like.

Mucilāgo (gĭnis, f.) amўli. *(Amyli ʒiij; aquæ ℔j.)* Demulcent; in diarrhœas, dyſenteries, or teneſmus, ʒiv ad ʒvj, by way of clyſter, with an opiate occaſionally.

Mucilāgo arabĭci gummi. *(Arab. gum. pulv. ʒiv; aq. diſt. fervent. ʒviij.* Rub the gum with the water, until it is diſſolved.) Demulcent; for coughs, &c. ʒſs, or more.

Mucilāgo semĭnis cydonĭi mali. *L. (Sem. cydon. mali ʒj; aquæ ʒviij.* Boil with a ſlow fire ten minutes, and ſtrain.) Demulcent. Joined with ſyrup of

of mulberry and a little borax, it is uſeful againſt aphthæ of the mouth and fauces.

MUCILĀGO TRAGĂCANTHÆ. (*Tragacanth. pulv.* ℥ſs; *aq. diſt.* ℥x. Macerate with a gentle heat until the tragacanth is diſſolved.) As this mucilage has much more tenacity than mucil. of gum Arab. it would ſeem better adapted for the making of troches, for the ſuſpenſion of mercury, and the like,

MYRĪSTĬCA, (æ, f.) *fructus nŭclĕus*, NUX MOSCHĀTA *dictus*. The nutmeg-tree. Stimulant, aromatic, hypnotic, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Ol. & Spir.*

MYRRHA, (æ, f.) *gummi-reſina*. Myrrh. Stimulant, attenuant; in dyſodia pulmonica, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Pulv. & Tinct.* Rubbed with a fifth part of camphor, it unites with water both more readily, and with greater permanency. Myrrh ℥j, prepared kali ℥ſs, vitriolated iron gr. xij, compoſe the famous medicine of Dr. Griffith; of which in ſlow hectic caſes, &c. he was wont to begin with a fourth part, thrice a day, and then to increaſe the doſe gradually to a third.

NASTURTĬUM (i, n.) AQUATĬCUM, *herba recens*. Watercreſs. Stimulant, attenuant, aperient, juice ℥j ad ℥ij, bis terve die.

NATRON (i, n.) PRÆPĂRĀTUM. (*Vulgo, Sal ſodæ.*) Antacid, attenuant, gr. x ad ℥ſs. Natron ℥ij, cinchona ℥j, mucilage of gum Arab. q. s. to form an electuary,—doſe ℥ij, bis terve die, in ſcrofula, &c.

NATRON TARTĂRISĀTUM. (*Vulgo, Sal Rupellenſis.*) Mildly cathartic, ℥vj ad ℥iſs. To the taſte this ſalt is leſs nauſeous than almoſt any other neutral.

NATRON

NATRON VITRĬOLĀTUM. *(Olim, Sal cath. Glaub.)* Cathartic; in habitual coſtiveneſs, bilious colics, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs. A poultice, conſiſting of vitriolated natron ʒj, boiling water ℔ſs, crumbs of bread q. s. Dr. Kirkland employs in thoſe inflammations of the eye, where the ſecretions are deficient.

NICOTIĀNA, (æ, f.) *folium*. Tobacco. Narcotic, diuretic, ſometimes emetic, expectorant, gr. ſs ad gr. v. See *Vinum*. Alſo errhine, ſialogogue. The fume, or ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, infuſed ten minutes in boiling water ℔j, is employed by way of clyſter for conſtipations of the bowels proceeding from ſpaſm, incarcerated hernia, &c. The fume alſo in ſmoking is ſometimes of uſe againſt chronic pains of the bowels, aſthma, worms, &c. and in clyſter againſt that ſpecies of worm called the aſcarides.

NITRUM (i, n.) PURIFICĀTUM. Purified nitre. Refrigerant, diaphoretic, diuretic, gr. v ad ʒſs. See *Troch.* In gargles attenuant, detergent, ʒj in ℥vj.

OLĔUM AMYGDĂLÆ. Emollient, demulcent, ʒiij ad ʒj, in the form of emulſion, repeatedly. To prepare neatly oleaginous emulſions by means of mucilage, or yolk of egg; the only circumſtances which demand attention, are, the getting of only at firſt a very ſmall quantity of oil, well blended with the whole of the uniting medium, adding afterwards the remainder gradually, ſo that it may be incorporated by little and little; and the uſing of water free from adventitious matters. Oil of almonds ʒiv, water of acetated litharge gt. viij, form an uſeful injection to abate inflammation in gonorrhœa.

OLĔUM

Olĕum animāle. Diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. x ad gt. xl.

Olĕum anīsi essentiāle. Stimulant, carminative, gt. v ad gt. xij. The eſſential oils are uſually given incorporated with ſugar, ſo as to form an oleo-ſaccharum, or with other medicines in form of pills.

Olĕum camphorātum. *E.* (*Ol. olivæ ℥ij*; *camphoræ ℥ſs.* Diſſolve the camphor in the oil.) Externally anodyne, antiſpaſmodic; againſt retention of urine, rheumatic and other pains, aſcites, &c.

Olĕum carúi essentiāle. *L.* Stimulant, carminative, gt. j ad gt. v.

Olĕum caryŏphīlli aromatĭci essentiāle. *L.* Stimulant, aromatic, gt. iij ad gt. vj.

Olĕum cinnamōmi essentiāle. *L.* Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. j ad gt. iij.

Olĕum cornu cervi. Externally ſtimulant; to benumbed or paralytic limbs.

Olĕum junipĕri baccæ essentiāle. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gt. ij ad gt. iv. Diuretic, detergent, gt. vj ad gt. x, or more.

Olĕum lauri baccārum expressum. *E.* Externally anodyne, antiſpaſmodic; againſt rheumatic pains, ſprains, &c.

Olĕum lavendŭlæ essentiāle. Stimulant; in nervous headachs, and hyſteric complaints, gt. j ad gt. v.

Olĕum limōnis essentiāle. Stimulant, ſto-

 machic,

machic, gt. ij ad gt. v. Alſo externally in unguents, as a perfume.

OLĔUM LĪNI E SEMINĬBUS. Emollient, demulcent, ℥ſs ad ℥j. In clyſters ℥iij ad ℥vj, or more, againſt flatulent colics attended with coſtiveneſs, &c.

OLĔUM MENTHÆ PIPERITĬDIS ESSENTIĀLE. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gt. j ad gt. iij.

OLĔUM MENTHÆ SATĪVÆ ESSENTIĀLE. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gt. ij ad gt. v.

OLĔUM MYRĪSTĬCÆ ESSENTIĀLE. *(Olim, Oleum nucis moſchatæ.)* Stimulant, aromatic, gt. ij ad gt. v.

OLĔUM MYRĪSTĬCÆ EXPRESSUM. *(Vulgo, Oleum macis.)* Externally in plaſters, ſtimulant, antiſpaſmodic.

OLĔUM OLĪVÆ. Emollient, demulcent, ℥iij ad ℥j.

OLĔUM ORIGĀNI ESSENTIĀLE. Acrid, ſtimulant, gt. j ad gt. ij, or more. This, however, is ſeldom employed, except for eaſing the pains of carious teeth, and other external purpoſes.

OLĔUM PALMÆ. *E.* Externally againſt local pains, cramps, ſprains, chilblains, &c.

OLĔUM PIMENTÆ ESSENTIĀLE. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, gt. iij ad gt. v.

OLĔUM PULEGĬI ESSENTIĀLE. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. ij ad gt. v.

OLĔUM PETROLĔI. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, gt. x ad gt. xxx. Alſo externally againſt rheumatic pains, and paralytic weakneſſes.

OLĔUM RĬCĬNI E SEMINĬBUS. Mildly and ſpeedily laxative, ℥ſs ad ℥j, or more. Taken in a cup of coffee, its offenſive taſte is ſcarcely to be perceived.

OLĔUM

Olĕum rōris marīni essentiāle. Stimulant; in nervous complaints, gt. ij ad gt. v.

Olĕum sabīnæ essentiāle. *E.* Stimulant, emmenagogue, gt. iij ad gt. v, or more.

Olĕum sassăfras radīcis essentiāle. Stimulant, ſudorific, gt. ij ad gt. x.

Olĕum sinapĕos. *L.* Emollient, ℥ſs ad ℥j. This has none of the pungency of muſtard-ſeed, and is equally mild with any other oil.

Olĕum succĭni. Externally ſtimulant; in liniments for weak or paralytic limbs, and rheumatic and ſpaſmodic pains.

Olĕum succĭni rectificātum. Stimulant, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſterical diſorders, epilepſy, &c. gt. x ad gt. xx, or more.

Olĕum sulphurātum. (*Olim*, *Bals. ſulph. ſimpl.*) Acrid, ſtimulant; for coughs, &c. gt. x ad gt. xx, bis terve die.

Olĕum terebinthĭnæ. *L.* Externally ſtimulant; againſt rheumatic pains, ſprains, &c. Oil of turpentine ℥j, oil of olive ℥ijſs, vitriolic acid gt. xlv, form an efficacious application for chronic affections of the joints, from ſprains or bruiſes.

Olĕum terebinthĭnæ rectificātum. Stimulant, diuretic, ſudorific; in ſciatica and chronic rheumatiſm, gt. x ad ℥j, mixed with four times its quantity of honey, ſemel aut bis die, with plentiful dilution. Alſo againſt paſſive uterine hæmorrhages, gt. x ad gt. xx. Oil of almonds ℥ſs, oil of turpentine gt. xl,—of this Mr. Maule directs a little to be

dropped into the ear, or applied at the end of a ſmall doſſil of cotton, in caſes of deafneſs occaſioned by defective, or diſeaſed actions of the ceruminous glands.

OLĔUM VĪNI. *L.* Stimulant, anodyne, gt. j ad gt. iv.

OLĪBĂNUM, (i, n.) *gummi-reſīna.* Stimulant, balſamic, ℈j ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

OLĪVA, (æ. f.) *fructus oleum.* The olive-tree. See *Oleum.*

OPĬUM PURIFICĀTUM. Anodyne, narcotic, gr. ſs ad gr. ij, or more. See *Elect. Pil. Pulv. & Tinct.* Externally, ſee *Lin.*

OPŎPĂNAX, (ăcis, f.) *gummi-reſīna.* Antiſpaſmodic, attenuant, deobſtruent, gr. x ad ʒſs.

ORĪGĂNUM, (i, n.) *herba.* Wild marjoram. Stimulant, gr. x ad ℈j. See *Ol.*

OSTRĔÆ TESTA PRÆPĂRĀTA. Prepared oyſter-ſhell. Antacid, abſorbent, ʒſs ad ʒj.

OVUM, (i, n.) Egg. Nutritive, reſtorative. The raw egg, taken three or four times a day, including the yolk and white, has been often ſerviceable in obſtinate jaundice, proceeding from viſcid bile, or gluten obſtructing the biliary ducts.

OXŸMEL (mellis, n.) ÆRUGĬNIS. *L.* (*Ærug. ℔ptæ ʒj; aceti ʒvij; mel. deſp. ℔. ʒxiv.*) Externally as a detergent, and to keep down fungous fleſh. When ſufficiently diluted, it ſerves as an uſeful application to ſcrofulous ſores, and is often of ſervice to venereal ulcerations

ulcerations of the mouth and fauces. When employed with this laſt intention, however, great care ſhould be taken, that none of it be ſwallowed.

OXŸMEL COLCHĬCI. *L. (Colch. rec.* ℥j; *acet. diſt.* ℔ß; *mel. deſp. p.* ℔ß*ij*. Boil to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Acrid, diuretic; in dropſy, &c. ʒj gradually increaſed to ℥j, or more, bis die. Inſpiſſated juice of elder berry ℥j, jalap ʒij, ginger ℈ij, vitriolated kali ʒiſs, oxymel of meadow-ſaffron ℥iſs, mix and make an electuary;—doſe, ʒij ad ʒvj, in dropſies.

OXŸMEL SCILLÆ. *L. (Mel. deſp. p.* ℔ß*iij*; *accti ſcillæ* ℔ß*ij*. Boil to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Expectorant, detergent, ʒſs ad ʒij.

PALMA, (æ, f.) *fructus oleum expreſſum*. The palm-tree. *E.* See *Oleum*.

PAPĀVER (ĕris, n.) ALBUM, *capsŭla*. White poppy. Anodyne, narcotic. See *Extr. & Syr.* Alſo externally in the way of fomentation to inflamed or ulcerated parts,—dried poppyheads ℥iv, water ℔vj; boil to ℔ij.

PAPĀVER ERRATĬCUM, *flos*. Wild poppy. *L.* lightly narcotic. See *Syrupus*.

PAREĪRA BRAVA, *radix*. *L.* Detergent, expectorant, diuretic; in ulcerous nephritic, and calculous complaints, gr. xv ad ℈ij, in decoction ʒj ad ʒiij, in a pretty large quantity of water, bis terve die. To the taſte this root diſcovers much ſweetneſs, ſome bitterneſs, and a ſlight aſtringency.

PARIETĀRĬA, (æ, f.) *herba*. Pellitory of the wall. Emollient, diuretic, gr. x ad ʒj, or more, juice ℥j ad ℥iij. In cataplaſms emollient, diſcutient.

PENTAPHŸLLUM,

PENTĂPHĔLLUM, (i, n.) *radix*. Cinque-foil. *L.* Aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. In gargles for the gums, ſtrengthening.

PETRŌLĔUM; (i, n.) Barbadoes tar. Inwardly, ſee *Ol.* Externally ſtimulant, diſcutient. As a powerful diſſolver of thickened lymph in diſeaſes of the hip and other joints, Dr. Kirkland adviſes Barbadoes tar ʒiſs, united with water of pure ammonia ʒſs.

PETRŌLĔUM SULPHURĀTUM. (*Flor. ſulph.* ʒiv; *ol. petrolei, p.* ʒxvj. Boil till they unite into a maſs.) Stimulant, balſamic, gt. v ad gt. xx, bis terve die.

PETRŌSĔLĪNUM, (i, n.) *radix, ſemen*. Parſley. Root nutritive, aperient, diuretic: ſeed ſtimulant, carminative, diuretic, ℈j ad ℈ij.

PILŬLÆ ALŎËS COMPOSĬTÆ. (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒj; *extr. gentianæ* ʒſs; *ol. carui eſſent.* ℈ij; *ſyr. zingib. q. s.*) Purgative, ſtomachic, gr. x ad gr. xxv.

PILŬLÆ ALŎËS CUM MYRRHA. (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒij; *myrrhæ, croci, ſing.* ʒj; *ſyr. croci q. s.*) Laxative, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈j.

PILŬLÆ CUPRI. *E.* (*Cupri ammoniaci gr. xvj; micæ panis* ℈iv; *aq. ammoniæ q. s.* Make a maſs to be divided into thirty-two pills.) For their virtues and doſe, ſee *Cuprum ammoniacum*.

PILŬLÆ GALBĂNI COMPOSĬTÆ. (*Galbani, opopanacis, myrrhæ, ſagapeni, ſing.* ʒj; *aſæ fœtidæ* ʒſs; *ſyr. croci q. s.*) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue; in hyſterical, hypochondriacal, and other nervous complaints, gr. x ad ʒſs, bis terve die.

PILŬLÆ HYDRARGŸRI. (*Hydrarg. pur. p.* ʒij; *conſ. roſæ*

rosæ rubræ ʒiij; *pulv. glycyrrh.* ʒj.) Alterative, antivenereal, &c. gr. v ad gr. xv, or more, bis terve die.

PILŬLÆ HYDRARGŸRI MURIĀTI MITIS, SIVE CALOMĔLĂNOS COMPOSĬTÆ. *E.* (*Hydrarg. muriati mitis, sulphuris antimonii præcipitati, sing.* ʒiij; *extr. gentianæ, saponis, sing.* ʒj. Grind the mild muriated quicksilver with the precipitated sulphur of antimony, that they may be intimately mixed; then add the extract and soap, and with simple syrup form them into a mass.) Alterative; in chronic eruptions, &c. gr. iij ad gr. x, or more, bis die. A pill of gr. iij contains little more than gr. j of calomel.

PILŬLÆ OPĬI. (*Opii purif.* ʒij; *extr. glycyrrh.* ʒj.) Anodyne. Five gr. contain one of opium.

PILŬLÆ RHEI COMPOSĬTÆ. *E.* (*Rad. rhabarbari* ʒij; *aloes soc.* ʒiſs; *myrrhæ* ʒj; *kali vitriolati gr. xv*; *ol. menthæ sativæ essent. gt. viij*; *syr. cort. aurant. q. s.*) Laxative, stomachic, gr. x ad ʒſs. A third part of this formule, viz. rhubarb ℈ij, aloes ʒſs, &c. amply suffices for twenty-four pills.

PILŬLÆ SCILLÆ. (*Scill. exsic.* ʒj; *zingib. saponis, sing.* ʒiij; *ammon. purif.* ʒij; *syr. zingib. q. s.*) Attenuant, expectorant, diuretic, gr. x ad ℈j, bis terve die. Ten gr. contain about gr. j of dried squill.

PIMENTO, (n. indecl.) *bacca.* Jamaica pepper, or allspice. Stimulant, aromatic, carminative, gr. v ad ℈j. See *Aq. Ol. & Spiritus.*

PIMPĬNĒLLA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Burnetsaxifrage. *E.* Acrid, stomachic, diuretic, resolvent; in weaknesses of the stomach from viscid phlegm, infarctions of

the

the breaſt, dropſy, &c. ℈j ad ʒſs, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. Alſo ſialogogue.

Pĭper (ĕris, n.) indĭcum, *capsŭla*. Guineapepper, or capſicum. Stimulant, aromatic; in atonic gout, palſy, &c. gr. v ad gr. x, or more, under the form of pills.

Pĭper longum, *fructus*. Long pepper. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. v ad ℈j. Alſo ſialogogue.

Pĭper nigrum, *bacca*. Black pepper. Similar to the preceding. Put into chicken broth or beef-tea, ſays Dr. Clerk, it will ſometimes make them ſtay on the ſtomach in gouty caſes, when every thing elſe is thrown up.

Pix (ĭcis, f.) burgundĭca. Burgundy pitch. Externally ſtimulant, anodyne. See *Empl.*

Pix liquĭda. Tar. Stimulant. Diaphoretic, diuretic, deobſtruent; in cold, languid phlegmatic habits, ℈j ad ʒj. To make tar-water, mix tar ℔j with water one gallon, ſtir them frequently, and in two days decant off the liquor; which, warm or cold, may be drunk, partitis hauſtibus, from ℔j to ℔ij, daily. Externally, ſee *Ung.* Tar exſiccated by heat ʒix, yellow wax ʒivſs, oil of olive ℔ſs, which compoſe nearly the black baſilicon of the old diſpenſatory, Dr. Kirkland adviſes as a beneficial application to thoſe purple, glaſſy ulcers, in which there exiſts an extraordinary degree of irritability.

Plantāgo, (gĭnis, f.) *folia*. Common great plantain. *E.* Subaſtringent, refrigerant, attenuant, diuretic;

retic; in phthiſis, hæmoptyſis, hæmatemeſis, &c. juice, ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. Alſo in infuſion.

Prūnum (i, n.) gallĭcum. French plum,—the fruit of the *prunus gallica*, French plum-tree. Cooling, laxative.

Prūnum sylvestre. Sloe,—the fruit of the *prunus ſylveſtris*, the blackthorn or ſloe-buſh. Cooling, aſtringent. See *Conſerva*.

Pulegĭum, (i, n.) *herba, flos*. Pennyroyal. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, expectorant, emmenagogue, gr. x ad ʒij. See *Aq. Ol. & Spir.*

Pulsatīlla nigrĭcans, *herba cum floribus*. Meadow-anemone. *E.* Acrid, ſtimulant, reſolvent. See *Extractum*.

Pulvis alŏës cum canēlla. *L.* (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒiv; *canellæ albæ* ʒj.) Cathartic, deobſtruent, g. x ad ʒj.

Pulvis alŏës cum ferro. *L.* (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒſs; *myrrhæ* ʒij; *extr. gentianæ exſic. ferri vitriol. ſing.* ʒj.) Aperient, deobſtruent; in chlorotic caſes, &c. gr. v ad gr. x, bis die; or gr. x ad ʒj, or more, every or every other night. In chloroſis this preparation ſometimes derives additional efficacy from being joined with a double quantity, or more, of vitriolated iron.

Pulvis alŏës cum guāiăco. *L.* (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒiſs; *guaiaci gummi-reſinæ* ʒj; *pulv. aromat.* ʒſs.) Warm, aperient, laxative; in dyſpeptic and ſpaſmodic complaints of the ſtomach and bowels, gr. x ad ʒj.

Pulvis alumĭnis compositus. *E.* (*Aluminis* ʒſs; *liquo* ʒj. Rub them together to a fine powder.) Tonic, aſtringent; in uterine hæmorrhages, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs.

PULVIS ANTIMONIĀLIS. Febrifuge, ſudorific, gr. v ad gr. x, or more. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. j ad gr. iij.

PULVIS AROMATĬCUS. *(Cinnam. ʒij; ſem. cardam. zingib. piperis longi, ſing. ʒj.)* Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, gr. v ad gr. x, or more.

PULVIS ASĂRI COMPOSĬTUS. *(Aſari, majoranæ, mari Syriaci, lavend. ſing. exſic. ʒj.)* Errhine, gr. v ad ℈j. This preparation is equal to any of the powders ſold under the name of *Herb Snuff.*

PULVIS CERŪSSÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Ceruſſæ ʒv; ſarcocollæ ʒiſs; tragacanthæ ʒſs.)* Externally cooling, aſtringent; in collyria, lotions, and injections, ʒj in ʒiv. Compound powder of ceruſe ℈j, vitriolated zinc gr. vj, roſe-water ʒiv, form an injection, which is ſucceſsfully uſed in the inflammatory ſtage of gonorrhœa.

PULVIS CHELĀRUM CANCRI COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Cancri chelar. præp. ʒiv; cretæ pptæ, corallii rubri, ſing. ʒj.)* Antacid, aſtringent, ʒſs ad ʒiſs.

PULVIS CONTRAYĒRVÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Contrayervæ ʒv; pulv. chelar. cancri comp. ℥iſs.)* Stimulant, diaphoretic, ℈j ad ℈ij, or more.

PULVIS CRĒTÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Cretæ pptæ ℥ſs; cinnam. ʒiv; tormentillæ, Arab. gummi, ſing. ʒiij; piperis longi ʒſs.)* Aſtringent, ſtomachic, carminative, ℈j ad ℈ij.

PULVIS CRĒTÆ COMPOSĬTUS CUM OPĬO. *L. (Pulv. cretæ comp. ʒviij; opii ziſs.)* Aſtringent, ſtomachic, carminative, gr. xv ad ℈ij. Two ſcr. contain nearly gr. j of opium.

PULVIS

PULVIS IPECACŬANHÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *(Ipecac. opii, fing. ʒj; kali vitriol. ʒj.)* Sudorific; in rheumatiſms, dropſy, &c. gr. vj ad gr. xv.

PULVIS JALAPPÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *E. (Rad. jalapii ʒj; tartari cryſtallorum ʒij.* Mix, and diligently grind them together for ſome time, ſo as to form a very fine powder.) Purgative, ℈j ad ℈ij, or more.

PULVIS MYRRHÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Myrrhæ, ſabinæ, rutæ, caſtorei Ruſs. fing. ʒj.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue; in uterine obſtructions and hyſterical diſorders, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die.

PULVIS OPIĀTUS. *L. (Opii ʒj; cornu cervi uſti ʒix.)* Anodyne, abſorbent, gr. v ad gr. x, or more.

PULVIS SCAMMŌNĬI COMPOSĬTUS. *(Scam. extr. jalapii, fing. ʒij; zingib. ʒſs.)* Cathartic, gr. x ad gr. xv.

PULVIS SCAMMŌNĬI CUM ALŎĒ. *L. (Scam. ʒvj; extr. jalapii, aloes ſoc. fing. ʒiſs; zingib. ʒſs.)* Cathartic, gr. x ad gr. xv.

PULVIS SCAMMŌNĬI CUM CALOMĔLĀNE. *L. (Scam. ʒſs; calomel. ſacch. pur. fing. ʒij.)* Cathartic, vermifuge, gr. x ad ℈j. Four gr. contain one of calomel.

PULVIS SENNÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Sennæ, tartari cryſtal. fing. ʒij; ſcammonii ʒſs; zingib. ʒij.)* Cathartic ℈j ad ʒj.

PULVIS TRAGĂCANTHÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Tragacanth. Arab. gummi, amyli, fing. ʒiſs; ſacch. pur. ʒiij.)* Demulcent, incraſſant; in hectic caſes, tickling coughs, ſtrangury, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more.

PYRĒTHRUM, (thri, n.) *radix*. Pellitory of Spain. Acrid, ſtimulant, attenuant; in paralytic and other complaints, gr. iij ad ℈j, bis, ter, quaterve die. Alſo errhine, ſialogogue. In gargles for loſs of ſpeech, palſies of the tongue, &c.—℥ſs ad ℥j boiled in water ℔j to ℔ſs.

QUASSĬA, (æ, f.) *lignum, cortex, radix*. Tonic, ſtomachic, gr. v ad ℈j, or ℥j ad ℥ij, or more, of an infuſion made by macerating ʒij, an hour or two, in boiling water ℔j.

QUERCUS, (us, f.) *cortex*. The oak. Strongly aſtringent, gr. xv ad ʒſs, or ℥j ad ℥ij of an infuſion made with ℥j to boiling water ℔j. Such as are liable to be affected with cynanche from a ſlight application of cold, ſays Dr. Cullen, may often prevent or ſoon remove the diſeaſe, by gargling with a ſtrong decoction or infuſion of oak-bark, to ℔j of which ʒſs of alum, and ℥ij of brandy are added.

RADIX (ĭcis, f.) INDĬCA LOPEZIĀNA. *E*. Tonic, ſtomachic; in phthiſical diarrhœas, &c. ℈j ad ℈ij, ter quaterve die.

RĂPHĂNUS (i, m.) RUSTICĀNUS, *radix*. Horſeradiſh. Stimulant, attenuant, diuretic, ℈j ad ʒj. Alſo ſialogogue. Hoarſeneſs, ſays Dr. Cullen, has been often ſpeedily removed, when depending on the interrupted ſecretion of the mucus of the fauces, by ſyrup of horſeradiſh, a tea-ſpoonful or two being ſwallowed leiſurely, and often.—Freſh root ſcraped ʒj, boiling water ℥iv, macerate two hours; to the ſtrained liquor add double its weight of ſugar, and make a ſyrup. According to Dr. Withering, an infuſion

fuſion of horſeradiſh in milk makes one of the ſafeſt and beſt coſmetics.

RESĪNA FLAVA. Yellow roſin. Externally, ſee *Cerat. & Ung.*

RHABARBĂRUM, (i, n.) *radix.* Rhubarb. Purgative, aſtringent, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ℈ij. See *Infuſ. Pil. Tinct. & Vin.* Alſo externally to promote the granulation and healing of ulcers, ſprinkled once or twice a day: ſhould it prove too irritating, the addition of a ninth part opium may be uſefully made.

RHŎDŎDENDRON, (dri, n.) *folia.* The dwarf roſebay. *E.* Acrid, narcotic, tonic, ſubaſtringent; in rheumatiſm, gout, &c. gr. v ad gr. x, or more, bis terve die; or ʒiſs ad ʒij infuſed for a night in boiling water ℥ix, every morn, drinking nothing after it for ſome time.

RIBES (is, n.) NIGRUM, *fructus.* Black currant. *L.* Subacid, cooling. See *Succus, & Syrupus.*

RIBES RUBRUM, *fructus.* Red currant. *L.* Subacid, cooling.

RĬCĬNUS, (i, m.) *ſemen.* Palma Chriſti. See *Oleum.* The ſeed itſelf, in the quantity even of a few grains, operates too violently for exhibition.

ROSA DAMACĒNA, *petălum.* The damaſk roſe. Laxative, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Syr.*

ROSA RUBRA, *petălum.* The red roſe. Subaſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Conſ. Infuſ. Mel, & Syr.*

ROS (ōris, m.) MARĪNUS, *cacūmen, flos.* Roſemary. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous headachs, ſinkings, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒiſs. See *Ol. & Spir.*

RŬBĬA,

RŬBĬA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Madder. Aſtringent, aperient, diuretic, emmenagogue, ʒſs ad ℈ij, or more, in decoction ʒiſs ad ʒij, bis, ter, quaterve die.

RŬBUS (i, m.) IDÆUS, *fructus*. The raſpberry-buſh. *L*. Grateful, cooling. See *Syr*.

RŪTA, (æ, f.) *herba*. Rue. Tonic, attenuant, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. xv ad ℈ij. See *Extr*.

SABĪNA, (æ, f.) *folium*. Savine. Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, aperient, diuretic; in cold phlegmatic habits, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die. See *Extr. Ol. & Tinct*. Externally eſcharotic; to venereal warts, condylomata, &c. with or without an equal proportion of verdigriſe, ſprinkled once a day. For ſupporting an artificial drain, after the previous application of a bliſter, in caſes of ſcrofulous enlarged joints, or white ſwellings, the following cerate is recommended by Mr. Crowther:—To yellow wax ℔j and hog's lard ℔iv melted, add freſh ſavine bruiſed ℔j; boil till the humidity is conſumed, and ſtrain.

SACCHĂRUM NON PURIFICĀTUM. Brown ſugar. Nutritive, attenuant, laxative.

SACCHĂRUM PURIFICĀTUM. Double-refined ſugar. Nutritive. Externally eſcharotic.

SAGAPĒNUM, (i, n.) *gummi-reſina*. Aperient, deobſtruent, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric caſes, palſies, &c. gr. v ad ʒſs, ter die.

SAL (ſalis, m. aut n.) AMMŌNIĂCUS. Aperient, diaphoretic, diuretic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Externally in fomentations diſcutient, reſolvent, ℥j in ſome appropriate liquor ℔ij. As a diſcutient lotion, ſal ammoniac

moniac ℥ſs, vinegar, rect. ſpir. each ℔j, have been advantageouſly employed. Soap ʒij, litharge-plaſter ℥ſs, ſal amm. ʒj, compoſe the volatile plaſter of Dr. Kirkland; from which, it ſeems, in chronic enlargements of the knee and elbow joints, or what have been termed cold tumours, he has ſeen aſtoniſhing good effects.—The litharge-plaſter and ſoap are to be melted together, and, when nearly cold, the ſal ammoniac powdered is to be ſtirred in.

Sal cornu cervi. Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gr. v ad gr. xv, or more.

Sal succĭni purificātus. Aperient, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteric and hypochondriacal affections, attended with anxiety and ſinking of ſpirits, gr. v ad ℈j, bis, ter, quaterve die. To the taſte this ſalt is penetrating, acid, and ſubaſtringent.

Sal muriātĭcus. Common ſalt. Stimulant, cathartic. In clyſters ſtimulant, purgative, ʒij ad ℥ſs.

Salix, (ĭcis, f.) *ramulōrum cortex*. The willow. *E.* Tonic, aſtringent; in intermittents, &c. ℈ij ad ʒj.

Salvĭa, (æ, f.) *folium*. Sage. Stimulant, diaphoretic, ſtomachic, gr. xv ad ℈ij. In gargles detergent. This plant, ſays Van Swieten, is uſeful in reſtraining the too long continued and weakening flow of milk from the breaſts of nurſes, after the weaning of children. Alſo it has been employed for checking night ſweats, when not ariſing from a hectic diſpoſition.

Sambūcus, (i, f.) *cortex interĭor, flos, bacca*. Common elder. Bark cathartic, hydragogue; in dropſies,

fies, &c. gr. v ad ℈j, in infusion ℥j per diem, expressed juice ʒj ad ℥ss pro dosi. Flowers in fomentations discutient. See *Ung.* Berries aperient, deobstruent. See *Succus.*

SANGUIS (ĭnis, m.) DRACŌNIS, *resīna.* Dragons-blood. Astringent, gr. x ad ℈ij. Externally in plasters, corroborant.

SANTĂLUM CITRĬNUM, *lignum.* Yellow sanders. *E.* Tonic, stimulant, aromatic, ℈j ad ʒj.

SANTĂLUM RUBRUM, *lignum.* Red sanders. This is principally used as a colouring drug; it imparts a strong red colour to spirits only.

SANTONĬCUM, (i, n.) *cacūmen.* Wormseed. Subacrid, tonic, stomachic, vermifuge, ʒss ad ʒj, bis die. Wormseed, tansy-flowers, each ʒj, vitriolated iron ℈j, form an approved composition for worms;—dose, gr. x ad ʒss, bis terve die.

SAPO, (ōnis, m.) Soap. Aperient, diuretic, detergent, gr. x ad ʒss, bis terve die. Lithontriptic, ℥ss ad ℥j, daily. Externally, see *Ceratum.*

SARCŎCŌLLA, (æ, f.) *gummi-resīna. L.* Tonic, gr. xv ad ʒss. Externally to wounds and ulcers, conglutinating.

SARSĂPĂRILLA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Alterative, diaphoretic, in powder ℈j ad ʒj, or more, ter die. See *Decoct.*

SASSĂFRAS, (n. indecl.) *lignum, radix, cjusque cortex.* Stimulant, aperient, diaphoretic, ℈j ad ʒj, in decoction or infusion ℥ss ad ℥j, bis die. See *Ol.*

SĂTȳRĬON, (i, n.) *radix.* Orchis. *E.* Nutritive, demulcent;

demulcent; in diarrhœas, dyſentery, dyſury, hectic fever from abſorption of pus, &c. A preparation of this root forms the ſalep of the ſhops.

SCAMMŌNĬUM, (i, n.) *gummi-reſīna*. Scammony. Cathartic, gr. v ad gr. xv, well triturated with an equal proportion of cryſtals of tartar, ſugar, or the like. See *Elect.* & *Pulv.*

SCILLA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Squill, or ſeaonion. Acrid, expectorant, diuretic, freſh ſquill gr. v ad gr. xv, dried ſquill gr. j ad gr. iij, bis, ter, quaterve die. When larger doſes are given, it proves commonly emetic, ſometimes cathartic. See *Conſ. Mel. Oxym. Pil. Tinct.* & *Syr.*

SCOLOPENDRĬUM, (i, n.) *herba*. Hartstongue. *E.* Mucilaginous, aſtringent; in viſceral obſtructions, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, ter die.

SCORDĪUM, (i, n.) *herba*. Water-germander. Tonic, diaphoretic; in malignant fevers attended with laxity of the bowels, &c. ℈j ad ʒj, or more.

SENĔKA, (æ, f.) *radix*. Rattleſnake-root. Acrid, diaphoretic, diuretic, cathartic, ℈j ad ʒſs, bis, ter, quaterve die. See *Decoct.*

SENNA, (æ, f.) *folium*. Cathartic, ℈j ad ʒj. In clyſters purgative, ʒſs, or more, boiled in water ℔ij ℥ ℔j. See *Elect. Extr. Infuſ. Pulv.* & *Tinct.*

SERPENTĀRĬA VIRGINIĀNA, *radix*. Snakeroot. Tonic, aromatic, ſtimulant, diaphoretic; in low fevers, atonic gout, mortifications, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs, in decoction or infuſion ʒſs ad ʒj, or more. See *Tinct.*

SERPŸLLUM, (i, n.) *summitātes florentes.* Wild or mother of thyme. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, antispasmodic, gr. x ad ʒij.

SĒVUM OVĪLLUM PRÆPĂRĀTUM. Mutton-suet. Boiled in milk, it is sometimes used in chronic diarrhœas and dysenteries. Fresh suet ʒij, new milk ℔j, set them over a gentle fire, and stir till they boil; then mix a heaped spoonful of starch powdered, and let them all boil a little together:—this preparation may be sweetened to the taste, and the whole consumed in a day. Also externally in unguents.

SIMAROŪBA, (æ, f.) *cortex.* Tonic, stomachic; in the last stage of dysentery, in diarrhœas from absorption of pus, habitual colics with bloody stools, &c. gr. x ad ʒs pro dosi, or ʒij ad ʒiij boiled in water ℔iss to ℥xij, per diem. This bark Dr. Cullen considers in the light only of a simple bitter.

SINĀPI, (n. indecl.) *semen.* Mustard. Stimulant, attenuant; in paralytic and rheumatic complaints, &c. ʒj ad ℥ss, whole or only slightly bruised, bis die. To make mustard-whey, of which a tea cupful is usually taken for a dose, boil ℔ij of milk till it curdles, with two or three table-spoonfuls of the seed newly bruised, and strain. See *Ol.* Externally, see *Catapl.*

SĪUM, (i, n.) *herba.* Water-parsnep. *L.* Diuretic, antiscorbutic; in chronic eruptions, scrofula, &c. juice ℥ij, or more, bis die, with milk, which makes it less nauseous to the taste.

SODA

Soda (æ, f.) phosphŏrāta. *E.* Mildly cathartic, ℥ſs ad ℥j, or more, diſſolved in a baſon of broth, beef tea, or the like. Thus taken, it is ſaid to be not unpleaſant to the palate, having much the ſame flavour as common ſalt.

Sperma (ătis, n.) cēti. Emollient, demulcent; in pains and eroſions of the inteſtines, coughs, &c. ℥ſs ad ʒiſs. Externally, ſee *Cerat. & Ung.*

Spigēlĭa, (æ, f.) *radix.* Indian pink. Sedative, laxative, anthelminthic; in low remittent worm-fevers, &c. to children of four or five years old, gr. viij ad gr. xij, in infuſion ℈j, or more; to adults, in powder ℥ſs ad ℈ij, in decoction or infuſion ʒiſs, or more, bis die. Should it fail to produce a laxative effect, a purge with calomel ought occaſionally to be interpoſed.

Spīna cervīna, *bacca.* Buckthorn. Cathartic, juice ℥ſs ad ℥j. See *Syr.*

Spirĭtus (us, m.) æthĕris nitrōsi. *(Olim, Spir. nitri dulcis.)* Febrifuge, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xx ad ʒj, or more. United with a ſmall quantity of ſpirit of ammonia, it is ſaid to be diaphoretic, and often notably diuretic.—It is good alſo againſt nephritic & colic pains, joined with oil of almonds ℥ſs.

Spirĭtus æthĕris vitrĭolĭci. *(Olim, Spir. vitrĭŏli dulcis.)* Diaphoretic, diuretic, antiſpaſmodic, ℈j ad ʒiſs, or more. Spir. of vitriolic ether ʒj, decoction of barley ℥vj, ſyrup of marſhmallow ℥ſs, form a good diſcutient gargle in caſes of ſlight inflammation of the fauces.

Spirĭtus ætherĭs vitriolĭci aromatĭcus. *E.* (*Cort. cinnam.* ʒvj; *sem. cardam.* ʒj; *rad. angelicæ* ʒiij; *piperis longi* ʒij; *spir. ætheris vitriolici*, p. ℔ijſs. Macerate ſeven days, in a cloſe veſſel, and when the feces have ſubſided, pour off the clear.) Stimulant, ſtomachic, gt. xx ad lx, or more.

Spirĭtus ætherĭs vitrĭolĭci compoſĭtus. *L.* (*Spir. ætheris vitriol.* p. ℔ij; *ol. vini*, p. ʒiij.) This is ſuppoſed to be the *liquor anodynus mineralis* of Hoffman; and, in doſes of from ʒſs to ʒiſs, is given in hyſteric, arthritic, and other painful complaints.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ. (*Olim*, *Spir. ſalis amm. dulcis.*) Stimulant, attenuant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xv ad gt. lx, or more. Of this, which conſiſts of rectified ſpirit and ammonia, gt. xv contains ſcarcely gr. j of the ſalt.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ compoſĭtus. (*Spir. ammon.* ℔ij; *ol. limonis eſſent.—caryoph. aromat. eſſ. ſing.* p. ʒij.) Stimulant, ſudorific, antiſpaſmodic, gt. xv ad lx, or more.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ fœtĭdus. (*Olim*, *Spir. volat. fœtidus.*) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; in ſpaſmodic aſthmas, gout in the ſtomach or bowels, &c. gt. xxx ad ʒj, or more.

Spirĭtus ammonĭæ succinātus. *L.* (*Alkoholis*, p. ʒj; *aq. ammoniæ puræ* ʒiv; *ol. ſuccini rect.* p. ℈j; *ſaponis gr. x.*) This, under the name of *eau de luce*, is principally uſed for ſmelling to in lowneſſes and faintings. As a powerful ſtimulant and diaphoretic, however, it is ſometimes given internally from gt. xv to gt. lx, on the ſudden ſubſiding of exanthe-

mata,

mata, and receding of arthritic appearances from the extremities.

SPIRĬTUS ANĪSI COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Sem. aniſi,—angelicæ, ſing.* ℔ſs; *ſpir. vin. ten. cong. j.)* Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ℥j, or more.

SPIRĬTUS CAMPHORĀTUS. *(Camph.* ℥iv; *ſpir. vini rect.* ℔ij.) Externally againſt rheumatic pains, paralytic numbneſſes, tumours, gangrene, ſprains, &c. It is ſaid to be efficacious alſo in checking an incipient whitlow, a linen compreſs being made wet with it, and kept conſtantly applied.

SPIRĬTUS CARŬI,—CINNAMŌMI. Of either ʒij ad ℥j, or more.

SPIRĬTUS JUNĬPĔRI COMPOSĬTUS. *(Bac. junip.* ℔j; *ſem. carui,—fœnic. dulc. ſing.* ℥ij; *ſpir. vin. ten. cong. j.)* Stimulant, carminative, ʒij ad ʒvj, or more.

SPIRĬTUS LAVENDŬLÆ. Uſed principally as a perfume. This has not quite the ſtrength of rectified ſpirit, there being five pints diſtilled from eight of proof-ſpirit.

SPIRĬTUS LAVENDŬLÆ COMPOSĬTUS. *(Spir. lavend.* ℔iij;—*roriſmarini* ℔j; *cinnam. nuc. fruct. myriſt. ſing.* ℥ſs; *ſantali rubri* ℥j.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous languors, &c. ʒſs ad ʒij.

SPIRĬTUS MENTHÆ PIPERITĬDIS,—MENTHÆ SATĪVÆ, *L.*—MYRĪSTĬCÆ,—PIMĒNTO,—PULEGĬI. *L.* Of theſe ſeverally ʒij ad ℥j, or more. Except thoſe of lavender and roſemary, all the diſtilled ſpirits of plants are of the ſame ſtrength as proof-ſpirit.

SPIRĬTUS RĂPHĂNI COMPOSĬTUS. *L. (Raph. ruſt. cort.*

cort. aurant. exſic. ſing. ℔ij; *cochleariæ rec.* ℔iv; *nuc. fruct. myriſt.* ℥j; *ſpir. vin. ten. cong. ij.)* Stimulant, antiſcorbutic, ʒiij ad ℥j.

Spirĭtus rōrismarīni. This, it is ſaid, diluted with water, removes ſunburnings of the ſkin. Sal ammoniac ℥iij, water, ſpirit of roſemary, each ℔j, Mr. Juſtamond recommends for removing coagulation of the milk in the breaſts of women after lying-in, uſed a little warm by means of cloths made wet with it, and applied conſtantly.

Spirĭtus vinōsus rectificātus. Stimulant, ʒſs ad ʒij. Of this 100 parts contain 95 of alkohol, and 5 of diſtilled water. Externally rectified ſpirit, joined with as much camphor as it will diſſolve, is uſeful in thoſe inflammations of the hands or feet, termed chilblains.

Spirĭtus vinōsus tenuĭor. Proof-ſpirit. This, it appears, has little more than half the ſtrength of the former, 100 parts containing 55 of alkohol, and 45 of diſtilled water. Diluted with five or ſix times its quantity of cold water, and applied as well to the ball of the eye as the eye-lids, it is often uſed in chronic ophthalmies with advantage.

Spongĭa, (æ, f.) Sponge. Externally to ſtop hæmorrhages. When uſed as a tent for dilating wounds and ulcers, it is previouſly dipped in melted wax, and the wax ſqueezed out of it in a preſs.

Spongĭa usta. Antacid, abſorbent; in ſcrofulous complaints, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, bis die. In bronchocele burnt ſponge has often prove effectual, ℈j or ʒſs being

ing made into a lozenge, and held under the tongue till diſſolved, and then ſwallowed, every night, or oftener, for ſome weeks. The virtues of this preparation, it would ſeem, depend on a volatile ſalt, produced by burning, and combined with its own coil.

STANNI PULVIS. Powder of tin. Anthelminthic, to children gr. x ad ℈ij, to adults ʒj ad ʒij, or more, bis terve die, with a mercurial cathartic occaſionally interpoſed.

STAPHISĀGRĬA, (æ, f.) *ſemen.* Staveſacre. Acrid, emetic, cathartic, gr. iij ad gr. x. Alſo externally againſt the itch, vermin, &c. When employed for the deſtruction of pediculi, it is beſt applied mixed in a ſmall proportion with hair-powder.

STRAMŌNĬUM, (i, n.) *herba.* Thornapple. *E.* Narcotic; in mania, epilepſy, and various other ſpaſmodic diſeaſes, in powder gr. j ad gr. v, or more, inſpiſſated juice gr. ¼ ad gr. iij, bis terve die. Should the pupil become dilated from it, then no further increaſe of the doſe ſhould be made.

STYRAX (ăcis, m. aut f.) PURIFICĀTA, *reſīna.* Stimulant, balſamic, gr. x ad ʒſs. Alſo externally, joined with a double proportion of black baſilicon, (ſee *Fix liq.*) againſt paralytic numbneſſes, and debility of the limbs following rickets.

SUCCĬNUM PRÆPARĀTUM. Prepared amber. Antiſpaſmodic, corroborant, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Oleum, & Sal.*

SUCCUS (i, m.) ACONĪTI SPISSĀTUS. *E.* Gr. ½ ad gr. iij, or more, bis terve die. For its virtues and uſes, ſee *Aconitum.*

SUCCUS

Succus baccæ sambūci spissātus. Aperient, deobſtruent, ʒiſs ad ʒiſs. Diluted with water, it is often uſed with advantage in common colds.

Succus belladonnæ spissātus. *E.* Gr. ¼ ad gr. iij, or more, bis terve die. For its virtues and uſes, ſee *Belladonna.*

Succus cicūtæ spissātus. *(Vulgo, Extr. cicutæ.)* Narcotic, alterative, reſolvent; in ſcrofula, periodic headachs, &c. Begin with gr. iij, twice or thrice a day, and then increaſe the doſe gradually according to its effects. Patients in general, ſays Dr. Cullen, will bear a greater doſe at night than at noon, and at noon than in the morning.

Succus cochleārĭæ composĭtus. *(Suc. cochl. hort.* ℔ij;—*beccabungæ,*—*naſturtii aquat. ſing.* ℔j;—*aurant. Hiſp.* ʒxx.) Stimulant, attenuant, aperient, diuretic; in cutaneous defœdations, &c. ʒj ad ʒiv, bis terve die.

Succus hyoscyămi spissātus. *E.* In chordees reſiſting the uſe of opium, &c. gr. j ad gr. v, or more, bis terve die. In puerperal mania, &c. gr. iij ad gr. xv, or more.—For its further uſes and qualities, ſee *Hyoſcyamus.*

Succus lactūcæ virōsæ spissātus. *E.* Narcotic, aperient, diuretic; in dropſies proceeding from viſceral obſtructions, &c. gr. iij ad gr. xv, or more, bis terve die. By gradually increaſing the doſe, Dr. Collin, of Vienna, has given it to the extent even of ʒiij, in twenty-four hours.

Succus limōnis spissātus. *L.* Cooling, antiſeptic;

ſeptic; to allay heat and thirſt in bilious inflammatory diſorders, ʒj ad ʒij, ad libitum.

SUCCUS RIBIS NIGRI SPISSĀTUS. *L.* Subacid, cooling, ℥ſs ad ℥j. Alſo to moiſten the mouth and fauces with, in ſore throats and fevers.

SULPHUR (ŭris, n.) ANTIMONĬI PRÆCIPITĀTUM. Alterative, diaphoretic, gr. j ad gr. iv, bis terve die. See *Pilulæ*.

SULPHŬRIS FLORES. Cathartic, diaphoretic. But the waſhed flowers of ſulphur, and the ſubſequent preparation only, are ſuited for internal uſe. Externally antipſoric. See *Ung.*

SULPHUR PRÆCIPITĀTUM. *L.* Laxative, diaphoretic, ʒj ad ʒiij. A lotion, ſays Mr. Bell, conſiſting of precipitated ſulphur ʒij, acetated ceruſe ℈j, roſe-water ℥viij, uſed night and morn, has proved often effectual, in curing that herpetic eruption in the face, to which ſome perſons, eſpecially females, are liable.

SYRŪPUS ACĒTI. *E.* (*Aceti vini*, *p.* ℔*iijſs*; *ſacch. purif.* ℔*iijſs.* Boil ſo as to form a ſyrup.) Cooling, antiſeptic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

SYRŪPUS ALTHÆÆ. Emollient, demulcent; againſt tickling coughs, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

SYRŪPUS CARYŎPHĪLLI RUBRI. Aromatic, ʒj ad ʒij. This is chiefly valued on account of its fine red colour, which however is deſtructible by alkaline ſalts.

SYRŪPUS COLCHĬCI. *E.* (*Rad. colchici recentis, ſuculentæ, in fruſtra tenuia ſectæ*, ʒj; *aceti*, *p.* ℥xvj;

ſacch. purif. ℥xxvj. Macerate the root in the vinegar two days, now and then ſhaking the veſſel; then ſtrain it with a gentle preſſure; to the ſtrained liquor add the ſugar, and boil a little, ſo as to form a ſyrup.) Acrid, diuretic; in dropſy, &c. 3j gradually increaſed to ℥j, or more, bis die.

SYRŪPUS CORTĬCIS AURANTĬI. Stomachic, 3j ad 3ij, or more.

SYRŪPUS CROCI. *L.* Cordial, 3j ad 3ij, or more. —This gives a fine colour to julaps.

SYRŪPUS LIMŌNIS SUCCI. (*Succi limon.* ℔ij; *ſacch. purif.* ℥*l.*) Cooling; in bilious inflammatory diſorders, gaſtritis, &c. 3j ad 3iij.

SYRŪPUS MŌRI, *L.*—RIBIS NIGRI, *L.*—RUBI IDÆI. *L.* Grateful, cooling, 3j ad ℥ſs. Sheathed with ſome mucilaginous fluid, theſe are uſeful for foreneſs of the mouth and tonſils.

SYRŪPUS PAPAVĔRIS ALBI. (*Olim, Syr. e meconio.*) Anodyne, hypnotic, to children 3j ad 3ij, to adults ℥ſs ad ℥j, or more. One oz. is eſteemed equal to gr. j of opium.

SYRŪPUS PAPAVĔRIS ERRĀTĬCI. *L.* Slightly anodyne, 3j ad 3iij, or more.

SYRŪPUS ROSÆ. To children laxative, 3ij ad ℥ſs.

SYRŪPUS ROSĀRUM RUBRĀRUM. *E.* (*Petalorum roſæ rubræ ſic.* ℥vij; *aquæ bullientis*, P. ℔v; *ſacch. purif.* ℔vj. Infuſe the roſes in the water for a night, then boil them a little; ſtrain out the liquor, and adding to it the ſugar, boil them to the conſiſtence of a ſyrup.) Subaſtringent, 3j ad 3ij. It is chiefly valued on account of its fine red colour.

SYRŪPUS

SYRŪPUS SCILLITĬCUS. *E. (Aceti ſcillæ, p. ℔ij; ſacch. purif. ℔iijſs.* Diſſolve the ſugar with a gentle heat, ſo as to form a ſyrup.) Expectorant, diuretic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

SYRŪPUS SIMPLEX, SIVE COMMŪNIS. *E. (Sacch. purif. partes xv; aquæ partes viij.* Let the ſugar be diſſolved by a gentle heat, and boil a little, ſo as to form a ſyrup.)

SYRŪPUS SPĪNÆ CERVĪNÆ. Cathartic, ℥ſs ad ʒiſs. Except in clyſters, this is now ſeldom employed.

SYRŪPUS TOLUTĀNUS. *(Vice Syr. balſam.)* Balſamic; for coughs, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

SYRŪPUS VĬŎLÆ. To infants a tea-ſpoonful or two, gently laxative.

SYRŪPUS ZINGIBĔRIS. Carminative, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TAMARINDUS, (i, f.) *fructus.* The tamarind-tree. Acid, cooling, laxative, pulp ℥ſs ad ʒiſs, in decoction ʒij ad ℥iij to water ℔j. See *Infuſ.*

TANACĒTUM, (i, n.) *flos, herba.* Tanſy. Tonic, deobſtruent, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ʒj. Alſo in infuſion.

TARAXĂCUM, (i, n.) *radix, herba.* Dandelion. Tonic, aperient, diuretic, reſolvent; in caſes of obſtructed liver, jaundice, &c. juice ʒj ad ʒij, or more, ter quaterve die. Alſo in decoction, ʒiij boiled in water ℔iſs to ℔j, to which, when ſtrained, is added vitriolated kali ʒiij,—doſe, a tea cupful, every two hours, until it operates.

TARTĂRI CRYSTĀLLI, (ōrum, f.) Cooling, laxative, diuretic, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. Cathartic,

 diuretic;

diuretic; in dropſies, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, every or every other morn, diſſolved in water 10 or 12 oz. and taken, partitis vicibus. When joined with a 6th or 7th part of borax, and given to the amount of ʒſs at leaſt, daily, it is rendered, ſays Quarin, not only more ſoluble in water, but of much greater efficacy in aſcites proceeding from viſceral obſtructions.

TEREBINTHĬNA CHĪA. *L.* Stimulant, corroborant, diuretic, detergent; in gleets, fluor albus, &c. ℈j ad 3j, or more, bis terve die.

TEREBINTHĬNA VENĔTA. *E.* Virtues as the preceding; but, having no aromatic flavour, it is more nauſeous to the taſte. In clyſters laxative, ʒſs ad ʒj, ſuſpended in ſome watery vehicle, by means of yolk of egg. Thus adminiſtered, ſays Dr. Cullen, we have found it to be one of the moſt certain laxatives that could be employed in colics, and other caſes of obſtinate coſtiveneſs.

TEREBINTHĬNA VULGĀRIS. *L.* Stimulant, diuretic, detergent, gr. xv ad ℈ij, bis terve die. In clyſters laxative, ʒſs ad ʒj, prepared as the former. Externally ſtimulant, rubefacient. See *Ol.*

THUS, (ūris, n.) *reſīna.* Frankincenſe. *L.* Stimulant, corroborant, gr. x ad 3ſs. Externally in plaſters, ſtimulant, ſtrengthening. See *Empl.*

THŸMUS, (i, m.) *herba.* Common thyme. Stimulant, aromatic, gr. x ad 3ſs.

TINCTŪRA ALŎĒS. (*Aloes ſuc.* ʒſs; *extr. glycyrrh.* ʒiſs; *aq. diſt. ſpir. vin. ten. ſing.* ʒj.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒiiſs, or more.

TINCTŪRA

TINCTŪRA ALŎËS COMPOSĬTA. *(Aloes ſoc. croci, ſing. gr. xlv; tinct. myrrhæ ℥j.)* Stimulant, aperient, ſtomachic, emmenagogue, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA ALŎËS VITRĬOLĀTA. *E. (Aloes ſoc. myrrhæ, ſing. ℥iſs; croci ℥j; ſpir. ætheris vitriolici, ℔. ℔j.* Digeſt the myrrh with the ſpirit four days, in a cloſe veſſel, then add the aloes and ſaffron; digeſt again four days, and when the feces have ſubſided, pour off the clear.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, aperient, ſtomachic; in ſpaſmodic pains of the ſtomach, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA ASÆ FŒTIDÆ. *(Aſæ fœtidæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. rect. ℥j.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more.

TINCTŪRA AURANTĬI CORTĬCIS. *L. (Cort. ext. aurant. rec. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥ij.)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA BALSĂMI PERUVIĀNI. *L. (Balſ. Peruv. ʒj; ſpir. vin. rect. ℥ſs.)* Stimulant, attenuant, ʒſs ad ʒiſs.

TINCTŪRA BALSĂMI TOLUTĀNI. *(Balſ. Tolut. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. rect. ℥ij.)* Stimulant, corroborant, expectorant, ʒſs ad ʒij.

TINCTŪRA BENZŎËS COMPOSĬTA. *(Benz. ʒiſs; ſtyracis ʒj; balſ. Tolut. ʒſs; aloes ſoc. gr. xv; ſpir. vin. rect. ℥ij.)* Stimulant, expectorant, antiſpaſmodic, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, bis terve die. Alſo externally to languid ulcers, and as a covering to the aperture made in the ſkin by certain compound fractures.

TINCTŪRA

TINCTŪRA CANTHARĬDIS. *(Canthar. gr. v; coccinell. gr. j ½; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Acrid, ſtimulant, diuretic, gt. x ad gt. xxx, or more, ter quaterve die. This, it ſeems, has been conſidered by the late Dr. Farr, as an efficacious medicine againſt the hydropic complaints of old people; to whom he was wont to preſcribe it, joined with a little milk of ammoniac and camphorated tincture of opium, when the breathing was affected. Alſo externally to ſinuſes and fiſtulous openings, in the way of injection, diluted with water, in the proportion of three or four dr. to ℔j.

TINCTŪRA CARDAMŌMI. *(Sem. cardam. ℥iſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥ij.)* Stimulant, carminative, ʒj ad ʒiij. This is not unfrequently employed as a corrector to medicines of the cold aperient claſs.

TINCTŪRA CARDAMŌMI COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Sem. cardam.—carui, coccinel. ſing. gr. xv; cinnam. ʒſs; uvarum paſſarum, demptis acinis, ℥ſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥iv.)* Stimulant, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CASCARĪLLÆ. *L. (Caſcarillæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Stimulant, tonic; in laxity and debility of the ſtomach and bowels, &c. ʒj ad ℥ſs, ter quaterve die.

TINCTŪRA CASTŎRĔI. *(Caſtorei Ruſs. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Antiſpaſmodic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA CASTŎRĔI COMPOSĬTA. *E. (Caſtorei Ruſs. ℥j; aſæ fœtidæ ℥ſs; ſpir. ammoniæ, r. ℔j.* Digeſt ſix days, in a cloſe veſſel, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſterical complaints, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, or more.

TINCTŪRA

TINCTŪRA CATĔCHU. *(Catechu ʒiſs; cinnam. ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥ij.)* Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI. *(Cinch. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒiſs ad ℥ſs.

TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI, AMMONIĀTA. *L. (Cinch. ʒj; ſpir. ammoniæ comp. ℥j.* Digeſt ten days, in a cloſe veſſel, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, tonic, ʒſs ad ʒij.

TINCTŪRA CINCHŌNÆ, SIVE CORTĬCIS PERUVIĀNI, COMPOSĬTA. *L. (Cinch. gr. xlviij; cort. aurant. exſic. gr. xxxvj; ſerpentariæ gr. ix; croci gr. iij; coccinel. gr. ij; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Tonic, ſtimulant, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CINNAMŌMI. *(Cinnam. ʒiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥ij.)* Stimulant, aſtringent, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CINNAMŌMI COMPOSĬTA. *(Cinnam. ʒiſs; cardam. gr. xlv; piperis longi, zingib. ſing. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℔ſs.)* Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, ʒſs ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA COLOMBÆ. *(Colombæ gr. xxxvijſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Tonic, ſtomachic; in bilious vomitings and purgings, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA CROCI. *E. (Croci ℥j; ſpir. vin. ten. p. xv.* Digeſt five days, and filter through paper.) Cordial, diaphoretic, ʒſs ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA FERRI AMMONIĂCĀLIS. *L. (Ferri ammon. ʒij; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.* Digeſt and ſtrain.) Aſtringent, tonic, aperient, gt. xv ad ʒj, bis terve die.

die. Alſo externally to ſcirrhous tumours, a linen rag being kept moiſt with it, and applied conſtantly.

TINCTŪRA FERRI MURIĀTI. *(Vice Tinct. Mart. in ſpirĭtu ſalis.)* Aſtringent, tonic, gt. x ad gt. xx, or more, bis terve die. In caſes of dyſury, depending on ſpaſm attended with ſtricture of the urethra, this, which of all the preparations of iron is the moſt aſtringent, Mr. Cline recommends to be given, every fifteen minutes, in the quantity of gt. x or xv, till nauſea and ſymptoms of general relaxation take place. Alſo externally to ſcirrhous tumours, and to deſtroy venereal warts.

TINCTŪRA GALBĂNI. *L. (Galbani ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic; in hyſteria, flatulencies, and the aſthmatic complaints of old people, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĬTA. *(Gentianæ ʒſs; cort. aurant. exſic. gr. xv; ſem. cardam. gr. viiſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA GUAJACI. *E. (Guaiaci gummi-reſīnæ ℔j. ſpir. vin. rect. P. ℔iiſs.* Digeſt ten days and ſtrain.) Stimulant, diaphoretic; in chronic rheumatiſm, gout, &c. ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA GUĀIĂCI AMMONIĀTA. *(Guaiaci gummi-reſinæ ʒj; ſpir. ammoniæ comp. ʒvj.)* Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic; againſt chronic rheumatiſm, wandering gout, &c. ʒj ad ʒij, or more, bis die.

TINCTŪRA HELLĔBŎRI NIGRI. *(Helleb. nigri ʒj; coccinel.*

coccinel. gr. j ½; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.) Alterative, attenuant, and in plethoric habits emmenagogue, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, bis terve die.

TINCTŪRA JALAPĬI. *(Jalap. ʒſs; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.)* Cathartic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TINCTŪRA KĪNO. *E. (Kino ʒij; ſpir. vin. ten. p. ℔ijſs.* Digeſt eight days, and ſtrain.) Aſtringent; in diarrhœas, lientery, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, ter quaterve die.

TINCTŪRA MOSCHI. *E. (Moſchi ʒj; ſpir. vin. rect. p. ʒvj.* Digeſt ten days, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, diaphoretic, antiſpaſmodic, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TINCTŪRA MYRRHÆ. *(Myrrhæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj; ſpir. vin. rect. ʒij ℥ij.)* Stimulant, attenuant, ʒſs ad ʒiſs, or more. In gargles detergent, ʒj in ℔j. Alſo externally for cleanſing foul ulcers, and promoting the exfoliation of carious bones.

TINCTŪRA OPĬI. *(Opii gr. iv ⅔; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Anodyne, narcotic, gt. xv ad gt. xxx, or more. Twenty drops are about equal to gr. j of opium.

TINCTŪRA OPĬI AMMONIĀTA. *E. (Flor. benzoes, croci, ſing. ʒiij; opii ʒij; ol. aniſi eſſ. ʒſs; ſpir. ammoniæ, p. ʒxvj.* Digeſt four days in a cloſed phial, and ſtrain.) This preparation which is meant to anſwer the ſame purpoſes as the following, has, beſides other differences here ſeen, a double proportion of opium.

TINCTŪRA OPĬI CAMPHORĀTA. *L. (Opii, flor. benzoes, ſing. gr. j ⅞; camph. gr. j ¼; ol. aniſi eſſent. p. gr. j ⅛; ſpir. vin. ten. ʒj.)* Anodyne, diaphoretic;

againſt tickling coughs, &c. ʒſs ad ʒij, or more. Taken by an adult to the amount of ʒiij, before going to bed, with the uſe of the inhaler afterwards, it compoſes the ſpeedy and efficacious remedy of Dr. Mudge, for a recent catarrhous cough.

TINCTŪRA RHABARBĂRI. (*Rhabarb.* ʒſs; *cardam. gr. viijſs*; *croci gr. iij* ℈; *ſpir. vin. ten.* ℥j.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs. Aperient, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ℥ſs.

TINCTŪRA RHABARBĂRI COMPOSĬTA. *L.* (*Rhabarb.* ʒſs; *rad. glycyrrh. gr. viijſs*; *zingib. croci, ſing. gr. iij* ℈; *aq. diſt.* ℥ſs; *ſpir. vin. ten.* ʒiij.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs. This makes an uſeful addition to the bark for the cure of intermittents, where the viſcera are obſtructed.

TINCTŪRA RHEI CUM ALŎĒ. *E.* (*Rhabarbari* ʒj ℈ij; *aloes ſoc.* ʒj; *ſem. cardam.* ℈ij; *ſpir. vin. ten. P.* ℥v. Digeſt ſeven days, and ſtrain.) Purgative, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥j.

TINCTŪRA RHEI AMĀRA. *E.* (*Rhabarbari* ʒij ℈ij; *gentianæ* ℈ij; *ſerpentariæ Virg. gr. x*; *ſpir. vin. ten. P.* ℥v. Digeſt ſeven days, and ſtrain.) Tonic, ſtomachic, aperient, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. Purgative, ſtomachic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs.

TINCTŪRA RHEI DULCIS. *E.* (This is made by adding to two pounds and a half of tincture of rhubarb ℥iv of ſugar-candy.)

TINCTŪRA SABĪNÆ COMPOSĬTA. *L.* (*Extr. ſabinæ* ʒſs; *tinct. caſtorei* ℥j; *tinct. myrrhæ* ℥ſs.) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, emmenagogue, gt. xxx ad ʒj, or more, bis die.

TINCTŪRA,

TINCTŪRA SCILLÆ. *L.* (*Scill. exſic. gr. xv*; *ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.*) Expectorant, diuretic, attenuant, gt. xv ad gt. lx.

TINCTŪRA SENNÆ. (*Sennæ ʒiij*; *carui gr. xxijſs*; *cardam. gr. viijſs*; *uvar. paſs. ℥ſs*; *ſpir. vin. ten. ʒiv.*) Carminative, cathartic, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more.

TINCTŪRA SERPENTĀRIÆ. (*Serpent. Virg. ziſs*; *ſpir. vin. ten. ʒij.*) Tonic, ſtimulant, diaphoretic; to remove periodic headachs, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

TINCTŪRA VALERIĀNÆ. *L.* (*Valerianæ ʒj*; *ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.*) Antiſpaſmodic; againſt nervous languors, &c. ʒij ad ʒſs.

TINCTŪRA VALERIĀNÆ AMMONIĀTA. (*Valerianæ ʒj*; *ſpir. ammoniæ comp. ℥j.*) Stimulant, antiſpaſmodic, ʒj ad ʒij.

TINCTŪRA VERĀTRI. *E.* (*Hellebori albi ℥viij*; *ſpir. vin. ten. p. ℔ijſs.* Digeſt ten days, and filter through paper.) Stimulant, alterative, deobſtruent; in cutaneous diſeaſes, epilepſy, &c. gt. x ad gt. l, in a little valerian tea, bis terve die. Emetic, cathartic; in mania, &c. ʒj ad ʒij. As this is a medicine of great activity, it is prudent, when given as an alterative, to begin with ſmall doſes, increaſing them gradually according to their effects. Some ſuppoſe it to conſtitute a part of Maredant's Drops.

TINCTŪRA ZINGIBĔRIS. (*Zingib. ℥ſs*; *ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.* Digeſt, eight days, with a gentle heat, and ſtrain.) Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij.

TORMENTĪLLA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Septfoil. Strongly aſtringent, ſlightly aromatic, ℈j ad ℈ij, or ʒiſs ad

℥iij of a decoction, made by boiling ℥iſs in water ℔biij to ℔bij, ter quaterve die.

Tragācantha, (æ, f.) *gummi*. Demulcent. This is much more mucilaginous than gum Arabic, ℥ij of which ſcarcely give an equal conſiſtence to ℔bſs of water as ʒj of tragacanth. See *Mucil. & Pulv.*

Trichŏmănes, (is, m.) *herba*. Maidenhair. *E.* Subaſtringent, expectorant, demulcent; in decoction or infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, with a little liquorice, ter quaterve die.

Trĭfolĭum paludōsum, *herba*. Buckbean. Tonic, laxative, diuretic, deobſtruent; in rheumatic complaints, &c. ʒſs ad ʒj, in infuſion with a little orange-peel, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. In ſome cutaneous diſeaſes, of the herpetic or ſeemingly cancerous kind, ſays Dr. Cullen, I have had ſeveral inſtances of the good effects of this plant, taken by infuſion in the manner of tea.

Tritĭcum, (i, n.) *farīna*. Wheat. This is ſometimes uſed to give a proper conſiſtence to a maſs for pills. Alſo externally to parts affected with eryſipelatous inflammation.

Trochīsci amўli. (*Amyli ʒj; glycyrrh. ʒſs; iridis ℈j; facch. purif. ℥iſs; mucil. tragacanthæ q. s.*) Pectoral; for tickling coughs, ʒj ad ʒij.

Trŏchīsci crētæ. (*Cretæ præp. ℥ſs; cancri chelar. præp. ʒij; cinnam. ʒſs; facch. pur. ʒiij; mucil. gum. Arab. q. s.*) Antacid; againſt cardialgy, &c. ʒj ad ʒij.

Trŏchīsci glycyrrhīzæ. (*Extr. glycyrrh. facch. pur.*

pur. fing. ʒx; *tragacanthæ* ʒiij; *aq. diſt. q. s.*) Demulcent; againſt tickling coughs, ʒj ad ʒij.

TRŎCHĪSCI GLYCYRRHĪZÆ CUM OPĬO. *E. (Opii purif.* ʒij; *tinct. balſ. Tolut. ℞.* ʒſs; *ſyrupi ſimpl. ℞.* ʒviij; *extracti glycyrrhizæ, aqua callida molliti,* ʒv; *Arab. gummi* ʒv. Rub the opium with the tincture until it is diſſolved, then add by degrees the ſyrup, and extract of liquorice ſoftened with warm water; whilſt beating them diligently, gradually ſprinkle the gum Arabic powdered; and exſiccate ſo as to form troches, each weighing gr. x.) Pectoral, anodyne; for tickling coughs, &c. j, ij, or more. One dr. contains nearly gr. j of opium.

TRŎCHĪSCI MAGNESĬÆ. *L. (Magneſiæ uſtæ* ʒiv; *ſacch. pur.* ʒij; *zingib.* ℈j; *mucil. gum. Arab. q. s.*) Antacid, laxative; againſt cardialgy attended with coſtiveneſs, ʒj ad ʒij, or more.

TRŎCHĪSCI NITRI. *(Nitri* ℈j; *ſacch. pur.* ʒj; *tragacanthæ gr. iij* ¾; *aq. diſt. q. s.*) Cooling, diuretic; in inflammatory ſore throats where vicidity prevails, &c. ʒj ad ʒij. With a view of obviating uneaſineſs at ſtomach, diluting copiouſly ought at the ſame time to be enjoined.

TRŎCHĪSCI SULPHŬRIS. *L. (Flor. ſulph. lotor.* ʒſs; *ſacch. pur.* ʒj; *mucil. ſem. cydonii mali q. s.*) Laxative, diaphoretic; in caſes of piles, &c. ʒj ad ʒiij, or more.

TUSSILĀGO, (gĭnis, f.) *herba.* Colts-foot. Subaſtringent, expectorant, demulcent; for coughs, phthiſis, ſcrofula, &c. expreſſed juice ʒij ad ʒiv, daily. Alſo in decoction or infuſion. What is ſold under

under the name of *Britiſh herb-tobacco* conſiſts principally of the leaves of this plant, joined with eyebright, &c.

TUTĬA PRÆPARĀTA. Prepared tutty. Externally aſtringent; in collyria, unguents, &c. See *Ung.* This is ſuppoſed to be uſeful only from the zinc it contains.

ULMUS, (i, f.) *cortex interĭor.* The elm-tree. Mucilaginous, aſtringent, ℈j ad ʒj. See *Decoct.*

UNGUENTUM ADĬPIS SUILLÆ. *L.* To ſoften and heal cracks of the ſkin, &c.

UNGUENTUM ÆRUGĬNIS. *E.* *(Ung. reſinæ flavæ partes xv; æruginis partem j.)* Tonic, detergent; for cleanſing foul ulcers, and keeping down fungous fleſh. When weakened by the addition of ſome ſimple ointment, it is employed alſo in ſcrofulous ophthalmies, where the palpebræ are principally affected.

UNGUENTUM CALCIS HYDRARGŸRI ALBÆ. *L. (Calc. hydrarg. alb. ℈ij; ung. adipis ſuillæ ʒj.)* Detergent; againſt cutaneous foulneſſes, ſcabby eruptions about the head, &c.

UNGUENTUM CANTHARĬDIS. To keep bliſters open. Being made with a decoction of the fly, this occaſions leſs pain, yet anſwers the purpoſe here mentioned, no leſs effectually than the *ceratum cantharidis.*

UNGUENTUM CĒRÆ. *(Ceræ albæ ʒiv; ſperm. ceti ʒiij; ol. olivæ* lb *j.)* Emollient; againſt excoriations, cracks, &c.

UNGUENTUM

UNGUENTUM CERŪSSÆ. *E.* (*Ung. ſimpl. partes v*; *ceruſſæ partem j.*) Cooling, deſiccative; for excoriations and other ſimilar frettings of the ſkin.

UNGUENTUM CERŪSSÆ ACETĀTÆ. (*Ceruſſæ acetatæ ʒj*; *ceræ albæ ℥j*; *ol. olivæ ℥iv.*) Cooling, deſiccative.

UNGUENTUM ELĔMI COMPOSĬTUM. *L.* (*Elemi* ℔ij; *terebinth. vulg.* ℥x; *ſevi ovilli* ℔ij; *ol. olivæ ℥ij.*) Digeſtive, cleanſing to foul ulcers.

UNGUENTUM HELLĔBŎRI ALBI. *L.* (*Hellcb. alb.* ʒj; *ung. adipis ſuillæ ℥iv*; *ol. limonis eſſent.* P. ♈ſs.) Antipſoric.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI FORTĬUS. (*Olim, Ung. cærul. fort.*) Alterative, ♈j ad ʒj, rubbed (before the fire) into the legs, or inſide of the thighs, every night, or oftener, if circumſtances require. Alſo diſcutient, reſolvent. Of this preparation two dr. contain one of quickſilver.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI MITĬUS. (*Olim, Ung. cærul. mit.*) Diſcutient, reſolvent; againſt pediculi, &c. Six dr. contain one of quickſilver.

UNGUENTUM HYDRARGŸRI NITRĀTI. (*Olim, Ung. citrĭnum.*) Stimulant, detergent. Applied by means of a pencil bruſh, every night, it is uſeful againſt pſorophthalmy, or inflammation and ulceration of the eyelids. Of this preparation one dr. contains gr. iv of quickſilver, and gr. viij of nitrous acid.

UNGUĒNTUM HYDRARGŸRI NITRĀTI MITĬUS. *E.* (This is made in the ſame manner as the former, with double the quantity of lard.) Stimulant, &c. to venereal,

venereal, ſcrofulous, or phagedænic ulcers. One dr. contains gr. ij of quickſilver, and gr. iv of nitrous acid.

UNGUENTUM PĬCIS. (*Picis liq. ſevi ovilli ppti, ſing.* ℥*j.*) Detergent; againſt cutaneous foulneſſes, ſcabby cruſts, tinea, &c.

UNGUENTUM SIMPLEX. *E.* (*Ol. olivæ partes v; ceræ albæ partes ij.*) Softening, healing to chaps, &c.

UNGUENTUM RESĪNÆ FLAVÆ. (*Reſinæ flavæ, ceræ flav. ſing.* ℥*vj*; *ol. olivæ* ℔*ſs.*) Digeſtive, cleanſing to wounds and ulcers.

UNGUENTUM SAMBŪCI. *L.* Cooling, emollient.

UNGUENTUM SPERMĂTIS CETI. (*Sperm. ceti* ℥*vj*; *ceræ alb.* ℥*ij*; *ol. olivæ* ℥*iij.*) This differs little from the ointment of wax, except in regard to conſiſtence.

UNGUENTUM SULPHŬRIS. (*Ung. adipis ſuillæ* ℔*ſs*; *flor. ſulph.* ℥*iv.*) Antipſoric, ℥ij ad ℥iij, every night.

UNGUENTUM TUTĬÆ. (*Tutiæ ppt æ* ℥*j*; *ung. ſperm. ceti q. s.*) Aſtringent;—applied to ſore eyelids, it ſerves to keep them from being glued together during ſleep.

UNGUENTUM ZINCI. *E.* (*Ung. ſimpl. partes ſex*; *zinci calcinati partem unam.*) Aſtringent. This is uſeful in affections of the eyes, or eyelids, where the redneſs ariſes from relaxation rather than from active inflammation.

URTĪCA, (æ, f.) *herba.* Stinging nettle. Cooling, laxative, diuretic; in various hæmorrhagic affections, &c. expreſſed juice ℥j ad ℥ij, bis terve die.

UVA (æ, f.) PASSA. The raiſin. Demulcent.

UVA (æ, f.) URSI, *folium*. Bear's wortleberry. Aſtringent; in calculous and nephritic complaints, in that ſtate of gonorrhœa where the irritability of the bladder is greatly excited, and the urine is loaded with viſcid matter, &c. gr. x ad ℈ij, in infuſion ℈j ad ʒiſs, or more, ter quaterve die.

VALERIĀNA SYLVESTRIS, *radix*. Wild valerian. Antiſpaſmodic; in epileptic, hyſteric and other ſpaſmodic complaints, ʒſs ad ʒj, or more, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒij, bis terve die. See *Tinct*. By giving ʒſs, twice a day, the cure of a caſe of catalepſy has been effected, when ſmaller doſes had been tried in vain.

VERBĀSCUM, (i, n.) *folia*. Mullein. *E*. Subaſtringent, demulcent; in diarrhœas, dyſenteries, &c. ʒiij ad ʒiv, every three hours, of a decoction made by boiling ʒij in water ℔iij to ℔ij.

VĪNUM ALBUM HISPĀNUM. Spaniſh whitewine. Cordial, ſtimulant.

VĪNUM ALŎËS. (*Aloes ſoc.* ʒſs; *canellæ albæ gr.* viijſs; *vini albi* ʒvj; *ſpir. vin. ten.* ʒij.) Purgative, ſtomachic; in phlegmatic, paralytic and apoplectic caſes, ʒſs ad ʒiſs. Aperient, ſtomachic, ʒj ad ʒiij, bis terve die. A deſert or large ſpoonful, taken repeatedly about noon and at bedtime, with ʒj of compound ſpirit of lavender, is ſaid to have been often beneficial in dyſpepſy and cephalalgy.

VĪNUM ANTIMONĬI. (*Antim. vitrifacti* ʒj; *vini albi Hiſp.* ℔ſs.) Emetic, ʒiij ad ʒſs. Alterative, diaphoretic, gt. x ad gt. l, or more.

VĪNUM ANTIMONĬI TARTĂRISĀTI. *(Antim. tartar. gr. v; aquæ diſt. ferv. ʒij; vini albi ℥j.* Diſſolve the tartariſed antimony in the boiling water, then add the wine.) Emetic, ʒij ad ʒvj. Febrifuge, diaphoretic, gt. xv ad ʒj.

VĪNUM FERRI. *L. (Ferri ramentorum ℥j; vini albi* ℔j.) Aſtringent, tonic, deobſtruent; in relaxed ſolids, ʒij ad ʒvj, bis terve die.

VĪNUM GENTIĀNÆ COMPOSĬTUM. *E. (Gentianæ ℥ſs; cinchonæ ℥j; cort. aurant. Hiſp. ſic. ʒij; canellæ albæ ʒj; ſpir. vin. ten. p. ʒiv; vini albi Hiſp. p.* ℔*ijſs.* Firſt pour on the ſpirit, and after twenty-four hours add the wine; then macerate three days, and ſtrain.) Tonic, ſtomachic, ʒij ad ʒvj, bis terve die.

VĪNUM IPECACŬANHÆ. *(Ipecac. ʒſs; vini albi ℥j.)* Emetic, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs. Febrifuge, diaphoretic; in uterine hæmorrhages, coughs, hæmoptyſis, diarrhœa, dyſentery, &c. gt. xij ad gt. xl, or more.

VĪNUM NICOTIĀNÆ. *E. (Folior. nicotianæ ℥j; vini albi Hiſp. p.* ℔*j.* Digeſt ſeven days, and ſtrain.) Narcotic, diuretic, expectorant; in dropſy, dyſury, &c. gt. xxx ad gt. lxxx, or more, two hours before dinner and at bedtime, the doſe being ¼ leſs in the forenoon than in the evening.

VĪNUM RHABARBĂRI. *(Rhabarb. ʒiiſs; cardam. ʒſs; croci gr. xv; vini albi ℥iv; ſpir. vin. ten. ℥j.)* Purgative, ſtomachic; in colics ariſing from acid viſcid phlegm, and diarrhœas from ſimilar cauſes, ℥ſs ad ℥iſs, or more.

VIŎLA, (æ, f.) *flos, recens.* The violet. See *Syr.*

VIPĔRA,

VIPĔRA, (æ, f.) The viper. *E.* Reſtorative; in ſcrofula, leprous, rheumatic and other chronic diſeaſes, in broth half of one, or a whole one, daily.

VĪTRUM (i, n.) ANTIMONĬI CERĀTUM. *E.* (*Ceræ flavæ* ʒj; *vitri antimonii* ʒj. Melt the wax in an iron veſſel, and throw into it the glaſs of antimony powdered, keep the mixture over a gentle fire, for fifteen minutes, ſtirring it conſtantly; then pour it on paper, and when cold, grind it into powder.) Diaphoretic, generally purgative, ſometimes emetic; in dyſenteries, &c. gr. iij ad gr. xij, or more, every or every other morn, faſting, with an opiate occaſionally at bedtime. According to Dr. Moſeley, both the ſafety and efficacy of this preparation greatly depend on the patient's favouring a determination to the ſkin by keeping in bed, or not expoſing himſelf to the air, at the times of taking it.

WINTERĀNUS CORTEX, (ĭcis, m. aut f.) Winter's bark. *E.* Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic, gr. x ad ʒj. This has been reckoned the ſame with canella alba; but there is an obvious difference between them, both in appearance and quality. Winter's bark taſtes much warmer and more pungent.

ZEDOĀRĬA, (æ, f.) *radix.* Zedoary. Stimulant, aromatic, ſtomachic; in hyſteric and what are called windy colics, &c. ʒj ad ʒj, in infuſion ʒj ad ʒiſs, or more, bis terve die.

ZINCUM (i, n.) CALCINĀTUM. (*Olim, Flor. zinci.*) Aſtringent, antiſpaſmodic; in epileptic and other ſpaſmodic

ſpaſmodic complaints, gr. iij ad gr. x, ter quaterve die. Externally, ſee *Ung.*

ZINCUM VITRĬOLĀTUM PURIFICĀTUM. *(Vulgo, Sal. vitrĭoli, vel Vitr. alb.)* Aſtringent, antiſpaſmodic, gr. j ad gr. v, bis terve die. Emetic, gr. vj ad ʒſs. Combined with a third of burnt alum, and given in nauſeating or ſlightly vomiting doſes, every morning, faſting, or oftener, diſſolved in water ʒſs, it is ſaid to have been of uſe in hooping-cough, humoral aſthmas, infarctions of the lungs, the latter ſtage of dyſentery, &c. and when repeated, once in eight hours, in a quantity ſufficient to excite gentle nauſea, that hæmorrhages from the lungs have likewiſe been relieved by it. Externally cooling, aſtringent; in collyria, injections, &c. gr. x ad ʒſs in ʒvj. See *Aquæ.* Vitriolated zinc ℈j, ointment of hog's lard ʒſs, form an uſeful remedy for that chronic inflammation of the eyelids, to which old people are ſubject.

ZINGĬBER, (ĕris, n.) *radix.* Ginger. Stimulant, carminative, ſtomachic; in flatulent colics, &c. gr. v ad ℈j, in infuſion ℈j ad ℈ij. See *Syr.* & *Tinct.*

ZINGĬBER CONDĪTUM. Cadied ginger. *E.* Virtues as the former.

TABLE

OF

NAMES CHANGED.

Names formerly in Uſe.	*New Names.*
A.	
Acētum ſcilliti̇cum.	Acetum ſcillæ.
Æthi̇ops minerālis.	Hydrargyrus cum ſulphure.
Alkāli fixum foſſi̇le.	Natron præparatum.
fixum vegetabi̇le.	Kali præparatum.
volati̇le.	Ammonia præparata.
Aqua alumi̇nis Bateāna. *L.*	Aqua aluminis compoſita.
calcis ſimplex.	calcis.
cinnamōmi ſimplex.	cinnamomi.
cinnamōmi ſpirituōſa.	Spiritus cinnamomi.
fortis.	Acidum nitroſum dilutum.
hordeāta.	Decoctum hordei.
juni̇pĕri compoſi̇ta.	Spiritus juniperi compoſitus.
menthæ piperiti̇dis ſimplex.	Aqua menthæ piperitidis.
menthæ piperiti̇dis ſpirituōſa.	Spiritus menthæ piperitidis.
menthæ vulgāris ſimplex.	Aqua menthæ ſativæ.
menthæ vulgaris ſpirituōſa. *L.*	Spiritus menthæ ſativæ.

Aqua nucis moſchātæ	Spiritus myriſticæ.
pipĕris Jamaicenſis.	Aqua pimento.
pulegĭi ſimplex.	pulegii.
pulegĭi ſpirituōſa.	Spiritus pulegii.
răphăni compoſĭta.	Spiritus raphani compoſitus.
rosārum damaſcenārum.	Aqua roſæ.
ſapphīrĭna.	cupri ammoniati.
ſemĭnum anēthi.	anethi.
ſemĭnum anīſi compoſĭta.	Spiritus aniſi compoſitus
ſemĭnum carŭi.	carui.
ſtyptĭca. *E.*	Aqua cupri vitriolati compoſita.
vegĕto-minerālis. *L.*	lithargyri acetati compoſita.
vitrĭolĭca. *E.*	zinci vitriolati.
vitrĭolĭca campho-rāta. *L.*	zinci vitriolati cu camphora.
Argentum vivum.	Hydrargyrus purificatu
Axungĭa porcīna.	Adeps ſuilla.

B.

Balsămum anodўnum. *E.*	Linimentum opiatum.
ſulphŭris Barbadenſe.	Petroleum ſulphuratu
ſulphŭris ſimplex.	Oleum ſulphuratum.
traumatĭcum.	Tinctura benzöes co poſita.

C.

Calx antimonĭi.	Antimonium calcinatu

Cătăplaſi

Cătăplaſma e cymīno. *L.*	Cataplaſma cumini.
Cauſtĭcum antimoniāle.	Antimonium muriatum.
commūne fortĭus.	Calx cum kali puro.
lunāre.	Argentum nitrātum.
Cerātum album.	Ceratum ſpermatis ceti.
citrĭnum.	reſinæ flavæ.
epulotĭcum.	lapĭdis calaminaris.
Chalўbis rubīgo præparāta.	Ferri rubigo.
Cinnăbăris factitĭa. *L.*	Hydrargyrus ſulphuratus ruber.
Coagŭlum aluminōſum. *L.*	Cataplaſma aluminis.
Confectĭo cardĭăca.	Confectio aromatica.
Japonĭca. *E.*	Electuarium catechu.
Cornu cervi calcinātum.	Cornu cervi uſtum.
Crocus metallōrum.	Crócus antimonii.
D.	
Decoctum album. *L.*	Decoctum cornu cervi.
commūne pro clyſtēre. *L.*	pro enemate.
cortĭcis Peruviāni.	cinchonæ.
lignōrum. *E.*	guajaci compoſitum.
pectorāle. *L.*	hordei compoſitum.
E.	
Electuārium lenitīvum.	Electuarium ſennæ.
Thebaĭcum.	opiatum.

Elixir

Elixir aloës.	Tinctura aloës compoſita.
guaiăcĭnum volatĭle.	guaiaci ammoniata.
myrrhæ compoſĭtum. *L.*	ſabinæ compoſita.
paregorĭcum.	opii ammoniata. *E.*
	opii camphorata. *L.*
proprietātis.	aloës comporha.
proprietātis vitrĭolĭcum. *E.*	aloës vitriolata.
ſalūtis.	ſennæ.
vitrĭŏli acĭdum. *E.*	Acidum vitrioli aromaticum.
vitrĭŏli dulce. *E.*	Spiritus ætheris vitriolici aromaticus.
Emplaſtrum adhæſīvum.	Emplaſtrum lithargўri cum reſina.
ex ammoniăco cum mercurĭo. *L.*	ammoniaci cum hydrargyro.
antihyſterĭcum. *E.*	aſæ fœtidæ.
attrăhens.	ceræ compoſitum.
cephalĭcum. *L.*	picis Burgundicæ.
commūne.	lithargyri.
commūne cum gummi.	lithargyri compoſitum.

Emplaſtrum

Emplaſtrum commūne	Emplaſtrum lithargyri
cum mercurĭo.	cum hydrargyro.
e cymīno. *L.*	cumini.
robŏrans.	thuris compoſitum.
e ſapōne.	ſaponis.
ſtomachĭcum. *L.*	ladani compoſitum.
veſīcatorĭum.	cantharidis.
Emulſĭo commūnis.	Lac amygdalæ.
Extractum cathartĭcum.	Extractum colocynthidis compoſitum.
cicūtæ.	Succus cicutæ ſpiſſatus.
cortĭcis Peruviāni.	Extractum cinchonæ.
ligni Campechenſis.	hæmatoxyli.
Satūrni. *L.*	Aqua lithargyri acetati.
Thebaĭcum.	Opium purificatum.
F.	
Flores benzoĭni.	Flores benzoës.
Martiāles.	Ferrum ammoniacale.
zinci.	Zincum calcinatum.
Fotus comūnis. *L.*	Decoctum pro fomento.
H.	
Hiĕra picra. *L.*	Pulvis aloës cum canella.
I.	
Infūſum amārum ſimplex.	Infuſum gentianæ compoſitum.
Japonĭcum. *E.*	catechu.

Infūſum ſennæ commūne. *L.*	Infuſum ſennæ tartariſatum.
Julēpum e camphŏra. *L.*	Miſtura camphorata.
e creta.	cretacea.
e moſcho. *L.*	moſchata.
L.	
Laudanum liquĭdum.	Tinctura opii.
Linimentum album.	Unguentum ſpermatis ceti.
ſaponācĕum.	Linimentum ſaponis.
volatĭle.	ammoniæ.
Lixivĭum ſaponārĭum.	Aqua kali puri.
tartări. *L.*	kali præparati.
M.	
Mel Ægyptiăcum. *L.*	Oxymel æruginis.
roſacĕum. *L.*	Mel roſæ.
Mercurĭus calcinātus.	Hydrargyrus calcinatus.
corroſīvus ſublimātus.	muriatus.
dulcis ſublimātus.	Calomelas.
emeticus flavus.	Hydrargyrus vitriolatus.
præcipitātus albus.	Calx hydrargyri alba.
præcipitātus ruber.	Hydrargyrus nitratus ruber.
O.	
Olĕum macis.	Oleum myriſticæ expreſſum.
nucis moſchātæ.	myriſticæ eſſentiale.

Olĕum

Olĕum petrolĕi Barbadenſis.	Oleum petrolei.
terebinthĭnæ æthĕrĕum.	terebinthinæ rectificatum.
Opĭum colātum.	Opium purificatum.
Oxymel ſcillitĭcum. *L.*	Oxymel ſcillæ.
ſimplex. *L.*	Mel acetatum.

P.

Philonĭum Londinenſe.	Confectio opiata.
Pilŭlæ aromatĭcæ.	Pulvis aloës cum guaiaco.
calomelănos compoſitæ. *E.*	Pilulæ hydrargyri muriati mitis.
ecphractĭcæ. *L.*	Pulvis aloës cum ferro.
gummōſæ.	Pilulæ galbani compoſitæ.
Plummeri. *E.*	hydrargyri muriati mitis.
Rufi.	aloës cum myrrha.
ſtomachĭcæ. *E.*	rhei compoſitæ.
Pulvis e bōlo compoſĭtus. *L.*	Pulvis cretæ compoſitus.
e bōlo compoſĭtus cum opĭo. *L.*	cretæ compoſitus cum opio.
e cerūſſa compoſĭtus. *L.*	ceruſſæ compoſitus.
Dovēri.	ipecacuanhæ compoſitus.
mercurĭi cinĕrĕus. *E.*	Hydrargyrus precipitatus cinereus.
ſternutarōrĭus.	Pulvis aſari compoſitus.
ſtyptĭcus. *E.*	aluminis compoſitus.

R.

Rob baccārum ſambūci.	Succus baccæ ſambuci ſpiſſatus.

S.

Sacchărum Satūrni.	Ceruſſa acetata.
Sal abſinthĭi.	Kali præparatum.
cathartĭcus amārus.	Magneſia vitriolata.
cathartĭcus Glaubēri.	Natron vitriolatum.
diuretĭcus.	Kali acetatum.
Martis.	Ferrum vitriolatum.
polycreſtus. *E.*	Lixiva vitriolata ſulphurea.
Rupellenſis.	Natron tartariſatum.
tartări.	Kali præparatum.
vitrĭŏli.	Zincum vitriolatum.
volatĭlis ſalis ammoniăci.	Ammonia præparata.
Species aromatĭcæ.	Pulvis aromaticus.
Spirĭtus cornu cervi.	Liquor volatĭlis cornu cervi.
lavendulæ ſimplex.	Spiritus lavendulæ.
Minderēri.	Aqua ammoniæ acetatæ.
nitri.	Acidum nitroſum.
nitri dulcis.	Spiritus ætheris nitroſi.
ſalis ammoniăci.	Aqua ammoniæ.
ſalis ammoniăci dulcis.	Spirĭtus ammoniæ.
ſalis ammoniăci cum calce viva.	Aqua ammoniæ puræ.
ſalis marīni Glaubēri.	Acidum muriaticum.

Spirĭtus

Spiritus terebinthinæ.	Oleum terebinthinæ rectificatum.
vinōſus camphorātus.	Spiritus camphoratus.
vitriŏli dulcis.	ætheris vitriolici.
volatĭlis aromatĭcus.	ammoniæ compoſitus.
volatĭlis fœtĭdus.	ammoniæ fœtidus.
Succi ſcorbutĭci.	Succus cochleariæ compoſitus.
Syrūpus ex althæa.	Syrupus althææ.
e cortĭcĭbus aurantiōrum.	Syrupus corticis aurantii.
balſamĭcus.	Tolutanus.
e meconĭo.	papaveris albi.
rosārum ſolutīvus.	roſæ.

T.

Tabellæ cardialgĭcæ.	Trochiſci cretæ.
Tartărum emetĭcum.	Antimonium tartariſatum.
ſolubĭle.	Kali tartariſatum.
vitrĭolātum.	vitriolatum.
Tinctūra amāra.	Tinctura gentianæ compoſita.
aromatĭca.	cinnamōmi compoſita.
cortĭcis Peruviāni.	cinchonæ.
fœtĭda.	aſæ fœtidæ.

Tinctūra

Tinctūra florum martiālĭum. *L.*	Tinctura ferri ammoniacalis.
guaiăcĭna volatĭlis.	guaiaci ammoniata.
hellĕbŏri albi. *E.*	veratri.
Japonĭca.	catechu.
Martis in ſpirĭtu ſalis.	ferri muriati.
melampodĭi.	hellebori nigri.
rhabarbări ſpirituōſa.	rhabarbari.
rhabarbări vinōſa.	Vinum rhabarbari.
roſārum.	Infuſum roſæ.
ſacra.	Vinum aloës.
ſtomachĭca.	Tinctura cardamomi compoſita.
Thebaïca.	opii.
valerianæ volatĭlis.	valerianæ ammoniata.
Trŏchiſci bechĭci albi.	Trochiſci amyli.
bechĭci nigri.	glycyrrhizæ.
bechĭci cum opĭo. *E.*	glycyrrhizæ cum opio.
Turpēthum minerāle.	Hydrargyrus vitriolatus.

U.

Unguentum album.	Unguentum ceræ.
baſilĭcum flavum.	reſinæ flavæ.
cœrŭlĕum fortĭus.	hydrargyri fortius.

Unguentum

Unguentum cœrŭlĕum	Unguentum hydrargyri
mitĭus.	mitius.
citrĭnum.	hydrargyri nitrati.
e gummi elĕmi.	elemi compositum.
e mercurĭo præcipitāto. *L.*	calcis hydrargyri albæ.
Saturnīnum.	cerussæ acetatæ.
simplex.	adipis suillæ.
ad vesīcatorĭa.	cantharidis.

V.

Vinum antimoniāle.	Vinum antimonii.
chalybeātum. *L.*	ferri.
Vitrĭŏlum album.	Zincum vitriolatum.
cœrŭlĕum.	Cuprum vitriolatum.

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Waterdock - -	43	Winter's bark -	99
Waterflag, yellow -	46	Wolf's-bane -	3
Water-germander -	73	Woodlouſe -	53
Water-parſnep -	74	Woodſoot - -	37
Wax, white -	19	Woodſorrel -	51
——, yellow -	19	Woody nightſhade -	30
Wheat - -	92	Wormſeed - -	72
White lead -	20	Wormwood, common	1
Wild carrot -	26	——————, ſea -	1
Wild cucumber -	24	Wortleberry -	97
Wild thyme -	74	Yarrow, common -	53
Willow - -	71	Zedoary - -	99

Alſo is publiſhed, by the ſame Author,

Price One Shilling and Sixpence,

AN

EXPERIMENTAL INQUIRY

INTO THE

CONSTITUENT PRINCIPLES

OF THE

SULPHUREOUS WATER

AT

NOTTINGTON, near WEYMOUTH;

TOGETHER WITH

OBSERVATIONS relative to its APPLICATION in the CURE of DISEASES.

Arnicæ — gr V to gr XV

Extr: Aconit — gr ss to gr iij

Fol: Belladon — gr I to gr V

Fol: Digital — gr I to gr IV

Ext: Hyoscian — gr I to gr X

Pulv Mercr — gr V to gr XV

Elater — gr ss to gr iij

Gamboj: — gr ij to gr VI

Cupr: Ammoniac: gr I ad gr V

Argent Nitrat — gr 1/5

Ol: Caryophyllæ gtt X

℞
Pulv Myrrhæ ℥i
Aq: Rhal: pur gtt XL
Tere optimé, dein adde
Ferr: Vitriolat pulv ℥ss.
Iterum tere donec massa
fiat idonea in pilulas
XXIV dividenda —

℞ Aq: Menth: Sativ ℥iss
Spt Pimento ℥ij
Rhal: ppt gr X
Ferr Vitriolat gr iij vel IV
Myrrhæ gr XV
Syr Simpl ℥i
Fiat haustus bis in
die sumendus

℞ Fol digital Siccat ℥ß
Aq: fervent ℥xij - Macera
donec frigescat et colu.
- ℥iss ter d -

℞ Infus Rosæ ℥iss
Syr Rosæ
Spt Myrist aa ℥ß
Magnes Vitriolat gr xx
Fiat haustus ter die su
mendus

℞ Aq: Menth: Sativ ℥iss
Conserv ~~[illegible]~~ Rosæ ℥iss
Vit: acid dilut gtt x
Fiat haustus

℞
Medull: Colocynth ʒj
Aq: lbj
Coque ad ℥x ij - Fiat
Enema

℞
Pol: Nicot: incrassat ʒj
Aq fervent ℥x ij - Ma
cera per semihoram
et cola - Fiat Enema

℞ Terebinth Vulgar ℥ss
Muc Gum Arab q. s.
Aq: Hordei ℥x
Fiat Enema

℞
Gum: Ammon ℥ij
Acet ℥iij
Coque ad Emplast: crassi

℞ Ol: Macis ℥iss
Pulv opii duri ℥iij
Fiat Emplastrum

Pil: Plummeri

℞ Calomelan
Sulph: Antimon: praecipitat
Conserv cynosb q.
Fiant pilul xx —

℞ Pil Hydrarg gr viij
Pulv Scill gr ij
Fiant pilulae ij per quos
diam noctes sumendae

Px

Spong Ust
Cinchon aa ℥ß
Aq: Fervent lbj – Macera
per horas sex et
Cola – ℥iß ter 4ter die

Px
Acidi Arsenici in pul
verem triti grij
Aq: distillat ℥iij – Solve
dosis gtt XX ad cochlear
paro duo –

---

vel

Px Acidi Arsen: ℥ij
Aq distillat fervent ℥ß
Kal ppt, vel Natr
q. s. ad acidum saturand
– Fiant crystalla – Doses
pars 8va Grani ad gr 1 vel ij

Julep: Vitæ Bateanum

℞ Vitell: ovi Recent ij
Sacch: alb ℥ß
Ol: cinnam gtt iij
Vin: alb Hispan ℥vi
Bene misceantur

Cream of Tartar Drink

℞ Cremor Tartar: ʒij
Aq: distillat lb iv
Cort Lemon ℥iv
Syr Simpl q. s.

℞
Fol digital Pulv ʒ1
Spt Vin Rectif lbss
digere per horas XLVIII

℞
Ol: Lini sine igne expresse
ʒVII
Vin: Rhubarb ʒiiss
Syr: ex Althea ʒij
Aq: Distillat ʒj
Fiat haustus mane
et vespere sumendus.

℞ Rad Raphan
Semin: Sinap aa ʒss
Aq Fontan lbj - macera
donec frigescat et cola
- Liquoris Colati ʒiss
Spt myrist ʒj - ter 4ter die

℞
Mad: Mezer: Contus ℥ij
Mad: Glyc: Contus ℥j
Aq: Distillat lbij
Coque ad lbj — Dosis
lbss ad lbj quotidie

Strong decoction of
Sarsaparilla

℞
Mad Sarsap: Incis
et Contus ℥IV
Aq: fervent lbIV —
Macera per horas X
— Posthac adde Aq distill
℥IV
Coque ad lbij —
Bibat ℥VI ad VIij q

Red Sarsaparilla in Powder may be given mix'd up with Syrup very conveniently in the form of Electuary. The dose a teaspoonful four or five times a day

---

Burnt Sponge may also be given mix'd up with Syrup in the form of Electuary.

Gargle in foul Ulcers
of the Throat which
are not clearly venereal

℞ Oxymel: Scillitici ℥ij
Aq: Calcis ℥viij
Fiat Gargarisma
bis terve in die
utendum

Trochisci Spong Ust:

℞ Spong: Ust ℥ij
Pulv: Gum: Arab ℥ij
Pulv Cinnamom ℥ß
Syr Simpl q.s:
Fiant Trochisci XXIV
sumat unum terdie
in Bronchocele

For the Lepra Graecorum

℞ Stipit: dulcamarae ℥j
Aq: pur: lbiss - Coque
ad lbj et liquorem
frigefactum cola —
Sumat ℥ij bis die, donec
lbj absumatur in die;
Laventur partes affectae
decoctione forte dulca
marae mane et vespere.

— Tinct Digital —

℞ Fol digital ℥ij
Spt Vin: Rectif: lbss
digere per octo dies
et cola —

N. B. This is according
to Apothecaries Hall

Diabetes Mellitus

℞ Pulv: Cinchon: flav:
Pulv: Uvæ ursi aa ℥i
Pulv: Opii grss
Fiat pulvis quarta quaque hora sumendus —
Vide Fernar's Essays —

Madame Nouffer's Remedy for Tænia —
Pulv Filic Maris ℥iij
Decoct Filic Maris ℥IV
Sumat primo mane et post duas horas Bolum sequentem
Calomelan
Pulv Scammon aa gr X
Gambog gr VI
Fiat bolus —

Pulv: Boracis ℥ij
Aq: Distillat ℥iv
Syr: Mosæ ℥ß
Fiat Gargarisma

Lichen Islandicus

- Take six brachms of it & steep it in warm water for half an hour - Then take it out of the water & boil it in a pint of Milk for a quarter of an hour. This quantity or more may be taken daily

In diabetes
Hepatiz'd ammonia
— gtt VI ad gtt XII ex
cyatho Aquae distillat
ter quotidie ——
—— In stomach complaint,
Oxydi Bismuthi gr V
Pulv: Tragac: Comp gr XXV
Fiat pulvis ter quo
tidie sumendus

Decoct Lusitan:

℞ Sarsap: concis:
Lign: Sassafras
Lign: Santal: Rub
Lign Guaic Offic: aaa ℥iss
Rad: Mezer
Semin: Coriand aa ℥ss
Aq: Distillat lb x
Coq: ad ~~pactum~~ lb v – lb ij
pro potu in die

Alterum Decoct Lusita
suppos'd to be the Genuine
℞ Sarsap Concis
Rad: Chinæ aa ℥i
Nucum Jugland: cortice
siccatarum No xx
Antimon ℥ ij
Lapid Pulverizati Pumic ℥i
Aq: Distillat lb x

coque ad lbv – The powder'd
antimony & Pumice Stone
are to be ~~boulld~~ tied in
separate pieces of Rag
& boil'd with the other
ingredients – Fyl V ad
lbss ter die –

Kuspinis Styptic —
a desert spoonful taken
every four hours by itself
or with iced water

Goddold's Vegetable Balsam
ziij ter vices in die

Velno's Vegetable Syrup
From one to three Table
spoonfuls night & morning

Spilsbury's Drops
Four drops to thirty
three times a day,
in a dish of Tea,
or milk & water,
or Beer —

For taking off Hairs

℞ Calcis vivae ℥ss
Orpiment: gr XVI
Misce bene — make it
into a paste with water,
apply it with a Camel
hair pencil & as soon
as the part feels warm
it should be washed off

Gowland's Lotion

Lact Amygd: Amar
℥ij

Hydrarg Muriat
Cerus: Acetat aa gr vij

Fiat Lotio —

Pyrmont Water

A Gallon contains 30 grains of Magnes: Vitriolat: ten grains of common Salt, a Scruple of Magnesia alba Fix'd air & Iron.—

Spa Water

A Gallon contains a scruple of mineral Alkali, twelve grains of common Salt, Fix'd air & Iron.

Scudscutch Purging Water

A Gallon contains three ounces of Magnesia Vitriolata & fix'd air.

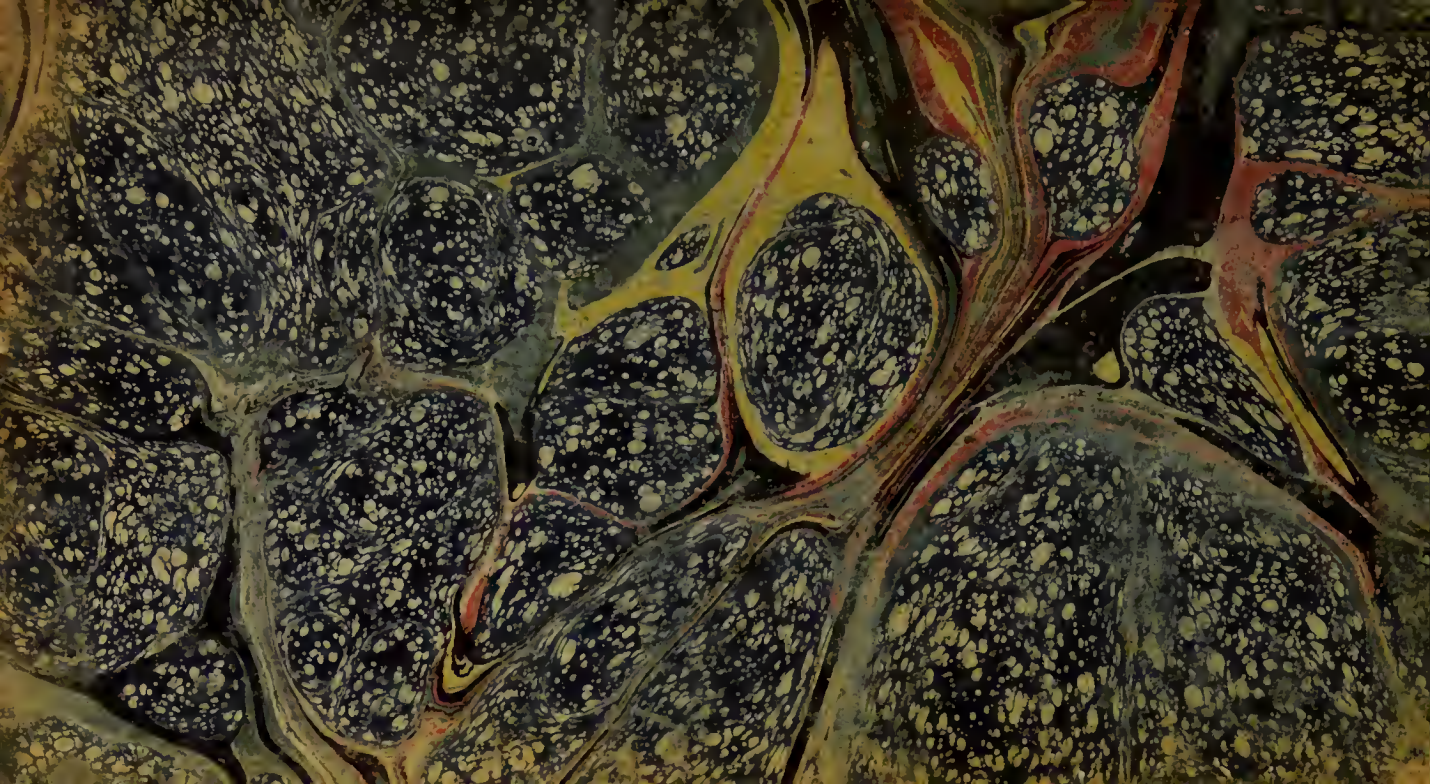
Seltzer Water

A Gallon contains a scru-
ple of Fossile Alkali, the
same quantity of common
salt, of magnesia about
a scruple & a large pro-
-portion of Fix'd Air—

Aix la Chapelle Water

A Gallon contains of
common salt half a dram
of mineral Alkali a
dram, of Chalk a scru-
ple & hepatic Gas—

Bath water

According to Dr Falconer
contains some common
salt, selenite, Iron in

very small proportion,
fix'd air, & Hepar Sulphuris